LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1863.

LOUISVILLEJOURNAL PRENTICE, REPROPRISER, & OFFORTH, MURRAL OFFICE WILDING, GREEN STREET. CETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

rtions, 2.58 h additional square one half the above rates, ta, For Sale or Eent, for Hiro, and such nesses, ceeding four lises agate, 25 conte each insertion, age: and Deaths 2t content Obituaries 50 content according to space occupied. or more according to space occupied.

Weekly Parby.—One dollar a square for first insertion, and fifty earls for each additional insertion.

Editorial notices, where the person has no advertisement in the person has been continuance to cents a line, assording to length of time. Beingials, where there is advertising, 10 each a line for irst insertion, and 5 cents for each additional informations.

State Senate, informs us that he very much doubts the invasion of Indiana by any rebel force whatever. Mr. Bruner is a resident of Rome, near where the rebels are said to have crossed, and he most positively says that they did not cross at nor in the vicinity of Rome. We hope the matter will prove a hoax, and that our Indiana friends have been alarmed without a cause.

A MYSTERIOUS MURDER.-A correspondent of the Frankfort Commonwealth states that some days since the body of a man was found in the Kentucky River near the mouth of Gilbert's Creek, in Anderson county. A chain was tied around the neck, and to it was attached quite a heavy rock. The body had become decomposed to such an extent as to preclude any recognition of the man by his features. But his clothes were identified, and enough was discovered to indicate very clearly that it was the body of Lefare Rout, a respectable citizen of Anderson county, who disappeared from his home on the night of the 18th of March last. Very shortly after his disappearance it was given out by his nephew, Frank Rout, that he had gone to Virginia to see his father, who is said to reside near Fredericksburg. Some facts aroused general suspicion against the nephew, and he was arrested and brought before Judge Hickman, County Judge of Anderson county, on arge of having committed the murder. Col. John M. Harlan and Jas. S. Littlepage, Jr., County Attorney, appeared for the prosecution, and John Draffin and Thos. H. Hanks for the defence. The accused was required to give bail in the sum of \$10,000 for his appearnce to answer in the Circuit Court. He has heretofore borne a high character in every respect. The deceased was universally respected.

Mr. John J. Frazer, the vocalist, died last Monday in Philadelphia. He was well known as a tenor singer, both in England and in this country, and was connected with the popular Seguin troupe. He has resided in Philadelphia for several years, where he was a concert singer and teacher of vocal music. Mr. Frazer's position at one time was somewhat high. He subsequently was tempted to take a very lucrative position at a small opera house and saloon in London, which injured his professional career. He was a well educated gentleman, and leaves numerous friends.

Tribune states that in the cargoes of the prize ateamers lately captured and brought into that por', large quantities of tomahawks have been discovered, manufactured by British neusral traders, and sent to the rebels for arming the Indians to aid in the prosecution of this accursed rebellion. Also, large quantities of a nondescript savage weapon, something between a tomahawk and a butcher's cleaver, stamped "W. Gilpin, Wedges Mills, 1862," evidently intended for arming Indians.

A volume of poems, said to be written by a Scotch woman upwards of seventy years of age, has just been published. She is said to be one of those wonderful ladies who were born before "nerves" were invented; a genuine antique of the strong-headed, warm-hearted, quick-witted auld Scottish wife. Her name is Janet Hamilton. The daughter of a shoemaker and the wife of a shoemaker, she has been a hard-working woman, and, having reared her family and sent them out in the world, she is now amusing her old age with

The Tennessee election for the Confederate Congress takes place the first Thursday in August. The following "patriots" are nderstood to be candidates: First District, seph B. Heiskell; Second, Wm. G. Swan; ourth, David H. Cummings; Seventh, A. O. P. Nicholson; Eighth, Thomas Wenees; Ninth, J. D. C. Atkins; Tenth, John V. Wright. The Third, Fifth, Sixth, and Eleventh Districts are yet without aspirants to the roll of

The Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser, to camparison the almost desperate condition of rebel finances under Memminger's policy supposes a single transaction with London for £20,000 sterling. The amount of cash deposit in London would be \$100,000, and the premium on exchange seven to one, making a total in Confederate money of \$700,000. The British capitalist then invests his principal and profits as follows: In cotton \$150,000 and in tobacco \$150,000, thus leaving the sum of \$400,000 as operating and speculative capital with which to run the blockade, take shares in railroads, buy bank stocks, &c. The Advertiser then comments thus:

This twenty thousand pounds in London can be made, and is being made, the means of draining the South of seven hundred thousand dollars taxable wealth! This dreadful tribute we are now paying for every dollar expended in Europe for necessary foreign supplies, and the domestic products of the country, acting on sympathy with this depreciation of currency, are sold to the Government at equally inflated prices. And thus, with a smaller civil and military establishment than the North, and with a more economical ad-ministration of affairs, the expenses of the Confederate Government are nearly double those of the United States! However we may deceive ourselves, we cannot deceive the world in regard to these facts. The continuance of the war for two or three years longer, will create a public debt the interest of which cannot be paid even at four per cent. And this state of affairs has been brought about by men who will calmly tell you that demand and supply do not gov ern prices, that free trade is a humbug, and that it is better for a young nation, struggling in threes of revolution to burn three hundred million dollars' worth of cotton than to turn it into gold. And not only are we bleeding at this fearful rate abroad and at home, but the manufacturers of New England never carried on a more paying or certain trade with Memminger may fancy himself secure,

but there is such a thing as modern civiliza tion, and go as deep as he may into the darkness and barbarism of the past, its light will search him out, and its hand will be upon him. The torch, the sword, are not emblems of that civilization. The controlling power of modern civilization is political economy.

The world's economy turns upon industry and commerce. Free trade and gold govern the world, and Southern cotton is their natural The worst use to which you can put a

The original capital of the Confederacy is beginning to come to its senses, but we don't e it can ever bring Memminger to his. ch policy as he has adopted and pursues, backed by the whole rebel military authority, would impoverish Golconda, California, Aus-

tralia, and all the aggregate gold places of the are a decidedly immoral set of people. Some of them recently picked the pockets of their minister while he was at prayer.

CAPT. J. EDWARD STACEY .- This officer of the 2d Kentucky has been reported dismissed from the service, but this information was premature. He publishes the following card in the Nashville papers, and the Press says he has been in the service for two years, during which time he has ever been held high in the estimation of his superior officers for the pride he has exhibited in the discharge of his duties as a soldier and officer, in obedience to military law and the dictates of good judgment. The General commanding has ordered a suspension of the proceedings in his case. In the meantime, Capt. Stacey is under orders to remain in Nashville until the examination is renewed and concluded. We feel sure that this course will eventuate in divesting the public mind of every erroneons impression, and restore the Captain to duty as a staff officer, where his ef-

censure ever before visited upon him: A Card.—A proper respect for my own reputation requires that I should state the facts upon which the telegram published in your paper was predicated. I sent a servant of mine on an errand of

ficiency was never doubted, or the remotest

purely a private nature, and gave him a pass for such purpose, and Capt. Russell not being present, I signed the pass. After having done so I saw Capt. Russell, and he assured me if he had been present he would have signed it. is absent, and the object is purely a legitimate and simple one, some other officer signs it for him. Not only passes, but many other papers daily.

The recruiting in New York during the past week has been very successful—about 60 men daily. are thus signed. It has been my province ever since I have been a staff officer to sign passes for our command, and since we came to town a special order was issued to that effect. These are the facts, and this is the only offence I have committed.

Respectfully, J. EDWARD STACEY.

Mr. Stone, principal assistant at the Greenwich Observatory, has been making a series of calculations on the mean horizontal parallax of the sun, deduced from observations made at Greenwich on the planet Mars at his recent opposition, compared with simi-

lar observations made in Australia. The re-

sult is, that the sun is found to be three mil-

lions of miles nearer to the earth than previous

calculations have made it. The Hon. Frederick F. Lowe of San Francisco, nominated by the Republican Union Convention of California as its candidate for Governor, was a member of the last Congress for the Third District of his State.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.] AN EXCELLENT PROPOSITION.

TRIUNE, Tenn., June 18, 1863.

Will you permit one who loves his country, his government, his fellow-man, and his God, to make a statement which can be easily sub-stantiated and which ought to open the eyes of the people? We have in the State of Kenvated viz: Hardin, Meade, and a part of Breckinridge. There are men living there who are doing more injury to the Union cause than ten times their number could do in the rebel ranks. They hold secret meetings, for they have a regular organization to carry out their treasonable purposes. Their work in part consists in furnishing money and horses to hire men to go to the rebel army, and by bribes and persuasion, in preventing men from going to the Union army. They feed and conceal deserters from the Union army and conceal deserters from the Union and and find out and then communicate all information that is beneficial to the rebel cause. In the cambe done in a secret, to salt? Got a fresh one.

noterground way, is done by them.

Now, sirs, let me make you a proposition, for, coming from the locality above named, I speak advisedly: I will agree to recruit one hundred men to form one company of a regiment of the twenty thousand new troops that are now raising in Kentucky, and with that company renovate the country named in this statement. I will arrest every deserter from the Union army in the part of the country I have named and will guard and keep inviolate the railroad from Elizabethtown to Bacon Creek, and defend and protect the same from all such raids as are made and from such bands of miscreants as recently visited Elizabeth-town; provided, the Government will arm, town; provided, the Government wall arm, equip, and mount the company that I propose to recruit and receive us into the service as other United States soldiers and pay us as such. I ask no advantage over the United States know. My duty calls me in this district. Now, these raids must be stopped and these highwaymen hunted down. Many of them never belonged to the rebel army; yet are living in our midst. The leaders of this gang are under officers of the rebel army; who risk everything, and come to our State to steal horses, etc., and carry them to the rebel army.
The money and goods they steal are divided amongst them as their reward.

NOT.

The above is not a vain boast on the part of the writer we should think for he has already recruited many men and served in several capacities. His proposition deserves the attention of the military authorities .- EDS.

[For the Louisville Journal.] UNION DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION IN MARI-

ON COUNTY.

The Union Democracy of Marion county assembled in Convention at Lebanon on the 20th, to select a candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Kentucky. Green For-rest was elected President, and F. B. Merimee Secretary. The house being organized, upon the call of districts, each district of the county responded. Nominations being in order, John R. Thomas, Esq., and Hon. C. S. Hill were put in nomination. The Secretary then read a letter from Hon. C. S. Hill declining to be a candidate before the Convention, and his name was withdrawn; and no other gentle-man being put in nomination, John R. Thom-as, Esq., was unanimously declared the nomiee of the Convention. A committee was ap-ointed to wait on Mr. Thomas and inform of his nomination.
r. Thomas then appeared before the con-

ation and accepted the nomination in a short but elequent and patriotic speech, expressing devotion to the Constitution, and the Union as it was, and for a vigorous prosecution of the war, until the rebellion should be crushed and the Union restored; and for a rigid and faithof the Constitution, and pledging himself to a

A resolution was then adopted requesting the Louisville Journal and Central Kentuckian to publish the proceedings of this convention; and the convention adjourned sine die.
GREEN FORREST, Pres.

F. B. MERIMEE, Sec'y. A Bloody Record.—California has obtained a sad notoriety for its deeds of blood, and although the number of these has been much decreased, still fatal affrays are common. During 1855 a list was kept of all the homicides in the State, and no list has been kept since that year, and therefore I refer to a time so remote for statistics. It appears, then, from the records of that year, that five hundred and thirty-eight persons died by violence. Of these, three hundred and fifty-seven were whites, one hundred and thirty-three Indians, thirty-two Chinamen, and three negoes. The number of Indians killed by the whites was no doubt much greater, for the two races were at war in various parts of the State, and the skirmishes, which almost invariably proved disastrous to the red men, were in many cases not reported in the papers. Exclusive of the Indians slain, there were four hundred and five homicides. In many instances no particulars of the killing were given, but of those cases where the mode of death was well ascercases where the mode of death was well ascertained there were forty-seven executed by mobs, nine were executed according to law, ten were criminals killed by sheriffs and policemen in attempting to arrest or detain them, six were foreigners killed by the collectors of the foreign miners' license, thirty-two were killed by Indians, seventeen were killed in justifiable homicide by men who were compelled to defend themselves, twelve were killed in fight, about mining the light was a solution of the seventeen which is t in fights about mining claims, eight were killed in fights at gaming tables, sixteen were murdered for purposes of robbery, and forty-six were found murdered under circumstances that did not indicate whether the motive was deliberate murder, sudden anger, robbery, or

DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS. FRANFORT, June 22, 1863.

Ftockton vs Stockton et al, Fleming; Foveman et ux vs Same, Fleming; affirmed; Wood vs Wright's administrator, Jefferson Coun ORDERS.
Nelson vs Miller, Jefferson County Court; motion to

vs Nancy Stillwell, Louisville Chancery; dontgomery, r et al vs Lou. and Port. R. R. Co., Louisville Hostetter et al vs Lou. and Port. R. R. Co., Louisville Chancery; were submitted on briefs.
Foster et al vs Grigsby et al, Clarke; continued per agreement filed.
Gordon vs Blotz et al, Louisville Chancery; argued by Ripley for appelleas, and argument concluded by Dembitz for appellant.
Austin vs Kellar, Jofferson; argued by Wood for appellant and submitted.

The students of the Harvard law school have adopted resolutions condemning the Roxbury efficials for arresting two of their number on suspicion of being pickpockets. They say they consider it an "insult to the institution."

WORLD PICTURES. An exchange describing a new counterfeit, says the vignette is "a female seated on each side of a shield." Another exchange thinks that her situation must be very uncomfortable

The Boston Commercial Bulletin says that Mr. Chase contemplates endorsing his own views by assuming the presidency, after his retirement from office, of a bank under the nal law of \$2,000,000 capital to be loca-Duels among newspaper men in Paris con-

tinue. The last affair was the preliminary arrangements of a morning encounter between MM. de Girardin and Weiss. In Augusta, Me., they have introduced the plan of crnamenting the churches with living

The brewer Thrale's bouse, where old Johnson used to swill tea, in London, was recently sold in pieces to be taken down. It is of the militia of London that it was jokingly said that the captain of one of the corps averred it was dangerous to make the rear; nank take close order, for fear it should pick the pockets of the front rauk.

Mr. Montgomery won \$120,000 on the French Derby, and afterwards gave a grand ball at his mansion in the Faubourg St. Germain, to celebrate the victory of the filly, at which a large and aristocratic company was plaid jacket worn by the jockey at Chantilly, whilst the gentlemen wore at their button-holes a rosette composed of the same colors, together with an artificial Scotch thistle. The recruiting in New York during the past

her lamentations a policeman ironed him and

The Duke de Brabant is in Paris sowing his

advised the Emperor Nicholas to adopt the most sanguinary measures, when lately despatched to Warsaw, to command that place. and to ferret out the conspirators, is said to have had a conversation with the Grand Duke Constantine, in which he confessed his inability to find more than two loyal persons in all Warsaw. "Your Imperial Highness is one of them, and I am the other."

The last Paris fashions mention a love of a connet of white crinoline, lined with Mexican blue crape. On the front, a bouquet of corn, flowers, and wheat; another of the same inside, with a double ruche of white tulle and blue crape. The curtain, which is pointed, is composed of blonde and crape; strings of blue

Quilp, of the Boston Post, having spoken rather disparagingly of the female sex, in the hearing of a lady friend, was rebuked for his impertinence by the question, "what would be the effect upon the men if all the little dears should perish?" 'Ah!" said Quilp, "I acknowledge that the result would be a univer-

Vanity Fair asks why is a photographic album like the drainer on a bar counter' cause it is often a receptacle for Empty Mugs. A ballet founded on "Uncle Tom's Cabin" has been produced at a London theatre.

A Quaker once hearing a person tell how nuch he had felt for another who was in disress, and needed assistance, dryly asked him 'Friend, hast thou felt in thy pocket for him?' The husband who devoured his wife with kisses found afterwards that she disagreed

There are now six rebel privateers-four

mitting their depredations upon our commerce A writer in the London Builder says the only way to hinder chimneys from smoking (and he never knew the plan to fail) is to con-struct the throat of the chimney, or the part tame vermin depart nearly every day. just above the fireplace, so small that man or boy can barely pass through it. Immediately above, the chimney should be enlarged to about two feet in height, and then diminish

The passenger cars on the Albany and Sus quehanna railroad, now building, are each to have an especial apartment for light baggage, a feature which will, no doubt, prove highly popular with travellers.

Paran Stevens, Esq., of large hotel fame, has sailed for Europe. The Boston Transcript says "his health has become somewhat impaired by too close application to business, and his many friends hope that a few months' respite abroad will completely restore it.' A lazy fellow, who had long been an impor

tunate but unsuccessful applicant for a govern-ment office where there was plenty of pay and no work, at length fell into despondency. "Can you tell me," he said to Quilp, "a cure for the blues?" "I should think, in your case," replied the joker. "a sine-cure would be th

Persigny, Louis Napoleon's Cabinet Minister, is said to be afflicted with softening of the

General Garibaldi is godfather to 4,000 children, and 2,000 boys have received his name. He is honorary burgess of 90 cities and towns, and honorary president 1°0 associations. He has 21 swords of honor, of which 11 have been of devotedness have been sent to him. In con at Caprera, his annual revenue from it amounts to 3,600 francs. Originally it was almost nothing.

When some future Lord Macaulay wishes to illustrate the luxury of the English in the nine-teenth century, he cannot do better than to quote an item of £80 in the Estimates of 1863, for constructing an electric telegraph from the Speaker's house to his stables.

There are one hundred and fifty persons in New York who are known to have made for tunes, varying from one hundred thousand to a million and a half of dollars, during the past eighteen months—some by stocks, some by contracts, some by shoddy, some by selling bad vessels to the Government, some by crackers and cheese for the army, and some by disposing of good offices. From every part of the West come the most avorable reports of the condition of the crops.

The only anxiety arises from the scarcity of A contemporary says John Wood, the actor, who lately died in British Columbia, was distinguished as being the husband of his wife—one of the eleverest woman actors of this day

and generation. A gentleman of Saginaw, who had long heen affianced to a young of Detroit, arrived there a few days ago for the purpose of con-summating his marital engagement. The wedding day was fixed, a minister engaged, and friends invited to take part in the mar-riage ceremonies, before the would-be Benedict discovered that his lady-love had every appearance of already having a husband. A few tears, a few sobs, and an acknowledgment that such was the case soon followed. Sequel

—A family consultation; brother of young lady calls on guilty party, presents a pistol, and insists that there shall be a marriage. The guilty party succombs to the forcible argument, and the young lady got a husband, although the Saginaw gentleman lost a wife. The Sultan of Tarkey has been photo-

graphed. His empire is much excited over emperor must tread softly; baby sleeps! Mozart must leave his nascient requiem; baby sleeps! Phidias must drop his hammer and chisel; baby sleeps! Demosthenes be dumb baby sleeps.

An American in France says the French don't know what hospitality means, except to partake of it. He had lived two years in Paris and no Frenchman ever asked him to driuk or

It was a solemnly funny joke, that of the bon vivant who said there were only two occasions when a gentleman could drink brandy without a sacrifice of dignity and self-respect, namely, "when he has had salt fish for dinner, and and when he hasn't!" The Emperor of China has ordered that tem-

les be erected to General Ward's memory at

Ningpo and Sangkiang. The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser understands that the subject of paying their dividends in specie is now under discussion by a portion of the banks of that city, both as an The gelding "General Butler," some times called the "Contraband," has been sold for the

very snug sum of \$15,000. Commodore Edwd. Donaldson has been detached from the receiving ship Philadelphia, and ordered to the command of the U.S.

Lt. G. R. Gray has been ordered to the comnand of the receiving ship Philadelphia. The students of the Harvard law school

The Toronto Leader has authority for stating that the Atlantic Telegraph will be commenced at once. Over \$1,500,000—the amount required—has been subscribed. Engraving by electricity is the latest inven-

If Lee is allowed to get his forces back into Virginia, "the best army on the planet" will not be handled as it ought to be. The Washington Republican says there is ome shelling in that city every day, now-a-ays, but it denotes peas instead of war. Boisterous merriment.)

Eighteen thousand shells per hour have at imes been hurled into Vicksburg. A cotemorary terms it a feu d'enfer, v hich, Quilp ays, means a h—l of a fire. Bad talking boy, hat Quilp of the Boston Post. The weather is so hot in New Orleans that norses drop dead in the streets and step sons murder their step fathers.

The commissioner of internal revenue. pard-hearted man, has decided that donations received by clergymer, and marriage, and other fees, are taxable under the revenue law. Louis Napoleon has finished two volumes f his Life of Cæsar. Two more are under way. It is said he means to break up and livide the Academy if the members do not admit him in consideration of his work. If he third Napoleon don't "prener guarde," he may meet the fate of his prototype, the first

The Papal Government has decided to purchase the beautiful statue of Augustus, recently discovered in excavating the villa of the Empress Livia at Prima Porta, seven miles from Rome, on the ancient Flaminian Way, on a daily.

Captain Nathaniel W. Massy, of the British army, who eloped from Toronto, Canada, with the dashing heiress, Miss Tavish, was arrested on the 10th inst., at Avon, in New York, and lodged in the Genesee jail. She begged hard to be allowed to go with him, but in spite of her lamentations a policeman ironed him, and he preference.

The foreign trade of Japan increased consid-

rably in the year 1862. The value of the exorts from Kanagawa during that period is stimated at 37,800,000f. Raw silk figured or five sixths of the entire amount, having noreased from 12,000 bales in 1861 to 22,00 n 1862. The value of the tea exported is einated at 3,400,000f. The imports during the ear 1862 are estimated at 15,000,000f. of whice,200,000f. worth consisted of lead and tin in the manufacture of native ornaments. The exports to France are set down at one tenth

of the entire value.

In Boston, curing the year 1862, fifteen persons committed suicide, of whom twelve were males and three were temales. In 1861, seventeen put themselves out of the way—fifteen males and two females. A bill has been referred to a committee o the Connecticut Legislature providing that railroads shall carry members of that body free during the legislative term. Modest re-

quirement. The people of Pittsburg, Pa., enjoy the luxry of a frog market, at which a considerable usiness is done. The frogs are brought from all parts of the adjacent country, and disposed of to restaurant keepers and others, at prices ranging from eight dollars a hundred and up-

The privilege of selling newspapers in the Aimy of the Potomac has been awarded to a person from New York, who pays \$1800 a month for the right to sell to the newsboys at a fixed advance. The price of papers to the coldiers will be five cents only.

Ebenezer Bridge, of Pomfret, Vt., has sheared, this spring, 133 pounds and 3 ounces of wool from seven Spanish Merino sheep, an average of 19 pounds per head. The heaviest single fleece was 30 and 2-16 pounds from a three year old buck. Little Ike, three years and a half old, went to church for the first time. His mother gave

im a penny to put in the contribution box, bich he did, and sat quiet for a few moments, and then wanted to know how soon the man was coming with the candy. Fifty copperheads left New Haven in a boat a few nights since to avoid the draft, cheering as they went for Jeff Davis. Crowds of the

The Boston Transcript says that one of the largest pieces of coal ever brought to Boston is in the image and form of a man—one of the aborigines of the country. It is of full size. It is the work of a common miner, wh wrought it from a single block of coal, whice was taken out of a vein nine feet thick in one

There are three claimants for the Breadaloane peerage with a rental of \$250,000 per annum, in England. The late Marquis forgot to be properly married, hence the contest. The Newburyport Herald truly says, "there can be no restoration of the Union but by conservative men and conservative measures." A slight shock of an earthquake was felt at

Ned Buntline has been sentenced to two months' imprisonment at Fort Norfolk, Virginia, for the crime of desertion.

SENTENCED TO BE HUNG .- Caroline, slave, onvicted at the last term of the Circuit Court, convened in this city, of murder in the irst degree, was yesterday sentenced to be Lee. hung on the 14th of August, at the corner of Eighteenth and Broadway streets. The condemned woman persisted in her innocence, denying the charge entire.

The Republicans of Iowa have in State Convention nominated as their candidate for Governor, Col. William H. Stone who so highly distinguished himself on the 22d ult. at the assault on Vicksburg, where he fell everely wounded, at the head of the 22d Iowa. His principal competitor was Fitz Henry Warren, formerly Assistant Postmaster-General, and now if our recollection serves

us, a Brigadier-General of volunteers. Cumberland Valley, on Tuesday, was falsely reported by a rebel scout, who was taken prisoner at Chambersburg and carried to General Couch, who was not able to get any information from him. Among the questions asked

To what regiment do you belong? A.—Seventh. Q.—Seventh what? A.—Seventh regiment. Q.—To what company do you belong? A.—Can't say. Q.—What is the letter of your company? A.—Got no letters. Q.—To what corps do you belong? A.—Don't belong to any. Q.—What were you doing in Chambersburg? A.—Looking around. Q.—Your name? A.—Got none.

We take the subjoined article from the ast number of the Danville Tribune: HON. JOSHUA F. BELL.—This gentleman Monday last announced himself a candidate to represent Boyle county in the next Legisla-ture of Kentucky. His remarks, in anbrief. He stated, however, in his usual eloquent and concise manner, what he conceived to be the duty of Kentucky in the present crisis, viz: to stand by the Government at all hazards, to maintain the Union under the Continuous and property and the Continuous and property of the itution, and under no possible state of cir mstances to consent to a dismemberment of the Republic. He pointed to his past actions an earnest of his future course, should the seople of his native county select him as their epresentative. He promised at some future ime to speak more in detail upon these great and momentous issues, presented to the people or their consideration and action. We place the name of Mr. Bell at the head our columns to-day with peculiar satisfacon. We congratulate the people of Boyle ounty upon their good fortune in being per bitted to cast their suffrages for a ticket composed of such men as Gen. Bramlette, Honohn J. Crittenden, and Hon. Joshua F. Bell

Such a tower of strength, of talent, and of con-ervatism, in these days of political degen-eracy, is seldom or never met with. [For the Louisville Journal.]

The steamer Commercial left Young's Point June
1. Nothing unusual occurred until we arrived at
2. Nothing unusual occurred until we arrived at
3. Nothing unusual occurred until we arrived at
3. Nothing unusual occurred until the steamer Rocket
4. Nothing unusual occurred until the steamer Rocket
4. Nothing unusual occurred until the steamer Rocket
5. Nothing unusual occurred until the steamer Rocket
6. Nothing unusual occurred until the steamer Rocket Witnessed by Mr. G. B. Goss of the flagship Black
J. O. McMAHON,
W. H. ALLEY,
J. ROLLINGS,
W. DANIELS,
R. T. PAINE,
A. MARTIN,
G. SPAIN,
BEN. C. NELSON.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. EVENING DESPATCHES.

Our Special Despatches!

Brisk Cavalry Fight Near Memphis! The Federals Meet with a Reverse! The Rebel Force Twice as Strong! Rebels Said to be Near Memphis!

Positions of Gen. Lee's Army Corps! Rebel Capture of Winchester, Va.! Calls for Defenders of Richmond!

Rebels Destroy B. & O. R. R. Bridges! They Destroy Them for Many Miles! Rebels Driven Out of Cumberland! Maryland Heights Strongly Defended The Rebels Fortifying Hagerstown!

The Rebels Reoccupy Greencastle! Gen. Lee Baffled in His Main Object! Firing Reported Heard Near Aldie.

Matters Approaching a Great Crisis! Stirring News to be Hourly Expected

Progress of the War in the South! Heavy Cannonading at Port Hudson! [Special Despatches to the Louisville Journal.]

CINCINNATI, June 23. A special despatch to the Cincinnati Gazette, dated Memphis, June 20, via Cairo, June 21, says there have been no arrivals from below since the arrival of the Edward Walsh. Yesterday there was a considerable cavalry fight near Horn Lake, twelve miles south of this city. The force on our side was the 5th Ohio cavalry, who met a Confederate force of more than twice their number. Our boys were compelled to fall back with heavy loss. The rebels did not pursue very far. Rumors of a vague and unreliable character are circulating here to-day to the effect that we may hear the din of battle in our streets at almost any time. Of course no person places any reliance in these statements except hose of rebel propensities. A large force of rebels is represented as being near this city in Arkansas, but this is mere surmise. The oath-

have complied and registered themselves as loyal citizens. A special to the Gazette, dated Washington, June 22, says that the statement of the rebel position in this evening's Star contains the following. It must be received with whatever credit attached to the Star's sources of information; we know enough to assure us that the main rebel army is not any where east of the Blue Ridge; and we have to add that he is marching from this direction, or preparing to march from this direction, on Pittsburg or Wheeling.

Ewell is at or about Sharpsburg, Md., in the Shenandoah Valley, from the Rappahannock to the Potomac. We feel sure there was not a rebel in arms on Bull Run mountain ridge

last evening. The Richmond papers of Saturday have been received. They contain glowing accounts of the capture of Winchester, claiming to have taken many pieces of artillery, and represent it as a brilliant victory. They give no indication of Lee's whereabouts, but call upon men above 60 and under 18 to volunteer for the defence of Richmond, so that every available man may be forwarded to reinforce

The wounded soldiers are being sent north to make room in the hospitals here for the anticipated arrivals of wounded. PHILADELPHIA, June 22.

The Washington Star, of this evening, conhave certainly destroyed every Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bridge from Harper's Ferry to Cumberland, a distance of quite seventy miles, thus inflicting very heavy damage on the road. This they have done within the last thirty-six

morning at Cumberland, and drove them out of that town, it is supposed in this direction. His movements have been very prompt, and so far successful, as he has doubtless put a stop to the westward progress along the rail-road line of their career of devastation. It is reported that heavy firing—supposed to be in the direction of Aldie—was heard during the morning by workmen on the roof of the Treasury building."

[Special to the Philadelphia Press.] Monocacy, June 22. I have just returned from the Maryland Heights. The place is strongly defended. No rebels have yet appeared. From immediate authorities I have learned that the nearest rebels are at Little Antietam, about six mile from Harper's Ferry. Their force at that point

[Herald's Special.]

HARRISBURG, June 22.

There is now no doubt that the enemy is fortifying Hagerstown. They hold the courtry between Hagerstown and Williamspo with at least one corps, probably Ewell's.
Millerstown, 8 miles from Gettysburg, has been occupied to-day by a force of rebel troopers 20,000 strong. This points to a movement on the Northern Central road for the purpose f isolating Baltimore. Most of the moveable property that could be turned to rebel account was removed before the place was occupied. They will have to fight for the possession. The Northern Cenbeen baffled in his main object of the capture of Washington. The progress of the campaign is watched with intense anxiety.

The enemy reoccupied Greencastle after a skirmish with our cavalry. No further particulars. Gen. Couch has received no report of eacualties. Troops continue to be concentrated and organized at this point.

trated and organized at this point. Matters are rapidly approaching a crisis. Great secrecy governs all public actions. I would be imprudent to state what is transpir ing, especially as important results are to be determined in the next few hours. Rebels are advancing in force upon Greencastle with infantry, artillery, and cavalry.

New York, June 23. Richmond papers give accounts of the accidental explosion of the rebel iron-clad ram Chattahoochie, with which it was intended to make a raid upon our fleet at Apalachicola, in revenge for the capture of the schooner Fashion (h.den with cotton) by boats from the squadron. Twelve persons were killed and others badly scalded. The ship filled and sunk near shore, settling firmly on the bottom. NEW YORK, June 22. A Chambersburg special says a detachment of the 1st New York cavalry had a skirmish on Monday afternoon with some rebels two

miles this side of Greencastle. We lost two After being chased from Smoketown the rebels prepared to make a stand at the point above stated, where they had infantry thrown The greater portion of the rebel force is six miles beyond Waynesboro' towards Frederick.
The rebels have been to Quincy, Tomstown,

NEW YORK, June 23, New Orleans correspondence per steamer
Locust Point state that our siege batteries had been opened on Port Hudson and a continuous rain of shot and shell was being poured into the enemy's works. Several buildings, sup
deficiency is an expectation of L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main st.

L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main st.

Tobsters AND OYSTERS—

OUGAR—

On this No.;
200 bbls Yellow;
150 bbls Refined; for sale by
120 cans and for sale low by
13 W. & R. BURKHARDT, 511 Main st.

120 CASTLEMAN, MURRELL, & CO.

illed and wounded by the enemy's sharp-Capt. Hart, of the gunboat Albatross, com-

we ate strawberries, and of our supper strawberries pistol while in a state of insanity from fever.

The destruction of the bark Texana, as well as Sennox, by the captured tug Boston, is confirmed.

We ate strawberries, and of our supper strawberries formed the chiefest part. For a day we revelled in strawberries, and were happy!

—strawberries just as they came from the A rebel telegram from Mobile dated the 17th

ays the rebels repulsed our troops 27 times at Port Hudson, and that aid was close at hand. Also, that a courier had arrived at Jackson from Port Hudson, who states that the enemy had been punished severely; that the garrison JEFFERSON CITY, June 22. In the convention to-day Drake introduced

next, to serve until the next general election, in November, 1864. A substitute was offered extending the time A substitute was offered extending the time of election till November next. The matter has been under discussion all day, but the convention adjourned without action.

Meetings are being held all over the State avoring immediate emancipation and the lection of State officers by the people. The

convention unanimously passed a resolution for the expulsion of Prince L. Hudgins for NEW YORK, June 23. The iron-clad Roanoke ordered to sea probable may bear flag to the South Atlantic blockble may been flag to the South Atlantic block-ading squadron.

Advices from Wilmington state there was only one rebel brigade, Clingman's, there, also only one in Charleston. Most of the troops had gone West.

The Herald has a report from near Vicksburg stating that Col. Hatch, of the 2d Iowa Cavalry, destroyed the railroad bridges from Larrenge to Greanda.

avalry, destroyed the Lagrange to Grenada.

BALTIMORE, June 22. A body of cavalry belonging to Couch's command entered Frederick yesterday afternoon and drove the rebels out. It is believed that there are no rebels in Frederick county. this morning for Frederick and

Harper's Ferry.
PHILADELPHIA, June 23. The Inquirer has the following on its bulletin board: A despatch was received this morning that in the incursions into the interior and in the recent raid on Cambalee, Col. Montgomery captured 720 negroes. The 7th Connecticut garrisons San Augustine, Fla. There is one monitor at Hilton Head; the rest are at

A negro regiment from Boston, 1500 strong, arrived at Hilton Head, Col. Dowell.

Col. Watts is candidate for Governor of Alsays Colonel Carter made another raid into East Tennessee with three thousand cavalry. They went to Lenair's Station and destroyed the factory of Lenair Brothers, and adjacent buildings, and tore up the railroad for a considerable distract.

siderable distance.

CINCINNATI, June 23, M. The river is falling slowly, with 4 feet 9 inches water in the channel. Weather cloudy. Barometer 29.32. Thermometer 74. PITTSBURG, June 23, M. River 26 inches by the metal mark and fall-

Weather clear and cool. CINCINNATI, June 23, M. Flour dull but prices are nominally unchr superfine at \$4 46064 50.
Wheat has declined to \$1 06@1 08.
Corn 54@550.
Oats in good demand and advanced to 63@64c.
Whiskey steady at 40c.
Nothing doing in provisions.

taking is over. More than eleven thousand NEW YORK, June 23-M. Stocks better and active. Money and exchange unhanged. Reading 104; Brie 95½; New York Central 19%. Go'd 43%; U.S. 6's '68, coupons, 103%; do 6's '81, coupons, 109%; do 5's '65 107½, coupons '65 100; 73-108 onpon\*, 1054, ; Missouri 6s 68%. 8ugar—40 hhds N. O. sold at 11%@11%, N. O. molas-GEN. BRAMLETTE'S APPOINTMENTS. Thursday, June 25, Carlisle. Friday, June 26, Flemingsburg.

Saturday, June 27, Washington Wednesday, July 1, Alexandria. Thursday, July 2, Independence. Cynthiana. 0, Versailles.
11, Lawrenceburg. Wednesday, July 15, New Castle.
Thursday, July 16, Lagrange.
The hour of speaking is 1 o'clock, and he will make a further list in time.

dtd

Appointments.-Hon, A. Harding, the nominee of the Union convention, held at Leba-non, will speak at the following places: Harsville, Saturday, June 27.
Lebanon Junction, Monday, June 29.
New Market, Wednesday, July 1.
Raywick, Thursday, July 2.
Otter Creek, Friday, July 3. Campbellsville, Saturday, July 4. Hour of speaking, 1 o'clock. Other appointments will be made in due time.

To dig and wall a cistern at or near the in-tersection of Fifteenth and Walnut streets. Be it ordained by the General Council of the City of Louisville, That a cistern of the ca-pacity of two hundred barrels, shall be dug and walled, at or near the intersection of Fif-teenth and Walnut streets, at the exclusive cost of the owners of ground properly charge-able therewith, the city to be liable for no part of the cost thereof; the work to be executed under the supervision of the City En-gineer and in accordance with specifications furnished by him.

JOHN G. BAXTER, P.B.C.C.

J. M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. C.
ARTHUR PETER, P. B. A. OLIVER LUCAS, C. B. A. STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN, FROM NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

entrency.
Each passenger fillowed twenty cubic feet of luggage.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
For passage apply only to
CHARLES A. WHITNEY,
At the Office, 25 BROADWAY, New York.
For freight apply to
Howland & Aspinwall, Agents,
jul6 d3m 54 SOUTH street, New York. Field, New Regulation Staff, Sur-geon, and Line Swords;

Cavalry Sabres, Sashes, Field-Glasses, Belts, Shoulder-Straps WATCHES AND JEWELRY SOLD AND REPAIRED.

J. J. FELES CELES UTIL.

THE ARE DAILY IN RECEIPT OF BEAUTIFUL Spring Dress Goods:

SILVER GRAY POPLINS;
GRENADINE ROBES;
MOZAMBIQUE ROBES;
PERU LUSTERS in colors;
BOMBAZINE AND CHALLIES;
MOURNING SILKS;
PLAIN BLACK SILKS:
PLAIN BLACK SILKS:
BEAUTIFUL ORGANDIES;
OBAPE NORETZ;
FRENCH BEREGES;
FINE JACONET LAWNS;
PACIFIC LAWNS;
PACIFIC LAWNS;
HOSLERY AND GLOVES, MARTIN & CRUMBAUGH, j15 j&b 304 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferso A DOPTED BY THE WAR DEPARTMENT AS THE OFFICIAL MAP FOR GOVERNMENT USE—The Railroad and Militars Map of the Southern States, prepared by a Special Committee from the latest authorities—the Coast accurately drawn from the U. S. Coast Surveys. This large and elegant Map (28xM) is sold at the low price of 50 cents. Sullers and dealers can sell these readily and make large profits.

16 L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main st.

posed to contain commissary stores, were destroyed, and the rebels are known to be suffering some in killed and wounded.

STRAWBERRIES.—Strawberries are cheap; we love strawberries. Put these two propositions are cheap; and the rebels are cheap; we love strawberries. An expedition had driven away the force of chels collected at Clinton. Deserters coming other of supreme gastronomic felicity! Yesterday we had a dollar in our pocket; to-day of our men are daily added to the it is gone-gone for strawberries! In the night we dreamed of strawberries; in the morning we bought strawberries; for dinner we ate strawberries, and of our supper strawberries formed the chiefest part. For a day -strawberries just as they came from the vines, cool, tart and delicious; strawberries sprinkled over with pearly white sugar, dainty and toothsome; strawberries immersed in rich sweet cream, the crowning joy of epicures, a dish fit for the gods! Who does not love strawberries!-ripe, luxurious strawberries! as 60 days provision, and will hold out to the rich, unrivalled strawberries! red-cheeked, aromatic strawberries! Blest be He who gave

a resolution providing for the election, by the people, of State officers, on the 6th of October Police Proceedings-Tuesday, June 23.-W. H. Parks, charged with entering the house of Jenny Laws with intent to steal. \$200 to answer indictment.

> James Wilson, stealing a saw from Jefferson Williams. Discharged. Margaret Faha, charged with stealing a watch from Robert Dupny. Discharged. James Winston and Wm. Willer, drunk and carrying concealed deadly wespons. \$200

for 6 months each. Pat Laly and Michael McWahan, stealing railroad ties from Mr. Napier. \$100 for three

John Martin, for misprission. Discharged. A number of warrants were disposed of. A postscript to our last Vicksburg letter says no news of Johnston up to 9 o'clock last night, the 15th, and we have heard direct from the railroad crossing at Big Black.

An Irish Female Tenant .- "I'll trouble you for my month's rent, madam," said a landlord last Monday to one of his tenants. "Is it yer rint ye ask for now?" "Yes, mam, two rooms at fifty cents per week each." "Ah, now, can't ye wait a little time? Sure the likes of ye must have plinty of money," replied the woman, looking at the thin, bent form of the landlord with great contempt. "But, my dear woman, the money is due, and—" "Oh, murther, is it dearing me, ye are? an honest married woman, and blessed muther of siven boys, each big enough to lick the life out of ye. Out of my house, ye monster!" and unable to give vent to her in-dignation in words, she seized his coat collar, and fairly threw him into the streets. The owner intends to let his agent collect the rent of that house in future.

Maj. Gen. Brooks.—Maj. Gen. Brooks, who commands in the Department of the Monongahela, is a native of Ohio, and about frryeight years of age. He graduated at West Point in 1841, and gained distinction at Monte-rey, Cherubusco, and in a battle with the In-dians at New Mexico in 1858. His rank in e regular army is Major of the 18th Infantry e was oppointed Brigadier General of Vol-nteers September 12, 1861, and took part in the battles before Richmond and Antietam, his brigade being in General Smith's division, Franklin's corps. He was afterwards made a Major General of Volunteers, and has com-manded a division of the army of the Poto-mac under Burnside and Hooker.

WIIO WANTS TO BIVE B. R. WARNER, Proprietor.
503 and 505 Jefferson st., opposite Court-House.

Those who do are invited to call at the

Wholesale

GROCERY

North side, between Fifth and Sixth,

508 Main street,

Where they will find a stock so large and of such great variety that it is impossible to enumerate articles or state quantities.

We are the Sole Agents in this city for

POTOMACSHAD ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT.

Fifth street, between Main and Market.

WE ARE IN DAILY RECEIPT OF FRESH
POTOMAC SHAD,
OYSTERS IN THE SHELL,
WOOD COCK,
JAOK SNIPE
BLUE-WING DUCK,
FROGS LEGS,
And all other delicacies of the season, all of which we serve up in our restaurant or send to gentlement, houses in style that cannot be surpassed.

O. C. RUEFER & OO, Proprietors.
N. B.—Private Families, Hotels, and Parties can b supplied with the abc to at the shortest notice,
W. WARRIE'S DAYTON ALE AND PORTER constantly on hand in all quantities.

C. C. R.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 58s. No. 122.

DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY:

WHEREAS, an Information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1853, by Joshua Tevis, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes kerein, in behalf of the United States of America, against United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes kerein, in behalf of the United States of America, against
One bay Mare, 5 years old, 14 hands and 2 inches high, alleging, in substance, that said bay mare was seized on land, in the District of Kentucky, on the 3ch day of May, A. D. 1863, as forfeited to the United States; that said mare was skipped from the State of Tennessee on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1863, to the State of Kentucky, in violation of the Act of Congress and the proclamation of the President of the United States interdicting all commercial intercurse between the citizens and inhabitants of said State of Tennessee and the citizens and inhabitants of said State of Tennessee and the citizens and inhabitants of said State of Tennessee and the citizens and inhabitants of the rest of the United States, and against the regulations of the Treasury Department of the United States and that said mare became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aftereasid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court to me sirested and delivered, I do hereby give publis notice to all persons claiming said mare, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear befere the said District Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next October term, the obt day of October, A. D. 1833, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf. H. C. McDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D. JOSHWA TEVIS, U. S. Atterney.

Dated Louisville, June 10, 1863.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Ss. No. 121.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Ss. No. 121.

WHEREAS, a libel of information has been filed in the District Outrof the United States within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1833, by Jeshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States against 137 barrels of Grease, alleging, in substance, that said goods and articles were seized on water at Louisville, in the District of Kentucky, on the 6th day of June, 1653, as forfeited to the United States that said articles were shipped from the port of Nashville, in the District of Teanessee, on the day of June, 1653, to the State of Ohio, in the day of June, 1653, to the State of Ohio,

do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court to be held at the city of Leuisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next October term, the 5th day of October, A. D. 1863, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

H. C. McDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D.
JOSEUA TRYIS, U. S. Attorney.

Dated June S. A. D. 1863.

j9 d14

WAR CLAIMS ADJUSTED AND COLLECTED. No. 63 Washington avenue, ST. LOUIS, MO., One door east of Webb & Kaime's office, and two doors east of the Quartermaster's Department, St. Louis.

JOHN P. CAMP Will give his attention to the adjustment and collection of Vouchers and other claims against the United States Government in all its Departments. Accounts and bills against the Government made out in proper form and Vouchers therefor obtained and Merchants having Vouchers for small amounts can save themselves time and trouble by placing them

Vouchers and Quartermasters' Checks on Washington bought at low rates, REFERENCES. Hon. D. Davis, Blosmington, Ill.; Hon. Jos. Holt Washington, D. C.; Hon. H. Campbell, St. Louis, Mo.; Samuel T. Glover, St. Louis, Mo.; J. B. Shepley, Esq.,

St. Leuis, Mo., late Commissioners and Counsellors on

War Claims for the Department of the West

KENTUCKY
Eating - House,
B.R. WARNER, Proprietor.

HOUSE OPEN NIGHT & DAY. WARM MEALS AT ALL HOURS. Fine Lunch from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and from 10 P. M. to 4 A. M.
Bar open with the choicest Liquors, Cigars, &c. Ladies' Restaurant now in operation.

SOFT SHELL CRABS FIRST OF THE SEASON, Young squirrels. YOUNG WOODCOCK Walker's Exchange. YOUNG WOODCOCK,

HARD SHOLL CRABS. Young Squirrels, WALKER'S EXCHANGE, Third street, between Main and Market.

PENNSYLVANIA ocentral Railroad.o 325 Miles Double Track. IN ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITH THE DE-mands of the travelling public, the managers of this popular route have added many improvements during the year ISE3, and, with its connections, it will be found in all respects a FIRST CLASS BOUTE to all the Eastern cities. The track is stone ballasted and entirely free from dust.

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK, THROUGH PHILADELPHIA,

CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT HARRISBURG Baltimore and Washington FROM PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK ONE TRAIN BURS DAILY (438 MILES) VIA ALLENTOWN, WITHOUT CHANGE of CARS. Arriving in advance of all other Rentes.

PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK Boat Nokets good on any of the Sound Lines. FARE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY BOUTS. SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS TO Philadelphia, New York, & Baltimore

SEVEN DAILY TRAINS FROM

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TRANSFERRED FREE. FREIGHTS: By this route freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or Baltimore, to and from any point on the Railreads of Ohio, Kentrucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri by Resilvoad direct.

The Pennsylvania Central Railread also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be forwarded to any porton the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kanasa, Arkansas, and Red Riverstand at Cleveland, Sandusky, and Chicage with steamers to all ports on the Northwestern Lakes.

Merchants and shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to this Company can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

THE RATES OF FREIGHT to and from any point in the West by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad are all times as favorable as are charged by the other Endroad Compenses. 

LIVESTOCK Drovers and Farmers will find this the most advan-ageous route for Live Stock. Capacious Yares, well watered and supplied with every convenience, have seen opened on this line and its connections, and every BNOCH LEWIS, Gen'l Superintendent, Altoons, Pa. L. L. HOUET, Gen'l Ticket Agent, Philadelphia. H. H. HUUSTON, Gen'l Freight Agent, Philadelphia. jan5 dly

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION BY MAIL: bstriptions out of the city discontinued at the ion of the time for which they are paid. TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
ONE SQUABE, TEN LINES AGATE OR LESS, IN DAILY:

| NE SQLABS| 430 page. | 1st or 4th page. | 1 month, \$7.00 | 1 month, \$6.00 | 1 months, \$10.00 | 1 months, \$ rtions, 200
h additional square on e half the above rates, ats, For Sale or Rent, For Hire, and such nonot exceeding four lines agate, 25 cents each in.
Marriages and Deaths 25 cents. Obituaries to or more according to space occupied.
ELLY PAPER.—One do llar a square for first insernof fity cents for each additional insertion.
torial notices, where the person has no adverting the paper, 20 cents a line; each continuous or 5 cents a line, according to length of time. s by mail, when in registered letters, at our oney must be remitted with the order for

GEO. D. PRENTICE, Editors.

UNION STATE TICKET. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, of Adah. FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, RICHARD T. JACOB, of Oldham FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, MOHN M. HARLAN, of Franklin. FOR STATE TREASURED, JAMES H. GARRARD, of Clay. WOR AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS. WILLIAM T. SAMUELS, of Hardia. FOR REGISTER OF LAND OFFICE. JAMES A. DAWSON, of Hart.

OBSUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLINSTRUCTION, DANIEL STEVENSON, of Franklin. STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE. JAMES GUTHRIE, GEORGE D. PRENTICE,
JOSHUA TEVIS, GEORGE P. DOERN,
HAMILTON POPE, JOHN W. BARE,
BICHARD KNOTT.
Joshua Tevis, Secretary, to whom all communications should be addressed. FOR CONGRESS,

ROBERT MALLORY,

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1863.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.—There was another large, gratifying, and energetic business meeting last night, and the number of individuals his own petard," and the fallacy of the theoand firms now admitted to membership is ry of secession stands self-detected. The Naabout two hundred and ten. Committees have | tional Intelligencer refers incidentally to the been appointed to direct the attention of the historical perversion which Benjamin makes in Government to the distribution of its sales of his argument when he assumes that the State cotton, which have been made without regard of Virginia in declaring by convention, her to the interests of our city, and also to devise | assent to the Constitution of the United States, means for removing the obstructions upon | reserved the right of withdrawing the powthe transportation of freight on the ersthereby delegated to the Federal Govern-Nashville road, which have operated ment, whereas what Virginia declared was, that so disadvantageously to our business in- "the people of the United States," not the States terests. C. M. Wheat, Esq., has been elected separately and singly, had the right to revise Secretary and Treasurer, and will devote his and abrogate the Constitution then adopted. entire time and efforts to the interests of the But, taking him on his own ground, our Wash-Board and the trade of our State and city. ington contemporary signalizes the logical It is a subject of great congratulation that our fallacy of the secession theory as confessed by business men have at length awakened to a Mr. Benjamin in the reason he assigns for persense of the necessity of effectively organiz- mitting foreign Consuls to reside within the ing a Board of Trade, and the association is | "Confederate States" by virtue of the exequanow placed on such a footing that its means of turs granted under authority of the Federal usefulness will be assured, and we shall have Government. The granting of this exequatur an authoritative exponent of our wishes to Consul Moore, says Mr. Benjamin, was an and a protector of our interests. There is act done by an agent while duly authorized to no doubt that the Chambers of Commerce of | act for the principal, and, as such, continues St. Louis and Cincinnati have diverted from in force after the revocation of the agent's autheir cities many of the evils under, which | thority. If this be so, then it follows, argues Louisville has so disastrously suffered, and in | the Intelligencer, on this State-rights theory, the future our Board of Trade will exercise a | that "all the acts of the Federal Government, similar vigilance on our behalf. The silence | whether as found in the construction of forts of our city, broken only by individual com- or in the passage of laws under the Constituplaints, seems to have been misconstrued by | tion recognized by the seceded States while the officers of the Government, and conse- as yet they remained in the Union, 'continued There is no indisposition to do full justice to of the agent's authority.' If the exequaturs Louisville on the part of any official. Our of foreign Consuls remained valid on this Board of Trade has already exerted its in- ground, after the passage of a secession ordifluence, and obtained assurances that our city | nance, the other accepted and recognized acts shall be amply provided with freight facilities. of the "agent" remained and still remain Under this cheering aspect of affairs we can- equally valid in point of law-Mr. Beajamia not but again congratulate Louisville upon | himself being judge. In these few words he the reanimation which the strong rally to the cuts up the whole secession theory by the support of this association so cheeringly beto- roots, and shows it to be an anomaly without

judgment we have great confidence thinks we overestimate the dangers of rebel raids upon our city, and that there is no necessity for such action in preparing for its defence as we have suggested. Let us reason the matter a little more. We have deemed it our duty to arouse the military authorities of the State to the defenceless condition of Louisville, and it cannot be denied that no other city of half its importance and exposed to half the danger | involves the hope of all political and religious that menaces this city is left thus defenceless. freedom upon our entire continent, and its de-That the military authorities fully appreciate | struction would be a fatal blow to popular inthis danger is evidenced by the fact that their stitutions everywhere. This opinion is shared ordnance stores, provisions, bakeries, &c., by the wise and good generally, and it had a have been removed to the other side of the forcible expression last week upon the occa-Ohio river. Can any plausible reason sion of the presentation of Henry Segur, Esq., be offered for this neglect? Will it be to President Lincoln, as the Envoy Extraorcontended that there is no danger of dinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Salvaan attack upon Louisville? If so, where dor. When presenting his letter of credence, is the danger to Cincinnati, and why has it, the Minister remarked that the President of protected naturally by a broad, deep river in | Salvador had desired him to express the deep its front, been so thoroughly fortified? Why sympathy he entertained for the cause of the are two regiments of heavy artillery being en- | American Union, and to say that it was with listed to man the fortifications around Cincin- | profound grief he had seen the dissensions that nati if no danger exists? It does exist. Bragg | have occurred in this great Republic, but at may play over again the game of last fall, and | the same time he has full hope and confidence with better success. There was nothing then | that, in the wise administration of the great but their own want of confidence that pre- power which the Government possesses, the vented the rebels under Kirby Smith from cap- integrity of the Union will soon be re-estabturing and sacking the city after the defeat of lished on the firm basis of our glorious Conour forces at Richmond, in Madison county. stitution. The younger Republics of this con-Their pickets and scouts were in sight of our | tinent, the Minister impressively remarks, steeples, and we defenceless. It is enough to | "look with dread on whatever cause which those days; women and children flying, they ment, the asylum of the oppressed of all naknew not whither; men wandering about the | tions; to it they look as the bulwark of their streets, not knowing how or where they could own independence and security against ambisoldiers chasing negroes and white men and reacting principles at home and abroad." As a marching them out to dig up and destroy noble encouragement to our patriotic armies in Cave Hill Cemetery with worse than useless | the field, the representative of Salvador says rifle-pits; and all this fearful demoralization | further that its "President has beheld with wonand panic because our military commanders | der and admiration the vast resources which had failed to provide for the defence of the have been called forth in this sacred struggle city, and turned a deaf ear to all appeals upon | for law, order, liberty, and justice, in defence time. Buell and his veterans arrived, inter- and feels full faith and confidence in the ultiposed themselves between us and danger, and | mate triumph of the principles for which the we were saved. Surely after such a lesson, it would be thought that the proper authorities could no longer neglect the defences of so that while rivalry, jealousy of our progress, important a point. Nine months have rolled and the natural instincts of kingcraft in Euby and nothing has been done. The Govern- rope, have developed the enmity of the effete Ohio, so that the city can be abandoned on a young and vigorous republics of this new conarmy, one day of whose occupation would | with the United States in their hour of peril. cost our citizens more treasure than would fortify five such cities.

We learn that an engineer of General Burnside's staff has examined the ground and reported that it is easily rendered defensible against any force that can be sent against us. This sets at rest the senseless excuse we have heretofore heard so often, that Louisville is not susceptible of being fortified. We therefore reiterate our suggestion to our citizens to hold a meeting and appoint a committee to sissippi. wait upon General Burnside, and, if necessary, upon the President himself, and demand that we shall receive at least the same protection which is granted to Cincinnati and other cities less exposed than Louisville. If this | that it isn't. fails, let us take up the matter ourselves and fortify the city at our own expense, trusting to the justice of the next Congress to remunerate the city for any outlay necessarily made. But, says our friend, it would be a useless expenditure of time and money. Perhaps so; but a grain of precaution is worth a ton of cure. The rebels have avowed the ly shown that they were stimulated in this de- lic attention to accept the invitation. termination by the hope of obtaining assistance in the loyal States. The Richmond Enquirer, All sorts of game are said to be unusubardly a month since, declared with emphasis | ally abundant, most of the old hunters of game that if the rebel troops "should, this summer, having become hunters of men. appear within their borders anywhere between

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL | cured of E Pluribus Unum! Their cry would not be Union, but deliverance. Wait, then, and watch, and keep your lights burning, ye Knights of the Golden Circle!" This is what we have also to guard against; sympathy with the rebellion in the very midst of us, which may at some apparently secure moment betray us to our enemies. We cannot, therefore, abandon the hope that some energetic measures will be promptly adopted to call proper attention to this important subject. It has already occupied the attention of Gen. Burnside; he is fully conversant with our requirements; and we have no doubt that he will supply them, if the urgent danger which we apprehend can be made manifest to him. We have already announced that Jeff

> Confederate State Department, through Judah P. Benjamin, has written to Mason, the rebel commissioner in England, announcing the revocation and defending its policy, and in this missive appears the following paragraph: The earnest desire of this Government is to entertain amicable relations with all nations, and with none do its interests invite the for-mation of closer ties than with Great Britain. Although feeling aggrieved that the Government of her Majesty has pursued a policy which, according to the confessions of Earl Russell himself, has increased the disparity of strength which he considers to exist between the belligerents, and has conferred signal advantage on our enemies in a war in which Great Britain announces herself to be really and not nominally neutral, the President has not deemed it necessary to interpose any obstacle to the continued residence of British Consuls within the Confederacy by virtue of exequaturs granted by the former Govern-ment. His course has been consistently guided by the principles which under-lie the whole structure of our Gov-ernment. The State of Virginia having del-egated to the Government of the United States by the Constitution of 1787 the power of controlling its foreign relations, became bound by the action of that Government in its grant of an exequatur to Consul Moore. When Virginia seceded, withdrew the powers delegated to the Government of the United States, and conferred them on this Govern-ment, the exequatur granted to consul Moore was not thereby invalidated. An act done by an agent while duly authorized continues to bind the principal after the revocation of the agent's authority. On these grounds the President has hitherto steadily resisted all in fluences which have been exerted to induce him to exact of foreign consuls that they should ask for an exequatur from this Governnent as a condition of the continued exercise of their functions. The rebel engineer is evidently "hoisted by

mently our wants have not been relieved. to bind the principal after the revocation any place in the political cosmos created and defined by the Constitution of the United States. It was an interpolation upon that system while as yet the dogma belonged only to the realm of political metaphysics, and the attempt to engraft the alien offshoot of organic anarchy on the parent stock of liberty regulated by law has borne the bitter fruits that might have been expected from such an unnatural experiment."

The integrity of the American Union make the heart sick to recall the scenes of tends to shake the potency of this Governdo anything for the common defence; groups of | tious and aggressive powers, and the agents of the subject. Well, the storm passed for the of the Union, and to suppress civil discord, brave people are sacrificing so much life and treasure." It is indeed gratifying to know ment stores have been removed beyond the governments of the old world toward us, the day's notice to the tender mercies of a rebel | tinent are thus manifesting their sympathy

The Cotton States didn't go off for what had been done but for what they apprehended would be. And now let them, in view of the Northern elections, come back for what they know will be.

men, whose betrothed lover is in the army, went almost into convulsions at his perfidy on hearing of his having an engagement in Mis-

The European powers may acknowledge, if they choose, that the rebel Confederacy is independent, but we will show them

Inasmuch as the foot is one of the ends of a man, you cannot kick a fellow without

putting an end to him Men are blamed for looking at only one side of things, but they are right enough if that side is the bright one.

It is one thing for an Editor to "invite policy of making raids, and we have previous- public attention," and quite another for pub-

Cairo and Philadelphia, they would be hailed The American Eagle is a proud bird. as friends by a population now pretty well He has millions of men as a body-guard.

FOR SALE. DEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT THE lowest market price. Also BEAOR BOTTOM DOAL at much lower races by J. N. KELLOGG, Agent, sep21 disty Kear the corner of Third and Main.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND BANKERS,
No. 1 Hanover Buildings, Hanover Square,
BOSERT L. MAJPIAND,
WILLIAM WRIGHT.
| apris dewistly

MOTIOH. TINTIL FURTERS NOTICE, I WILL PAY SIX Davis had revoked the exequatur of Mr. Geo. per cent interest on Deposits for a specified time and

Moore, the British Consul in Mobile. The ar per cent on those subject to ten days' netice of A. BLAND, Banker,

Southern Bank Rotes WANTED! Tennessee, South Carolina,

Georgia,

Alabama, and Louisiana BANK NOTES A. BLAND, Banker, WANTED by

GOLD WANTED. I WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET BATE O LI

Main st., near Fourth. GREEN & GREEN, LOUISVILLE, NASHVILLE,

A. BLAND, Banker,

Summer Soft mats. SUMMER STRAWHATS. MOI ZEPHYR UNDERWEAR. Shirts and Underwear MADE TO ORDER FROM MEASUREMENT.

JUSTRECEIVED

MILITARY HATS, CAPS, AND

TRIMMINGS TO ORDER.

A large assortment of

MEN'S & BOYS' SOFT FELT HATS.

All colors and qualities, and of the latest styles; also MEN'S AND BOYS' STRAW HATS

DRESS HATS

OF OUR MANUFACTURE, Always on hand. Price \$5 for the best,

PRATHER & SMITH.

F. H. HEGAN Manufacturer of Gilt Work and Dealer Zin French & American Window-Glass, Wali-Paper, Looking-Glasses, Photograph and Ambrotype Materials.

Materials.

EParticular attentoin is called to my assortment of fine Engravings, colored and uncolored, to which I am constantly adoing the newest and best publications as they are issued by the first publishing houses of Europe and America. and America.

My factory for Gilt Work is fitted with the most approved machinery, and my factities unsurpassed for furnishing Gilt Frames, oval and square, of new and elegant designs, at the lowest rates.

Special attention given to the framing of Photographs, Engravings, &c. mar9 disem

JAMES E. TYLER & CO., Stock. Bill. and Exchange Brokers. Office No. 411 Main street, Louisville, Ky. N. B.—Special attention will be given to the negotiation of Commercial Paper, Loans, Stocks, Bonds, and Securities of every description. Parties in this city having money to invest, and those desiring to obtain loans, will find it to their interest to give us a call. We shall keep a register for all desirable offerness.

GOVERNMENT VOUCHERS And Orders for Certificates. WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET price for QUARTERMASTERS' and COMMISSARY VOUCHERS and CHECKS.

may distf No. 411 Main street, up stairs Government Claims. WE ARE RUYING QUARTERMASTERS' AND COMMISSARY VOUCHERS and CHECKS at very low rates. Holders will do well to call and see us

S. DeWITT, HARNESS AND TRUNK

Manufacturer, 204 Third street, one door south of Main,

LOUISVILLE, KY. Having commenced anew the above business, I would be pleased to have my old friends and customers call and see me, also Military men who have traded with me the past two years at Mr. C. PROAL'S. S. DeWITT.

Headquarters Act'g Ass't Provost Marshal General for the State of Kentucky, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, Major W. H. SIDELL, U. S. Army, A. A. P. M. G. Business communications will be addressed accordingly. The office is \*n south side of Walnut street between First and Second streets.

TAKEN UP IN THE STREET YESTER
day, 22d inst., a DARK CHESTNUT SORREI
or BROWN MARE, about 15% hands high,
to 6 years old, having three white feet, whit
or blazed nose, and shod all round. The owner ca
have her by calling at Geo. Beatty's, on Grayso
street, between Ninth and Tenth, and paying cost of
elevertising.

123 dt

O'N FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN GREEN AND Chestnut, or Clestnut, between Fifth and Eighth, a plain GOLD BRACELET. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the residence of Mrs. Howard, on Chestnutstreet, three doors east of Eighth. 1924 dts.

For Hire. FOR THE BALANCE OF THE YEAR, A LIKELY REGRO GIBL 16 or 17 years old—a capable house-servant.

E. W. GUNTER, 124 d3 Chestnut street, between First and Brook.

Wanted to Hire, FOR THE BALANCE OF THE YEAR, A NEGRO GIRL, from 12 to 16 years of age, as nurse. Inquire of J. M. HOPKINS, 124 d3 No. 426 Main st.

ALL OFFICERS RECRUITING FOR for the 50th Ky. Vol. Inf. will send their men into Camp Finnell, near Eminence Ky., immediately.

H. M. BUCKLEY, Col. Comdg. 50th Ky. Vols. Bally, Kentuckians!

ONCE AGAIN! I AM AUTHORIZEED BY THE Governor to raise the 4th Ky, Battery of Light Artillery for the twelve menths' service in and for the defence

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE THE undersigned offers to sell his very desirable Farm, situated in Clark county, Indiana, one mile from the Jefferson-ille Railroad, three miles from Charles

220 acres of
GOOD FARMING LAND,
180 of which are in high cultivation, the r
timbered. The Residence is one of the beatounty, built in the modern style, with latomfortable rooms, kitchen, hall, and cellsulfdings for every convenient. fortable rooms, kitchen, hall, and cellar, lings for every convonience, an abundance of water, a fine selection of CHOICE FRUIT. Fences, one and a half miles of which is OSCE. Besides these, there are two large B a Well and Cistern on the premises. e location is high, undulating, and healthy, ded by good roads, mills, work shops, and sixty. consided by good roads, acciety.

A rare bargain will be given to any person wishing on invest a few thousand dollars in "greenbacks."

TERMS—Two thirds in hand, the balance in easy paymen s, secured by mortgage.

Apply immediately to M. O. Ramsey, Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., Joel M. Smith, Charlestown, Ind., or to the undersigned, on the premises.

j24 d2\*

DAVID DRUMMOND.

COMPASS LODGE (No. 223)
Y. M. meets in Masonic Temple TH
(WEDNESDAY) EVENING at 8 o'cloc J. H. WELSH Master,
ml3 2d&4thWed COMPASS LODGE (NO. 223) A.

FOR SALE: WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION, on the premise on Saturday, August 1, 1863, to close copartne ship, the well-known and established property, the MARKET STREET MILLS, with capacity for grinding 250 barrels of flour, in complete running order. Sale to take place at three o'clock P. M. Terms made known on day of sale. 124 dtd GUY & CLARK. de known on day of sale.

CONGRESS HALL, Cape May. THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests.

j24 d12 MILLER & WEST, Proprietors.

COLUMBIA HOUSE. Cape May. THIS FIRST CLASS HOUSE WILL BE OPEN for the reception of guests on 27th June.

j24 d12

J. F. CAKE, Proprietor.

Depot Quartermaster's Office. LOUISVILLE, KY., June 21, 1863 CEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED ARTICLES REQUIRED:

ARTICLES REQUIRED:
50,000 yards ¾ sky-blue Korsoy;
10,000 \*\* ¾ Drilling for lining;
556 \*\* bleck Muslin;
400 lbs dark blue Linen Thread, No. 39;
700 gross Supender Buttons;
12,400 yards ¾ inch scarlet Lace;
11,250 \*\* ¾ inch yel'ow Lace;
120 sets Regimental and Company Books, as per amples in Clothing Depot.
All bids to be addressed to Capt. G. A. Hull, M. S.
K., Louisville, Ky. The oath of allegiance will be required of successful bidders.

W. JENKINS,

j24 dtd Capt. & A. Q. M. U. S. Army COPPER WHISKY-

" Nelson " 4 years old; " 1 and 2 years old; " new; In store and for sale low by
J. MONKS & COBB,
635 Main st.

SUGAR-250 bbls Crushed, Granulated, and Powdered Sugar just received by GARDNER & CO. Marshal's Sale.

Alfred Harris, Trustee, against Geo. E. H. Gray, &c., Geo. E. H. Gray, &c., J BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUIS-the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday, June 29, 1863, about the hour of 11 o clock, A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6 and 12 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz.

THREE HOUSES AND LOTS
On Carter's alley in said city, of which three lie adjoining, and are bounded thus: Beginning at the corner of Andrew street and Carter's alley, thence north with Andrew street 64 feet 4 inches, thence back east wardly 77 feet, being part of the property allotted to H. W. Gray in the division of Jno. T. Gray, sr.'s estate. State.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. O.

j24 dtd N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

Marshal's Sale. James E. Tyler against H.W. Hawes, &c., H.W. Hawes, &c.,

PY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause,
the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday,
June 29, 1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell
at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6,
12, and 18 months, so much as may be necessary to
satisfy the decree herein of the property in pleadings
mentioned, viz:

A LOT

mentioned, viz:

A LOT

Beginning at the southeast corner of Market and Wenzel streets, running thence east 350 feet, thence at right angles southwardly 200 feet to a 20-foot alley, thence with said alley 350 feet to Wenzel street, thence with Wenzel street to the beginning; excluding therefrom 30 feet on Market street by 100 feet deep, conveyed by H. W. Hawes to Tilford Gregory, and 25 feet on Wenzel street by 100 feet deep, cenveyed to Andrew Hawes.

13 and 14.

A LOT
Of Ground beginning at Thos. Noble's line on the south side of Portland avenue, running thence east with said avenue 650 feet, thence south with John Bull's line 650 feet to Bank street, thence west 660 feet to Noble's line, thence 650 feet to the beginning.

A LOT
Beginning on the north side of Ballard street 120 feet west of Wenzel street, thence west 59 feet and extending back same width northwardly 85 feet to a 10 foot alley.

A LOT

Beginning on the north side of Ballard street 224 feet
west of Wenzel street, thence west 20 feet, and extendng back same width northwardly 85feet to a 10-foot And on a credit of three months, one 7-octave Piano and Stool, three Dining Tables, one Bedstead, one Wardrobe, three Sofas, one Sideboard, one pair Card Fables, two Carpets and Hearth Rug, &c.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until said, and a lien will be retained on the land as additional security.

THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy. Warshal's Sale. Wm. Able
against
James E. Burt, &c.,
In Chancery. No. 16,534. DY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause,
the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday, June 29,
1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public
auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-House
door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 12, and
18 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the
decree herein of the property in pleadings mentioned,
viz:

decree herein of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND

On Fern Creek, in Jefferson county, Ky., bounded thus: Beginning at a whiteoak marked B, on the west side of the old Flat Lick road, thence S 2 E. 168 poles to a beech marked B & B. J. W., thence N. 89 S. crossing the plankroad at 116 poles, in all 170 poles to three blackoaks and a whiteoak, thence N. 2 W. 100 poles to three blackoaks and a whiteoak, thence N. 2 W. 100 poles to the stake on the north side of Fern Creek, thence N. 854 W. 61 poles to a maple (nearly dead), marked f-B, thence N. 65½ W. 128 poles to the beginning, containing 131 aeres; excepting therefrom the tract of 15 acres (more or less), bounded thus: Beg nning at a stake near a whiteoak tree marked B, and cornered, and standing in Henry Robb's line, and running thence S. 2 E. 75 poles to a stake, thence N. 63 E. 61.8 poles to a stake on the edge of the plankroad, thence with said road N. 28 W. 23 poles to a stake in Robb's line, and thence with the same N. 60½ W. 52.8 poles to the beginning.

ginning.

The purchaser will be required ta give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lion will be retained as additional security. THOS, A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. 124 dtd N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy. Wanted,
500 for a Short Time. WILL GIVE fair per cent and good security. Address, with real name, Q. X., Louisville P. O. j23 d2

PLANTERS' HOTEL. ACTON YOUNG, Proprietor. W. L. DAY, Clerk.

Sixth st., between Main and Market, THIS HOTEL IS LOCATED IN THE CENTRE I of the business part of the city, convenient to the Steamboat Landing, Railroad, Telegraph, and Express Offices. Persons visiting the city will find it a quiet, comfortable, and pleasant Hotel.

Omnibuses regularly arrive and depart from this Hotel for the different Railroad Depots. j23 b&jisim\*

A Rare Chance. A MAIN STREET LOT FOR SALE, TWENTYone by one hundred and five feet, between Floyd
and Preston streets. At the price this property is
offered it is a splendid investment. Apply to
WM. G. GRAY,
j23 d3\* Corner Jefferson and Third streets.
Anzeiger copy 3 times and charge Journal.

Market Street Lots for Sale. JOFFER, ON BEASONABLE TERMS, TWO ADjoining Lots on the south side of Market street, between Brook and Flord. Each Lot has a front of 17/2 leet and runs back 210 feet to an alley. Title indisputable and price low. yM. CORNWALL. Wanted Immediately,

A PARTNER WITH CASH CAPITAL OF \$2,000 to 123 dz\* A WOMAN AS SEAMSTRESS AND NURSE. None need apply unless well recommended. In-quire at Mr. Isaac Caldwell's residence, east side Fifth, between Chestaut and Broadway. ju23 atf

ONE SPINNER, ONE LOOM BOSS, AND SIX WEAVERS, to whom good wages will be given at the Vincennes Woollen Mills. H. D. WHEELER, j22 d5. IOWA LAND.

I WISH TO EXCHANGE PART OR ALL OF ONE
Land in Carroll county, Iowa, at a low rate for improved property or Lots in Lonisville, Title perfect, and full description given on application to C. E. ROBINS, No. 517 Main st.,

123 dislm\*

Post-office Drawer No. 1.

Post-office Drawer No. 1.

INSURANCE!

Mutual Life Insurance Company OF NEW YORK. Cash Fund belonging to the Members In-All the profits are divided on the mutual system every five years among the members insured. Next FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President, ISAAC ABBATT, Secretary, SMEPFARD HOMAN'S, Actuary.
Ds. R. C. Hawker, Medical Examiner, Louisville Wer Bisks-6 per cent additional to usual rates.

Continental Insurance Company, NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Sarplus - - \$1,250,000. Three fourths of the prefits returned annually to GEO. T. HOPE, President. H. H. LAMPORT, Secretary. OYRUS PECK, Assistant Sec'y.

North American Fire Insurance Co. NEW YORK CITY. ORGANIZED IN 1828. Cash Capital and Surplus - - - \$300,000.

JAS. W. OTIS, President.

E. W. BLENCKER, Secretary. Three fourths of the profits returned annually the Policy holders.

Fulton Fire Insurance Company, Cash Capital and Surplus - - 5250,990. WM. A. COBB, President. JAS. M. BANKIN, Secretary. La Fayette Fire Insurance Company,

No. 14, WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus - - - \$175,000. T. J. BERGEN, President. JAS. B. THOMPSON, Jr., Secretary. Home Insurance Company,

NEW HAVEN, CONN. Cash Capital and Sarpius - - 3300,000.

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
CHAS. WILSON, Secretary. Three fourths of the profits are returned annually to the Policy holders.

Washington Insurance Company, GEO. C. SATTERLEE, President.
WM. K. LOTHROP, Secretary.
Three fourths of the profits are returned annually to the policy-holders. NEW YORK CITY.

As the authorized Agent of the above named safe, reliable, and justly apopular Companies, Insurances will be taken on Lives and Property at equitable rates, and will make prompt and satisfactory settlements of losses. As the division of as Insurance risk among several Companies is regarded as safer and more prudent than a large amount in any one Company, I would respectfully solicit a portion of the business of my friends and the public.

B. D. KENNEDY, Insurance Agent.

Office No. 413 Main street, between Fourfa and Eifth streets, in Dulaney's building, over D. O'Hare's Trunk Store.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL

DIXON'S

AROAMATIO

TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

THE SOVEREIGN REMEDY FOR

Dysentery, Diarrhea, Flux, Cholera Morbus, and Summer Complaint.

The immense sales testify to the merits of this rema The numerous daily reports of astonishing cures It has advantages over any other remedy, at once to the system. Is safe and harmless to the infant and powerful in the adult case. To the soldier especially it is invaluable, being ap-

"The Soldier's Friend." Mothers find it superior to any soothing syrup for

children teething, freed from the injurious effects of NARCOTICS, gives rest to the sufferer by removing the Sold by respectable Dealers everywhere. PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

WM. F. DAVIDSON,

Just Received at

317 Fourth street.

LOUISVILLE, MY. 300 Musketo Bars, all colors; 100 pcs Musketo Netting, all colors; 500 Sun Umbrellas, in blue, green,

black, and brown. Ladies' and Gent's Underwear, Hosiery Gloves, Embroideries, and White Goods at very low prices. An immense stock of new Dress Goods, including 50 different styles, at greatly reduced prices.

S. BARKER & CO.

U. S. Internal Revenue. ANNUAL ASSESSMENT.

3d District of Kentucky. ASSESSOR'S NOTICE. ONFORMITY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF The taxes now to be assessed are as follows:

SECOND-ARTICLES IN SCHEDULE A.

THIRD-ANNUAL INCOME TAX.

nuired. For the 1st, 2d, 3d, 10th, and 11th wards the office will be at Stone's carriage factory, Main street. For the 4th and 5th wards, No. 326 Jefferson street, jorth side, between Third and Fourth. ames M. Thurman, 1st division, 1st, 10th, and 11th Geo. F. Barth, 2d division; 2d ward.

counties.

John B. Swan, 18th division; Bullitt county.
Jos. B. Carico, 19th division; Spencer county.
Thes. S. Wells, 20th division; Oldham county.
EDGAR NEEDHAM,
j22 d3 Assessor Third District Kentuc

Vou have now an opportunity of entering the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on application to calculate the most clear and full description given on a

THE NEW ENGLAND

No. 39 State street, Beston, Insures Lives on the Mutual Principle. NET ACCUMULATION exceeding 32,000,000, and increasing, for the bennit of members, present and future—the whole safely and advantageously The business conducted exclusively for the benefit sons insured. atest risk taken on a life \$15,006. distributed among the members every fift December 1, 1843—settled in cash or by addi tion to policy.

Premiums may be paid quarterly, semi-annually, or annually; or one balf of the first five annual premiums on Life Policies loaned to the insured, if desired WILLARD PHILLIPS, Prosident.

BENJAMIN F. STEVENS, Secretary. forms of Application, reports, and interesting doc-ments of the Company will be furnished, and any LOUISVILLE REFERENCES.

Hon. W. F. Bullock,
R. Burge, Beq.,
A. Rawon, Esq.,
D. F. Saulds, Esq.,
J. L. DANFORTH, Agent.
Office in Nowcomb's building, northwest corner
fain and Builitt streets; entrance on Builitt street
augl2 deodly

AUGUST ELECTION.

N. COWGILL, of Fulton county, is a candidat to represent the First District in the next U.S se of Representatives. W. M. H. RANDALL, of Laurel county, is the Union candidate for Congress from the Eighth District, m27 c kwte\* APT, WILLIAM J, HEADY is announced as a O candidate for Congress in the 4th Congressions District, subject to the endorsement of a Union Dem eratic convention. THE Hon. BOB. MALLORY is a candidate for Congress to represent the 5th District.

FOR THE STATE SENATE. WE are authorized to an onnee GIBSON MALLORY as a candidate for the State Senate in the district composed of Jefferson county and the upper wards of the city.

A TOUNAR's a candidate for the State Senate from the counties of Hopkins, Webster, and Union.

Mild die Miller is a candidate for re-election to I shall be senate from the District composed of the county of Jefferson and First, Second, Tenth, and Eleventh Wards of the city of Louisville.

FOR THE LOWER HOUSE.

R. WM. M. ALLEN is a candidate to represent Jefferson county in the lower House of the next Legislature, subject to a Union convention, if one bledd. IMPORTANT NOTICE.

ON MAIN, OPPOSITE THE NATIONAL, MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, For which orders are solicited.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,

THE GREAT WESTERN Sorgum Sugar Min. FARMERS AND MERCHANTS. VALL AT OUR FOUNDERY, SOUTH SIDE

Satisfaction guarantied or money refunded.

Main street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth, as his Mill, which we do not hesitate to say w better satisfaction and has more points of e ALL OTHER MILLS COMBINED. ALL OTHER MILLS COMBINED.

This mill is heavier than other mills of the sam size, and the extra weight is placed at points so as t prevent the possibility of breakage, and all the bras journat boxes can be taken out, cleaned, repaired cited, &c., and replaced without the least trouble of taking the mill to pieces (as is the case with all othe mills which have not this improvement). The simplicity and nesatness, combined with strength, speaks for itself. And all who have used this mill do not hesi tate in saying it is the best mill in use.

For full particulars address

PEARSON & AIKIN,

Main street, between I welth and Thirteenth, ju20 d3m

ARMY HATS. BURNSIDE'S REGULATION; PATENT ARMY HAT;

MILITARY CAPS, new style;
HAT AND CAP TRIMMINGS WM. F. OSBORN'S, 225 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

FINE FELT HATS, all colors; NEW STYLE CASSIMERE HAT; BRAID, PANAMA, & LEGHORN HATS: CHILDREN'S HATS: HATS AND CAPS of every grade at WM. F. OSBORN'S.

Wanted to Purchase for Cash, A DWELLING IN A CENTRAL LOCA-tion containing from 6 to 10 rooms. Those ill answering will please state price, size, and lo-cation. Address 897 Louisville P. O. j20 d6 PRIVATE BOARD No. 81 North Market street, between Louisville an Nashville Depot, and Public Square,

Nashville, Tenn. P ERSONS VISITING NASHVILLE WILL FIND pleasant rooms and a table with the best the market affords at reasonrble rates.

j20 dlo MBS. M. A. PATRICK. Farm for Sale,
CONTAINING 409 ACRES, ABOUT 160
acres under good fence and in cultivation, situated near the Ohio river, 30
miles below Louisville. Acceptable improved city property would be taken in part payment Apply to or address
E. S. GRAHAM, 119 d5\*
Rock Haven, via Garnettsville, Ky.

NOTICE TO BAKERS. 200 BBLS BELOIT CITY BYE FLOUR; 100 bbls Milwauk e "for sale by jule dtf JUL. DORN & CO., 428 Main st.

CUNDRIES ON CONSIGNMENT-Sparkling Catawba; Catawba Wines; "in bbls; Ialt;
Finegar;
Alcohol;
Neutral Spirits;
New Copper Whiskey;
Pat. Bourbon;
Pat. Bourbon;
Dried Apples;
Kentucky Tobacco;
Cicars;
Limbergor Cheese;
Ale; Rhein Wines; Claret Wine:

Cigars; Limberger Chee
Smcking Tobacco; Ale;
New and old raw Whiskey;
In store and for sale low by d for sale low by JUL. DORN & CO.,
428 Main street, north side,
bet. Fourth and Fifth sts Office Louisville and Noshville R. R. THE COUPONS DUE FIRST JULY NEXT Of the first mortgage benefit of the first mortgage and the fir

the first mortgage bonds of this Company will baid on presentation at this office.
il8 d12 WILLIS RANNEY, Sec'y. NOTICE. THE EXAMINATION OF APPLICANTS FOB the Male and Female High School, will be held on the 22d, 23d, and 24th of June, at the respective High Schools, in the following subjects: Arithmetic English Grammar, Geography, and History of the United States, for the Female High School, and the same, with the addition of Algebra, for the Male High School. the male applicants desiring cards of admission t call on me at my office, at the Female Hig tool, on Saturday moraing, the 20th tast., and ob female applicants will obtain cards on the

he examination to commonce at 8 o'clock, A. M. 6 dtd J. P. GHEEN, Sec'y B. T. P. S. A FARM containing 365 acres river bottom—150 acres cleared—good improvements, immediately on the Ohio River, which is the miles below Hawesville, Ky. A very desirable place and offered extremely low. Apply to WM. G. GRAY, Corner of Jeffersonand Third st.

Public Sale of Land, Negroes, and Public Sale of Land, Negroes, and Personal Property.

AS TRUSTEES of SANDFORD THOMSON, under a conveyance from him for the benefit of his creditors, the undersigned will sell at public auction, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 18th day of July, 1863, sitnated on the waters of Stoner Creek, in Clarke county, Ky., all in good repair, well watered, well tenced, in a good state of cultivation, having a good dwelling house, and in a desirable neighborhood.

Also, at the same time and place, we will sell lying in Montgomery county, on the waters of Lulbe-

Gred, weit and neavity timbered. Aso about EightTeen Neighoes, Mcn, Women, and Children, of various ages, likely and valuable; all the personal property, consisting of 13 head of 2 year old Mules;
5 Work Mules: 12 yearling Mules; 7 Mule Colts;
20 head of Horses, all ages;
40 head of Cattle, all kinds;
Stock Hogs, and the Growing Crop of about 120 acres of Corn and 20 acres of Cats, and lets will be reserved to feed the crop on. Also some Turnpike Stock in the Winchester and Mt. Sterling Road, Stock in the Ashland City property to the amount of about \$10,000, Farming Implements, and Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Marshal's Sale.

Wm. E. Burr, &c.,

Tho. H. Hunt & Co, &c.,

DY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISthe undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday,
June 29, 1863, about the hour of 10 clock A. M., sell
at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the CourtHouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6,
12, and 18 months, so much as may be necessary to sating the decree herein of the property in pleadings 's repert filed herein, which were anothed to boundary. Card herein:
One fronting 265 feet on the east side of First street y 200 feet deep to a 20-foot alley.
One froning 265 feet on the west side of Brook street by 200 feet deep to a 20-foot alley.
One beginning at the northeast corner of of Brook and Oak streets, thence with Brook street northwardly 210 feet 8 inches, thence eastwardly 329 feet, thonce southwardly 203 cet 8 inches to Oak street, thence with Oak street westwardly 329 feet 5 inches to be beginning. ginning.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date unit paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security PHOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. j23 dtd N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

TUTE TWINE-1,000 lbs in store and for sale low b

FOR SALE OR RENT.

For Sale-Valuable City and Country Froperty and Bank Stock.

156 ACRES OF LAND on the Ohlo river, near and above the mouth of Salt river.

26 ACRES OF LAND in Bullit's addition, on Eleventh street extended, north of Thompson's Garden.

PART OF THE OAKLAND TRAOT, including the Oakland House, with 5 or 10 acres of land.

4 ACRES (subdivided) on the corner of Kentucky and Ninth streets. d Ninth streets. LARGE STORE-HOUSE on the west side of Second RES STOCK IN COMMERCIAL BANK. HENNING & SPEED, Real Estate Ag'ts.

For Sale.

TWENTY FINE BUILDING LOTS, situated land Railroad, above Seventeenth street. Apply 1 ji5d12\* Seventh st., bet. Grayson and Walnut Sales and Walnut S Shelby Farm for Sale. Shelby Farm for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED, AS AGENT,
offers a fine Farm, containing 156 acres,
within one mile of the town of Snellyville, Ky. The farm is in a high state of
rate pike. The improve nents good, and a fine
ment of fruit. It is one of the best timbered if
the county. Also never-failing water, with a tu
fine ponds. The farm can be bought on rea
torms, as the owner has determined to leave it
ty. Apply to the undersigned, at Shelbyvil

y. Apply to the undersigned, at Shelbyville, Ky.
who will take pleasure in showing the farm to those
wishing to purchase.
j12 d2m

F. NEEL, Agent. Building Lots for Sale, streets; feet on Chestnut, between Floyd and Preston

streets;
20 fect on Gray, between Floyd and Preston streets;
20 fect on Gray, between First and Second streets;
22 feet on orner of Ninth and Ormsby streets;
22 feet on orner of Ninth and Ormsby streets;
all graded and paved ready for improvement. Appl
to
116 d12\* Corner of Jefferson and Third. For Sale.

THE SHOP KNOWN AS "LOUISYILLE WHEEL-BARROW WORKS," situated on Portland Avenue, near Seventeenth street. Attached to this Shop is a fine boiler, 20 feet long by 42 inches is diameter, with a double cylinder upright engine, 25 horse power. The ground will be sold or leased with the buildings and machinery. Apply to Mr. Fletcher at the Corn Mill on High street, between Sixteenth and Seventeer th streets, or to J. R. PIRTLE, 156112\* Seventh st., bet. Grayson and Walnut.

FOR SALE - A WELL-IMPROVED buildings-on Muddy Fork, one mile west of the Slate Cut, on the Jefferson-ville R. R. Will sell for cash for \$3,500.

Also 110 ACRES or 140 ACRES of IMPROVED LAND, two miles west of Mesphis, Indiana.

Also a good HOUSE and LOT and a VACANT LOT in Henryville, Indiana.

For particulars inquire, personally or by letter of

Cottage and Lot for Sale. HOUSE CONTAINS 5 BOOMS with side hall cistorn and coal-house. Lot 20 by 105 feet, situated on east side of Eighteenth street, between Walnut and Madison. For terms apply B. LYNGH,

For Sale,
A NY OF TEN HOUSES AND LOTS, OF DIFFERent qualities and locations, in Louisville; a farm
of 177 acres, 20 miles from Louisville, on the air line to
Frankfort, Ky., for sale or rent. Apply at No. 525
Third street, 100 yards south of Louisville Postofice,
m25 dtf
WM. H. FORWOOD. For Sale--Brick Houses and Building Lots. A BRICK HOUSE with 10 rooms; Lot 284 12 by 210 feet; north side Jefferson, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets.

A BRICK HOUSE with 12 rooms; Lot 301/4 by 405 feet; east side Second street, between Walnut by 305 feet; east sine Second street, between and Chestnut streets.

A LOT, 40 by 195 feet, north side Main street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets.

A LOT, 94% by 200 feet, south side Jefferson street, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets.

A LOT, 120 by 200 feet, east side Fourth street, between York and Breckluridge streets.

The last two will be divided if required. For terms, apply to m24 dtf

For Sale,

3,400 ACRES FINE FARMING LANDS, IM
of the Logansport and Peoria Railroad, and in Pulaski,
White, and Starke counties, Indiana, on the Louisville, New Albany, and Chicago Railroad.

At the State Bank, New Albany, Ind.

N. B.—The above lands, except one or two small parcels, are within four miles of railroad stations, and a
large part of them within a mile or two.

maril 9 dem

Por Sale Cheap:

200 FEET OF GROUND on First street, between Main street and the wharf;

100 FEET OF GROUND on Water street, between First and Second street;

100 FEET OF GROUND on Sneed street, between Washington street and the wharf.

HENRY L. POPE,

M2 dtf At the Mechanics' Bank.

REMOVAL. **BOURLIER & COCHRAN** No. 215 Fifth street, nearly opposite

their old stand,

Where, with increased facilities, they will continue to keep on hand a large stock of everything in their line, particularly Cooking and Heating Stoves, Plated and Britannia Ware,

Housekeepers' Hardware; French & English Japanned, Enamelled, and Pressed Ware: Refrigerators and Water Coolers; Which they offer at reasonable prices for cash.

Particular attention paid to ROOFING, SPOUTING,
GUTTERING, and all kinds of out-door work. BOURLIER & COCHRAN, 215 Fifth st., Cotton's Block, bet., Main & Market, jul7 d2m LOUISVILLE, KY.

MAD. D. RUHL,

PRESENTATION SWORDS: STAFF, LINE, AND, MEDICAL SWOBDS; CAVALRY SABRES; FENCING FOILS, &c.: EMBROIDERED SHOULDER-STRAPS: EPAULETTES; SWORD BELTS; SASHES: SWORD KNOTS: CHEVRONS; WORSTED BRAIDS; BUTTONS, &c.

LATEST STYLES OF LADIES DRESS AND MANTILLA TRIMMINGS. Orders attended to promptly. No. 327 Fourth st., next door to Mozart Hall, jul7 d3m Louisville, Ky.

GEO. H. YEAMAN, SAM'L T. WILLIAMS, The Court of Claims

BOURBON WHISKEY.

AT WASHINGTON AT WASHINGTON

HAS JURISDICTION OF CLAIMS AGAINST
If the Government on any Contract, express or implied, for services rendered the Government, or for property taken, used, injured, or destroyed by the Government without pay.

All claims rejected by Paymasters, Quartermasters, and the Commissary Department on account of insufficiency of Certificates, Receipts, Contracts, or other vouchers, and all claims for property taken for the use of the Army without written evidence may be prosecuted in that Court. Claims pending before Congress will be transferred to that Court.

We will attend to the prosecution and collection of all such Claims. Mr. Williams is resident in Washington. Mr. Yeaman will attend, when necessary, to the preparation of cases in Kentucky and adjoining States. The next term of the Court commences on the first Monday in October next.

Parties must furnish detailed statements of their claims and any written evidence in their possession, or reference to the Department, or to the Committee of cither House of Congress, where such evidence has been lodged, and we will give such further instructions as may be necessary.

Address

YEAMAN & WILLIAMS,

Autorneys at Law,

integrated to the court commences on the first mangel of the constant of the court commences on the constant of the court commences on the first Monday in October next.

Parties must furnish detailed statements of their claims and any written evidence in their possession.

YEAMAN & WILLIAMS, Attorneys at Law, Washington, D. C. Louisville Portable Army Bake-Oven. HAVE BEEN, FOR THE LAST TWO YEARS, manufacturing for the Army a PORTABLE BAKE-OVEN that has given universal satisfaction where gard. This Oven has been found by experience where used. This Oven has been found by experience to be the only really serviceable one that has been introduced into the army. I am now prepared to supply at very short notice any number of these incomparable necessities. A patent has been applied for F. W. MERZ,

Louisville Iron Works,

ig dlm Green, between Second and Third.

[Cincinnati Commercial, Chicago Tribune, and St. Louis Republican publish to amount of \$10]

Lost Certificate of Stock.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT A CERTIFIcate of five shares of stock in the Bank of Kentucky, Number 740, dated July 15, 1842, issued in favor
of Ninean B.Gray, was lost or stolen about the 30th day
of September, 1851, from the possession of Joseph J.
Landes, commissioner, Hopkinsville, Christian county, Kentucky, and that six months from this date I
shall apply to the said Bank for a new certificate in
place thereof, and I hereby call on all persons to
show cause why such new certificate shall not be issued.

M. E. WARFIELD,

m19 d2aw6m

WINDOW-GLASS-1,000 boxes Window-Glass, as sorted sizes, for sale by j20 d6&w2 R. A. ROBINSON & CO GLASSWARE-500 boxes Glassware, assorted, for j20 d6&w2 R. A. ROBINSON & CO. L ICORICE-200 cases Extract Licorice, best brands, for sale by j20 d6&w2 R. A. ROBINSON & CO. CASTOR OIL-10 bbls Castor Oil for sale by 120 d6&w2 R. A. ROBINSON & CO. STAGG'S S. C. HAMS-500 Stagg's sugar-cured Hams in store and for sale by j18 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st. BREAKFAST BACON-2,000 lbs choice sugar-cured
Breakfast Bacon just received and for sale by
j18 d6 DOW & BULKHARDT, 417 Market st, ENGLISH DAIRY CHEESE-50 boxes choice old English Dairy Cheese in store and for sale by 118 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT. 417 Market st. CREAM CHEESE-A full supply New York Cream, Pine-Apple, and Sap-Sago Cheese in store and for

TAMILY FLOUR-50 bbls very choice White Wheat Flour in store and for sale by ils d6 DOW & BUBKHARDT, 417 Market st.

sale by j18 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

WANTED. A NEAT PROTESTANT WOMAN CAT PROTESTANT WOMAN, WHO CAN be good careful a child and is a good seamstress, day pleasant home with full wages by address-awer No. 79, Louisville Post-office. First rate cas required. The UNESQUALLED PRIZE AND STATIONERS PACKAGES, containing 100 useful articles, and accompanied by a magnificent box of Joweiry, from which each purchaser can solect a prize to smit themselves. The articles contained in a paskage could not be purchased elsewhere for \$1, yet the price is but 25 cents. Agents easily clear \$15 per day at this great money-making business. Circulars sent free.

June3 dly Gincinnati, O., and Chicago, III.

The Largest and Safest Speculation of the Age. WANTED IMMEDIATELY—AN ENTERPRISING PARTNER with \$3,000 cash to go to Central and Senth America and Sandwich Islands on a speculation that will pay \$100,000. This is a rare opportunity offered by one familiar with the countries proposed to visit. For particulars address W. B. L. Box 1,286, Louisville, Ky. WANTED (ENITTING MACHINE)

ELLIOT & BRANSON, General Agents, apr27 dly 120 Lake street, Chicago, Itt. A anted to Rent,
A GOOD, COMFORTABLE DWELLINGHOUSE, containing 5 to 7 rooms, in the comstall rail part of the city. Address Drawer Ne. 18,
121 Post-office.
9 482

Depot Quartermaster's Office, LOUISVILLE, KY., June 16, 1863.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED until 12 M. on June 30 for furnishing the following supplies, which must be delivered at Louisville, Ky., tree of charge for packages or freight and ready for

ARTICLES REQUIRED: 0 (five hundred) Carriage Bolts, 3x5-16; 0 (five hundred) " " 3x%; 0 (five hundred) " " 2½x5-16; 0 (five hundred) " " 3¼x5-16; 0 (five hundred) " " 4x%; by 14 in. Oval Iron;
by 1 in.
inch-Square Mrs. J. A. BHATTIE. 40 (forty) "3" ""

10 (one hundred) bundles 1-inch Hoop Iron;

1,000 (one thousand) bars 2x¼ inch Spring Steel;

60 (sixty) bars 1½x¼ inch

60 (sixty) "2x¼ "

1,000 (one thousand) pounds 2x¼ inch Cart

500 (five hundred) kegs Mule Shoe Nails;

150 (one hundred and fifty) kegs Horse Shoe Nails;

3,000 (three thousand) kegs Horse Shoes;

2,000 (two thousand) "Mule"

1,000 (one thousand) Wagon Pipe Boxes, 1¾x2 in., 12

in. long;

in. long;
400 (four hundred) Ambulance Pipe Boxes, 14x1/2 in., 8½ in. long; 20,000 (twenty thousand) Hind Wheel (Army Wagon) 5,000 (five thousand) Front Wheel (Army Wagon) Spokes; 800 (eight hundred) Army Wagon Hubs; 1,500 (filteen hundred) Hind Wheel (Ambulance) 1,500 (filteen hundred) Hind Wheel (Ambulance)
Spokes:
500 (five hundred) FrontWheel (Ambulance) Spokes.
All bids to be addressed, giving post-office address,
to the undersigned.
W. JENKINS,
jl7 codtd
Capt. & A. Q. M., U. S. Army. DR. JOHN BULL'S COMPOUND The Latest and Most Important Dis-

COVERY Of the 19th Century.

No MAN'S NAME IS MORE INTIMATELY CONnected with the history of the Materia Medica of
the United States, or more favorably known as a pioneer in medical discovery, that that of Dr. JOHN
BULL, of Louisville, Ky. His inimitable preparation
of Sarsapariila, has long stood at the head of the various compounds of that valuable drug. His Compound
Pectoral of Wild Cherry has become a household
word throughout the West and South; and his Worm
Lozenges, in less than a year after their introduction,
attained a reputation as widespread as the continent

DYSPEPSIA. And its attendant train of symptoms, it acts more like a charm than a medicine. There is nothing in the whole range of the Materia Medica that can for a mo-

Cedron Bitters One trial and you will never use any others.

It is not necessary to publish a long list of diseases for which the Cedron Bitters are a specific.

In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER, OR KIDNEYS;
In all affections of the BRAIN DEPENDING UPON DERANGEMENT OF THE STOMACH OR BOWELS;
IN GOUT, R HEUMATISM, AND NEURAL CHA: GIA;
And in FRVER AND AGUE;
It is destined to supersede all other remedies. It

MRS. A. NAUTS. BOYS' AND GIRLS'

Rast side of Third st., between Walnut and MRS. NAUTS KENPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND a large stock of goods for the making of Boyst and Girls' Clothing, and also has Beady-made Clother for Children in stock, such as for Children in stock, such as—
Boys' Suits, Jackets, Pants, Coats, and Waistcoats
Girls' Dresses, Infants' Sacks, Bonnets, Cloaks, &c.
Children's Clothes fashionably out and made at the
shortest possible nettice. Patterns received regularly from Paris of the very
latest fashions.
Pinking of most elegant styles done.
Mrs. Nauts also keeps an assortment of Articles for
Ladies' Toilet, including Fancy Soaps, Powders,
Rouges, Gombs, Brushes, Mrs. Allen's Hair Reatorative, &c.

FLETCHER & BENNETT, 421 Main street. SILVER AND GOLD WATCHES; Fashionable Jewelry; Fine Diamonds, Solid Silver

Tea Sets, Urns,
Pitchers, Goblets,
Speens and Forks. PLATEDGOODS ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,
CAKE AND FEUIT BASKETS.
TEA SETS, WAITERS,
FORKS, KNIVES, SPOONS. Officers' Equipments.

FLETCHER & BENNETT GEO. W. SMALL.

Brussels Carpets; Three-ply Carpets; Two-ply Carpets; Hemp Carpets; Linen Sheeting, 6-4, 8-4, 11-4, & 12-4; Cotton Bunting for Flags;

Bunting for Flags;
Ward Schools will take place on the 29th and 30th of June and lat of July at the Female High School.
Applicants desiring cards of admission will call at my office, at the Female High School, and procure them previous to the examination.

16 dl2

Bunting for Flags;
Cotton Duck, &co.
These Goods are all new, and will be sold at the lowest market price for cash only.

27 Main street, between Third and Fourth, 12 doors west of the Bank of Louisville.

CAVALRY SABRES, BELTS, SASHES, PASSANTS, PRESENTATION SWORDS. New Goods! New Goods!

LINE AND STAFF SWORDS,

DIANA INVASION NOT TRUE .- Hon. John B. Bruner, State Senator from Breckinridge the neighborhood of Rome, nor at that place, April last, as a spy. He was found guilty and and steadily discredits all reports that they have crossed at all at any point along the river since Hines's raid. We are induced to believe that such is the case, and that our Hoosier friends have had a most unmerciful scare, from which they are fast recovering. The New Albany Ledger, usually so "staid and unexcitable," comes quietly back to reason, and breathes regularly once more. It says: "As we anticipated and intimated yesterday, the reported second rebel invasion of crossed the Ohio into Indiana since the entry of Hines's company, and the whole report probably originated in the attempted crossing into this State on Saturday evening, between Leavenworth and Rome, of a com pany of Kentucky Home Guards, who came over to assist in the capture of Hinds's gang. They were doubtless seen attempting the passage of the river by citizens on the Indiana shore, and who, under the influence of the then existing excitement, and without waiting the alarm by reporting a large rebel force as having actually invaded the State. All the | Cape May diamonds which line its shores. troops sent in pursuit of the supposed raiders have returned. Colonel Maginness took the Legion as far down as Mauckport, where he became satisfied that no rebels had crossed into the State. Colonel Meriwether took the United States volunteers and Captain Knapp's battery to Orleans and Paoli, they too failing, of course, to find an enemy. The boys were all spoiling for a fight, and we have no doubt had they found any rebels they would have whipped and captured them. But we are truly glad they had no occasion to try their New Law Firm .- The Hon. Geo. H. Yea-

man has formed a partnership with Samuel T. Williams, Esq., of Washington City, for the | tion. prosecution and collection of claims against the Government, before the Court of Claims. The jurisdiction of this court is becoming very important, and includes all claims for services rendered to the Government, and for the use injury of property which may have been ected by the military officials for insufficient or informal vouchers. Mr. Williams is a sonin-law of John C. Rives, Esq., and resides in Washington, while Mr. Yeaman, the distinguished Representative from the Second District of Kentucky, will prepare cases in Kentucky, and the neighboring States if necessary. legal ability, their high integrity, and their found in our advertising columns, and those who are so unfortunate as to have disputed accounts or unliquidated claims against the Government will find it advantageous to sc-

of the Richmond Enquirer, was dead or not, Anderson, Esq. and we being unable to respond, Charley Kirk, "See De Kay," writes to us from "Prison No. Three," at Lexington, furnishing the neces- ner, an Orderly Sergeant in Morgan's cavalry, Three," at Lexington, furnishing the necessary information. Mr. Dewitt died in Am-History of the War, published in Richmond, and recently republished in the North, while Mr. E. A. Pollard "did the rhetoric." By the reasonable degree of comfort, but he complains that our request to the "Messrs. Authorities" concerning his discharge, "three fingers," and it's hard, but it's fair.

MR. CAREY'S BENEFIT .- The secretary of the his box-office for tickets to his benefit. He has has been seized by the Marshal of the Dischoose to invest, and in return he will issue | being in the South. his five-twenties in the shape of Buckstone's comedy of Married Life and the sterling drama of the Broken Sword, and songs and other good securities. Mr. Carey has been the recipient of the compliment of the voluntary tender of the services of all the company on this occasion, and last night he was honored by a card from a large number of citizens desiring to make his benefit a complimentary one, but it was received too late for him to respond to it. Let Carey have a bumper house, for his courtesy, kindness, and attention deserve it. .

Tobacco.—The sales yesterday were more brisk than for a week past, and at better prices, owing to the important fact that manufacturing buyers are here from Cincinnati, Covington, St. Louis, and other points, who are purchasing rather liberally. We hope to see a revival of the excitement that existed a few weeks since, when an unprecedented unt of business was done and at most exet figures. We incline to the opinion, as do the tobacco men of this city generally, that such will be the case. No business so completely monopolizes the attention of our busi-

ness community as the tobacco trade. REPORTED BATTLE WITH MORGAN .- An officer has just arrived who reports Morgan as having evacuated this State and recrossed the Cumberland, turning his face southward, and states further that Wilder's mounted infantry, united with a division of Federal troops under Palmer, met him on the south side of the Cumberland, where a battle ensued, which was in progress when he left. The result was

last. The articles bore the simple dedication, To S. P. Browder, from his class of 1863." The compliment, which was gracefully paid, was well deserved, as Mr. Browder is one of the most successful as well as one of the most popular teachers connected with our city

Another old citizen has passed away. Mr. William Elliott died yesterday at the ripe age of eighty-four years, and will be buried this afternoon. He was born in Loudon county, Virginia, but removed to this city in his early manhood, and resided here nearly

The two boards of the General Council will meet at the usual hour this evening. They having accepted an invitation to attend the exhibition of the Female High School on Thursday night, there will be no meeting on their regular evening, to-morrow night.

The picnic for the benefit of St. John's Church (Catholic), to come off on the Fourth at Knapp's Garden, promises to be a delightful affair, as the managers and the ladies are exerting themselves to make every preparation for enjoyment.

Officers Bligh and Gallagher yesterday sted two young men on Fourth street for fighting. They concluded to settle a difficulty existing between them in a regular fisticuff, but were interrupted as above stated and taken to jail.

resident of Campbell county, Ky., has been tried by court-martial in Cincinnati, on the charge of aiding and abetting the enemy, found guilty and sentenced to be shot. Dial. it will be remembered, was arrested several months ago, in the northeastern part of the county, in company with E. M. Grindle. Passenger Trais

Tebanon Train

They forcibly deprived nevi bleach

Valuable horses, with the intention of turning

Thicknown of the Bast Express for Olicinanti, Indianapolia,

Chicago, and the East.

Chicago, and the Bast.

10:00 P. M.

They forcibly deprived nevi bleach

valuable horses, with the intention of turning

the same over to the rebel Colonel Cluke, of

whose command they were members. It was

on this charge that Dial was tried. James Clark Lisle, another one of Cluke's men, has been tried by court-martial in Cincinnati, on county, Kentucky, informs us that no robel | the charge of entering the Federal lines, at or forces whatever have crossed the Ohio river in | near Jackson's Ferry, Clark county, Ky., in

THE CIRCUS IS COMING .- There is nothing like a good equestrian exhibition to enlist the sympathy and excite the curiosity of the amusement-loving portion of the community. and old and young, grave and gay, never miss the opportunity to enjoy the periodical visits of these perambulating institutions.

The high reputation which has preceded the well-known establishment of Thayer & Noyes has stirred up. has stirred up a furore of no common order, Indiana has turned out a false alarm of very and the announcement that the concern will large proportions. No rebel troops have be in this city next Monday has enlisted the expectations of all sorts of people.

CAPE MAY .- Travellers to the Atlantic seashore will find Cape May the finest bathing place in the world, and Congress Hall, kept by the veteran hosts Miller & West, is one of the finest hotels "on the planet." Its spacious lawn, and the view therefrom of the eternity of waters stretched before the spectator, are things of beauty which once seen remain joys in memory forever. The thought of the beach to see Whether they really got across, raised gives a Shelly impression to our language, as the poet's gem sparkles in our mind like the

> SUBURBAN LOTS .- We call attention to the advertisement of the chancery sale of lots in the case of Burr vs. Hunt & Co. The lots are beautifully situated on the line of the First street railroad, to be laid this fall, and have many attractions for suburban residences. They are immediately opposite Schwartz's garden.

THE CLAY STATUE .- We are gratified to learn that letters have been received from Hart, the sculptor, stating that the statue of Henry Clay, intended for our Court-house, is

A rumor has reached Nashville that a squad of Morgan's men captured a company of Stokes's cavalry, numbering sixty-five men, on Saturday, near Carthage. The men Both of these gentlemen are eminent for their | who were captured had been to Gallatin as an escort, and were returning-so the report promptitude in business. Their card will be says and had with them a mail for the troops

terday sold a hogshead of tobacco at the BANY, AND CHICAGO RAILROAD OFFICE) .- The bandsome rate of forty-one dollars per hundied jounds. It was owned by Mr. H. W. B. M. DEWITT. - A lady having asked Patterson, of Larue county, Kentucky, and through our columns whether B. M. Dewitt, purchased by the well-known dealer L. L.

A MORGAN MAN CAPTURED .- Jas. T. Faulkherst county, Virginia, during the month of was captured on the Lebanon pike Monday variety of Stationery, &c. They hope, by January last; he furnished the facts for the last by Col. Cluding's Seventh Kentucky cav-

The Nashville Press says the man that way Charley says he is well and enjoying a was killed by the picket guard on the Frankin pike on Saturday evening last is said to eral soldier now in that city as a Confederate that bottle, has not been complied with. Well, officer. The Press has not learned his name Com or rank.

Confiscation .- The property in Washingtheatrical treasury has issued his order for this ton City Dr. James J. Warring, and of Capt. evening, and grants licenses for all to trade at Henry B. Tyler, formerly of the marine corps, called in as many "greenbacks" as the public | trict, under the confiscation act, both parties

The following real estate transfers were made in the city of Louisville and county of Jefferson from the 19th to the 23d of June:

and wife to John McGrath f on the south side of Port atieth streets, by 155 kgs, to a 20-foot alley...... sum'l Churchill's executors to Jas. McAulty, lot No. 16, in block No. 8, in Churchill's addition to Louisville, fronting on Oak

el Churchill's executors to Jno. McWil-ns, lot No. 17, block No. 8, in the same addition.

(cs. Henin to Maria Jacquot, 40 acres, in Jofferson county, Ky.

(os. Henin to Achille Dubourg, 45 acres, in Jefferson county, Ky. DEFENCE OF THE NASHVILLE RAILROAD. GALLATIN, TENN., June 21, 1863.

thwart such an undertaking. of the 129th Illinois and about four hundred to intercept them, if possible. Well, the upshot of the whole matter was that, after waiting until the grey dawn of daylight lit up the eastern horizon, and the enemy still failing to make their appearance, the men were ordered back to their respective quarters, the present writing all is again quiet, and the Union forces under Col. Sweet still retain un-

selves, it is evident that the enemy intend to day, and thus cut off Gen. Resecrans's of keeping his army provisioned. ally protect this great and indispensable thor-oughfare from the incursions of the vandals. Not a moment is to be lost; the prosperity and welfare of an entire army is placed in jec are adopted and put into force. Although the road is at present heavily guarded at different points along the line, this is not enough, would not wish to be branded as an alarmist without just cause; far from it. The exigencies of the hour demand that the "powers that be" should be fully aroused to action in

In connection with their Gent's Fur are prepared to make to order from measure Shirts in any style. cotton drill Drawers, and checked muslin Underwear. Their Shirts are made in the hous and well made.

Miss McTavish, whose lover is imprisoned nd carries from the hotel where she stops good dinners and champagne, and with thes uxuries her tenderest sympathies. She ride about the village in a carriage, and is already a lioness with the villagers.

this well-kept and well-located hotel.

Messrs. Harris & Chatfield have a large variety sale at their auction rooms this morning at 10 o'clock of choice groceries, glassware, boots and shoes, and dry goods, to which, they inform us, will be added queens ware and house-keeping utensils. Buyers will do well to take our advice and attend.

Such stocks of goods as will be sold

Legislature, will address the people of Har ounty as follows: At Horse Cave, Saturday, July 4.

WHOLESALE MILINERY GOODS .- Otis & Co. 516 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth (up stairs), has a very large stock of black and white trimmed and untrimmed hats and a

FRENCH CORSETS, genuine, just received at FLAGS, wholesale and retail, at J. SUES'. CONFEDERATE MONEY .- The most perfec

Iress, amount enclosed,

JOHN SEYMOUR, Box 127, Louisville P. O. P. S. Not less than five dollars sold.

material of the kind, now in use, for tin, iron, or metal roofs. C. COGGESHALL,
Sign of the Elastic Roofing, Jefferson street,
between Fourth and Fifth. jlodtf

AND THIRD STREETS (AT LOUISVILLE, NEW ALsigned would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they are now prepared to furnish to subscribers and others the daily and weekly papers of New York, Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati, of the latest dates: besides which, they will keep constantly on hand Harper's, Peterson's, Go-ley's, Atlantic, Frank Leslie's, and other Monthly Magazines, and all the principal IIion to business, to merit a libera WM. H. EHRICH & CO., Proprietors.

m22 d1m Col. Marc Mundy, Commandant of the Post, has rooms at the Louisville Hotel, where strangers going South, arriving after office hours, and entitled to passes, may obthan those arriving after office hours.

UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS . -ave on hand, and will constantly keep, a full upply of the above stamps. Persons ordering by mail may depend upon having their orders filled by return mail.

Hill's Gold Pens! place to buy fine Pens, Cases, &c.—can suit any hand. Gold Pens Repointed for 50c. Pens sent safely by mail.

Those wishing a superior pen, warranted perfect in every respect, will send stamp for N. B.—Stencil Brands cut as usual.
R. C. HILL,

D. C. TABB, corner of Market and Fourth streets, has now in store a complete assortment of the newest and most desirable stock of La-dies' Dress Goods for Spring and Summer, and the best stock of Domestic Goods, to be found their interest to give this house a call.
mayl1 j&b WM. TURNER, Agent.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, LOUISVILLE, KY, June 21, 1863. General Orders No. 33. The following extract from General Orders o. 5 from Headquarters 23d Army Corps, and Louisville, Ky., June 18, 1863, is pubshed for the information of all concerned:

yofficer of the Corps found in Louisville twenty-hours after the publication of this order, and any coming there afterwards, without proper authorwall be sent to their commands in arrest, and gas for disobedience of orders and absence without will be preferred against them.

officer has authority to order or permit any of ommand to go beyond the limits of his own juristion. When the interests of the service require an er or soldier to go beyond the limits of the comdin which he is serving, the commanding officer apply, through his superior commanding officers, the officer competent to give the necessary orders, and the desired permission, for such orders or perant the desired permission, for such orders or per-

rival, register their names at the office of he Post Commandant. On satisfactory assurance from the officers hus registering their names that they are absent from their posts or commands by proper and competent authority, Col. Marc Mundy, Post Commandant, will issue to them certificates to that effect, stating by whose authority they are absent and the length of time they re permitted to remain in the city.

Col. Mundy is also charged with the execu-

wlil extend these to the cases of all officers of the Post Commandant to these Headquar-ters of the names of all officers who arrive in he city, and the authority and business upon which they are absent from their commands, and special reports will be made of the case of mand that charges may be preferred agains him for disobedience of orders and absence

The provisions of the foregoing order do ot apply to General officers.

By command of BRIG.-GEN. BOYLE. A. C. SEMPLE, A. A. G. Official—W. A. BOYLE, A. D. C.

On Tuesday, June 23, 1803, WILLIAM ELLIOTT, in the 3th year of his ago.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend his faneral to-day, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his son, Bobert J. Eliott, on the north side of Main street, between Brook and Floyd.

AUCTION SALES. AMUSEMENTS.

SALE OF HORSES AND MULES. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, in accordance with orders received from Headquarters District of Kertucky, at Louiville, ky, I will sell, the foreign energy of the sell, the sell of the sel 71 Horses and 12 Mules.

I will also sell two four-wheel Ambulances

J formed the boatting 3 act Comedy, by Buckston cutified MABRIED LIFE—Mr. Younghusband Mr. Macanley ... To be followed by the song the Old Sexton by a well-known citizen, A.R. ... After which, a Duett by Bella Golden and Mr. McManus ... To conclude with the sterling 3-so Drama entitled the BROKEN SWORD—Estevair Mr. Macanley. The animals can be seen until the day of sale by calling on Mr. James Weeks at this office.

Sale commences at 10 o'clock A. M.:

J. M. HUNTINGTON,
Captain and A. Q. M.

Assistant Quartermaster's Office,
Munfordville, Ky., June 15, 1883. BY HARRIS & CHATFIELD. GLASSWARE, ENGLISH SODA, EXTRACT AND GROUND COFFEE, GERMAN SOAP, INDIGO,

WRAPPING TWINE, MACKEREL, TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS, CHEESE, OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKEY, FRENCH BRANDY, ORAB CIDER, DRY GOODS, AND BOOTS AND SHOES AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MOBNING, Juve24, at 10 o'clook, will be sold, at Auction-Rooms, No. 731 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth, a large assortment of the above Goods, with a great valiety of other articles, which have just been received with orders to close out the entire lot immediately.

\*\*Both The special attention of city and country buyers and dealerg generally is invited to this sale. and dealers generally is invited to this sale.

Terms cash.

BARKIS & CHATFIELD,

j23 d2

VERY IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE BY L. KAHN & CO., 404 MAIN STREET.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, com sites, 50 toxen passes.

A constitute of the con

Valuable Improved Real Estate AT AUCTION.

A S ATTORNEY IN FACT FOR THE HEIRS of Fred. Turner, deceased, I will sell at public FIVE HOUSES AND LOTS

about 73 5-12 feet. There are two houses on Cour Place fronting 15 9-12 and 15 10-12 feet, and runs back about 60 10-12 feet. TWO HOUSES AND LOTS

At the nor: hwest corner of Tenth and Grayson streets, fronting together 40 feet on Tenth street, running back same width on Grayson street 165 feet to West street; each house fronts 20 feet, and has five rooms, kitchen, cellar, cistern, &c.; upon the rear of each lot is a frame cottage with two rooms and kitchen. A HOUSE AND LOT

In Portland, commencing on the south side of High street, 127% feet each of First cross street—fronting 105 feet on High street, running back 165 feet on the east side and 125 feet on the west side to an alley, with a front on the alley of about 100 feet, is part of a triangle in square 8, old Plat in E. Portland. The house is a new, well built, roomy, high cottage, of 6 rooms, sheds, kitch n, cistern, &c.

Each house will be sold separately. An accurate description of each piece of said property will be given at the sale.

Terms—One half cash, balance in 4 and 8 months, with interest and lien on the property.

THOMAS A. MORGAN, j23 dtd

Attorney in Fact.

Public Sale of Government Stock. WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC auction, to the highest bidder, at the old Oakland Race Course, near the 1 Jenny, 1 Jacks, 3 Mares with foal, 1 Mare and Colf 50 Horses (condemned); 100 Mules (condemned). Terms cash, and the property to be removed the same day at risk of owner.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on THURS-DAY, the 25th day of June, 1863, and to continue daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. until they are all dis-W. W. ALLNUTT, Auctioneer.

CLOSING THREE DAYS' AUCTION SALES FOR SPRING OF 1863 On 23d, 24th, and 25th of June,

BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO., N. B.—Depot No. 1 for the reception of baskets at the small hall in the Masonic Temple.

Lepot No. 2, Eiseman's grocery, southeast corner of Campbell and Main streets. Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, and Brogans. ON WEDNESDAY, 2th June. at 10 A Mr. to close Dalance of a Retail Stock, invoices Job Lots, &c.

N THURSDAY, 25th June, at 10 A. M., to close

o'clock M., 250 lots Men's fashionable Readymade Clothing (just received); also a small lot Youths' and Boys' Frocks, Sacks, Pants, and Vests. Terms cash (bankable money). kable money).
THOS. ANDERSON & CO.,
Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER. BULLITT STREET STORE-HOUSES AND LOTS AND JEFFERSON STREET DWELLING-HOUSE AND LOT AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, June 25, at 4 or oleasure will retreat. Torms and 224 for four story Brick Store-Houses and Lots, 21 8-12 feet front each by 75 deep, on the west side of Bullitt street, between Main and the river. After which, at 5½ 0'clock, on the premises, northeast corner of Jefferson and Jackson streets, a two story Brick Dwelling-House, having 4 rooms, kitchen, and all necessary out-buildings, with a Frame House baving 3 rooms on the east of the lot, and fronting on Jackson street. Lot 35 feet front by 204 deep to an alley. The Brick House, Frame House, and Lot will be sold together. This preperty is ordered to be sold without reserve to close an estate. Title perfect. j20 dtd G. W. CHATFIELD. VI 17 17 L. HARRIS.

AUCTION AND CONNISSION PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS HOUSE,

LOUISVILLE, KY. HARRIS&CHATFIELD. AUCTIONEERS. SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF MERCHANDISE, New and Second-hand Furniture for public or pri-vate sale. Liberal cash advances made on consign-Out-door Sales promptly attended to.

Beffe to Smith & Waller, Webb & Levering, "may26 dis m

Ariso Montuckians! DEFEND YOUR HOMES. I AM AUTHORIZED TO RAISE A
Battery of Light Artillery for the defence of the State, under the late Act
of Congress authorizing a volunteer

FOR SALE. S FEET FRONT, 200 FEET DEEP, ON THIRD street, south of York street. Inquire of WEBB & LEVERING, Mainst, near Third

j19 eod10\* Indiana Farm for Sale,

120 ACRES, TWO MILES NORTH-OF

Vionna, on the Jeffersouville R. R., and a
about one hundred yards from the road. 60 g
acres are cleared, and the rest good timber.

The land fles high. There is a good log house as
necessary buildings, a good well of water, and p
of stock water. A good orchard of bearing

SAFE FOR SALE. U. S. Marshal's Sale.

One Bay Mare, 5 years old, 14 hands 2 inches high H. C. McDOWELL, Marshal. JOHN WILSON, Deputy.

NOTICE.

I KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST and most approved cooking and heating stoves. The leading wood stoves are the True Kentuckian, Charmer, Pellican, and Palmetto; the coal stoves—Alligator, Chiefton Startlight. Chieftain, Starlight.

I also keep an assortment of Brass Kettles, Enamelled and Porcelain ware, Smoothing Irons, Coffee Mills, Tin Plates, Preserve and Fruit Can Tops and Bottoms, and all other articles usually found in such establishments. I also manufacture Fruit Cans, Tin, Copper, and Sheet-Iron ware, all of which I will sell at the lowest cash price, either wholesale or retail.

Tin roofing and guttering done at the shortest notice. tice.

Country merchants and dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Highest price paid for old iron and copper ted to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Highest price paid for old iron and copper O. GATHRIGHT, j23 dly No. 121 Market st., bet. First and Second.

MORNING DESPATORES. Louisville Theatre, 

BELAST WEEK OF THE SEASON. TO Grand Complimentary Benefit to Mr. T. J. CAREY. ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 24, will be performed the heartful 3 act Comedy, by Buckstone

Richmond. Louisiana, Burned.

Friday evening benefit of Mr. GEORGE F. FUL-LER. ## Private Boxes 85 and \$6. Dress Circle and Par-queste 75 cents. Second Ther 25 cents. Gallery 15 cents. Colored Boxes 35 cents. Gallery 15 Deors open at 7%; Curtain rises at 8%. Grant's Operations at Vicksburg,

Doings of the Missouri Convention. THAYER & NOYES' [Special Despatch to the Louisville Journal. MURFREESBORO, June 23.

Col. J. T. Wilder's scouts have scoured the country in our rear. The citizens say that AND HIPPOZOONOMADON! strong forces were distributed over the country, and that the enemy's intentions were to carry off the crops. An unexpected order, The Great Paragon Amphitheatre of 1863, however, precipitated a movement, and Mor-A MAGNIFICENT ARRAY OF gan's whole force, concentrating at Alexan-UNPARALLELED NOVELTIES. dria, attempted to cross the Cumberland into Kentucky, but were repulsed with heavy loss. INTRODUCING Our army to-day is jubilant. A Splendid Gumnastic Corps,

Golden Chariot.

Mr. JAS. ROBINSON, Champion Rider of the World;

The DELEVANTI BROTHERS:

With a numerous corps of auxiliaries,

And Dr. THAYER'S quadrupal we

Admission ...... Children and Servants.....

Samuel Rinehart,
Dan Bushnell,
Will Antonetta,
Master James,
Master George,
Master George,
Wm. Heffron.

Dr. JAS. L. THAYER, the great American Talking clown, and ALBERT AYMAR, the English Perform

Mr. CHAS. W. NOYES, the celebrated Equestrian Director and Horse-Tamer, will appear and introduce his wonderful Trained Horse

General Scott,

THE ACTING MULES.

MASONIC CHIBRATION

St. JOHN'S DAY,

June 24, 1863.

PROGRAMME.

ocession will form at 7½ o'clock, under the direc of the Graild Marshal, on Fourth street, righ ag on Walunt—meve at 3, marching out Chestnut ce to Seventh, thence to Main, thence to Fourth ce to the river. Embark for Grove, opposite Fix Island, at 9 o'clock. Music by the band on boar steamer. Land for general enjoyment, dancing

Re-embark at 5½ o'clock and return to the city, pro-ession moving directly from the boat to the Mysonic emple, and disband. Reassemble in the large Hall at o'clock.

EVENING.

Music.
Oration by Rev. G. C. LORIMER,
Music.
Benediction.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

INDIANA.

m29 dtill July 1

and Main streets.
o. 3 at Robinson's Lodge-room, corner of

GEORGE DERIOUS, the Man Monkey;

Our scouts confirm the report that a portion A SUPERB EQUESTRIAN TROUPÉ, of Wharton's command have gone to the rebel AND A FINE COLLECTION OF TRAINED HORSES, PONIES, & MULES, Deserters affirm that Bragg is seriously Such as cannot be produced in any other part of the world, will open at LOUISVILLE, corner of East and Wallut streets, for one week only, commencing MONDAY, June 29, 1863, at 7% o'clock P. M., and every afternoon and night during the week.

This model exhibition of the age will make a Grand Procession through the principal streets of the city on the day of exhibition, on which occasion the citizens will have an opportunity of viewing the weakened by the exodus of troops Southward, and that a mere show or pretence retards us

in the front to-day. The enthusiasm that prevails in camp today gives earnest of an inspiring confidence, and I firmly believe that, if the valiant army should be loosed, nothing in the shape of rebel Containing TOM CANAHAM'S NEW YORK BRASS BAND. This Chariot was built this season expressly for Micsers, Thayer & Noyes, at an expense of \$2,700, and is pronounced by all who have seen it to be the most beautiful thing of the kind ever gotten up in this country. It is twenty-eight feet long and ten and a half feet high. It is painted in the most gorgeous style, and is worth seeing.

Among the list of performers will be found battle lines could impede our progress for-

The Marine brigade, under Gen. Ellet, accompanied by Gen. Moore's, made a reconnoissance to Richmond, La., on the 16th, with twenty-three hundred men, drove thirty-five hundred rebels out of the place, captured thirty prisoners, and burned the town. Our loss slight.
On the 15th, at Marion, Ark., Gen. Ellet.

Young's Point, 17, via Cairo, June 23.

captured a wagon containing what purported to be six barrels flour and three boxes goods, but on examination by the commissary it was found to contain over half a million percussion caps, packed in flour boxes. Documents were also found implicating certain well-known merchants in S<sup>t</sup>. Louis as the guilty Walnut Hills, near Vicksburg, June 17.—A

copy of a Vicksburg Whig extra, printed on wall paper, pretends to give exciting Northern news, putting Grant's loss in the siege a A troupe of Lilliputian Ponies and highly Trained Horses, Mammoth Gymnasium, and a hundred othe features will be given to make complete this colossa A rebel lieutenant, captured yesterday, says it is Pemberton's purpose to die sooner than There was picket skirmishing at Haines's

Bluff yesterday and Monday, and the rebels were reported advancing. Our defences at The total casualties in McClernand's corps during the campaign are 3,956. The division of Gen. Blair lost 896 killed, wounded, and missing in the assault of the 19th and 22d. The report that the rebels are fortifying the Black River bridge is erroneous. There is no enemy within many miles of that place.

Later, 18th.—Correspondents from the lines say that unusual activity prevails. The rebels fire more cautiously. No news from Johnston. Hot work is expected.

Official advices from Grant to hoon of the 19th report some advantages gained by our forces on the 18th. The siege was progressing satisfactorily.
Gen. McClernand has been removed from the command of the 13th Army Corps by Grant, and Gen. Ord assigned command in his place.

Col. Misener has destroyed the railroad at
Panola, and is on his way back. No particulars of the expedition received. Rebel cavalry are threatening our lines between Memphis and Corinth, and guerillas are roving through the country north of this line enforcing the conscription and driving off

Memphis, June 21, via Cairo, June 23. The steamer Luminary, from Chickasaw Days, with a scill manage from Grant to the 18th, arrived to-day. 18th, arrived to-day.

Everything is progressing finely. The enemy kept up a steady fire from their heavy artillery, but accomplished nothing, scarcely any man being injured on our side.
Colonel Mower, in command of Milliken's Bend, made an expedition to Richmond, La., drove the rebels from that section, burned the town, and brought the women and children to illiken's Bend. It is stated positively that the rebels carried

the black flag with scull and cross bones in the recent attack on Milliken's Bend. Johnston's forces are moving toward Yazoo city. He will find General Grant ready to re-

The cavalry expedition south of here men-mentioned yesterday resulted in a loss to Major Henry of one hundred men. The main The rebels continue to harrass the railroad and telegraph between here and Corinth, but don't accomplish much, as our troops are always watchful.

NEW YORK, June 23. The following is a copy of a telegram re-teived by Captain Ericsson from the Assistant cretary of the Navy, dated Washington, "The engagement of the Atlanta was exeively with the Weehawken. The former d a 7-inch Brooks rifle in the bow and stern ts, and one 6-inch in each side. She could th both bow and stern and one side gun at e same time. Capt. Rodgers engaged at close larters. The first 15-inch shot fired by him-lf took off the top of the Atlanta's pilot-

Market st., north side, bet, Sixth and Seventa, LOUISVILLE, KY. 15-inch shot struck half way up the roof, which was iron-plated and four and a half inches thick, killing one and wounding seven-DISEASES OF THE NER VOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY, AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—Now and reliable treatment-in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIA-Atlanta six times, when the latter got aground TION—Sent in sealed letter envelops, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Assond surrendered. The Weehauken sustained BUCKEYE REAPER. BALTIMORE, June 23.

FARMERS Call and see the BUCKEYE BEAPER AND MOWER which has proven itself in four years' trial by the farm ers of Kentücky and Indiana to give better satisfaction and have more points of excellence in it than all other machines combined. this morning: A gentleman who left Gettysburg at 7 WARRANTY. Harrisburg of a rebel advance on that place. be nearest approach of rebel cavalry to Get-sburg was the arrival of a small body of

thaterials, simple, durasie, and easy of drait for two horses.

The Combined Reaper will cut from 12 to 15 acres of small grain per day. One Single Mower will cut and apread from 6 to 16 acres of grass per day—both doing the work in a perfect manner.

The Single Mower will cut lodged grass or lodged and wet clover without clogging. scouts at Monterey, ten miles distant, where they stole a few horses and retreated, evidently fearful of capture.

The only force that has crossed the Maryland line beyond Greencastle has been small bodies of cavalry scouts after horses and cattle, of which they have received a small sup-CASH PRICE. Combined Reaper and Mower - - \$165 Combined Reaper and Mower (with CHATHAM, MASS., June 23.
The fishing schooner Juliet, of Beverly,
Captain Mallows, arrived here this evening.
She reports having spoke the schooner Flor-Self-Raker) - - - - - -Single Reaper - - - - - -Large Size Mower = - - - -

Small Size Mower - - - - ence, of Gloucester, this morning about forty miles southeast of Chatham Lights. She had NOTICE. We always keep a full supply of Extras for every part of the Machines on hand. on board one hundred and fifty prisoners from the privateer bark Tacony, which took the Florence yesterday, boarded her, and ordered #3 Catalogues containing full descriptions of the Machines furnished on application. her to New York with the prisoners. The Tacony burned six schooners yesterday be-PITKIN, WIARD, & CO., LOUISVILLE, KY. longing to Gloucester, and three ships.

We have in store a large assortment of the following implements of the very best workmanship: 4 BORSE LEVER POWER THRESHERS,

The Best Artificial Help for Human Sight ever Invented.

The rebels occupied Chambersburg about 11 o'clock to-day. Our cavalry pickets are now five miles this side of there. The troops un-E. SINCERE. Practical Optician, MAIN ST.: UNDER NATIONAL HOTEL SPHEROIDAL SPECTACLES, be in considerable force.

last for Fort Scott, and will soon take the field in the Indian Territory with an adequate force NAZARETH ACADEMY. THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION AND DISTRI-bution of Diplomas and Premiums-will take place on Thursday, the 25th inst. The exercises will com-mence at 8 o clock A. M.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Special News from Murfreesboro.

he twenty-sixth section of the third article of the constitution be abrogated. Chambersburg Occupied by Rebels. tude, except for punishment for crime, sh cease to exist in Missouri after the 4th of Ju 1876, and all slaves within the State lim Enthusiasm in Rosecran's Command

ter that day are hereby declared free. Third—That all slaves hereafter brought into he State, shall thereupon be free.
Fourth—That all slaves removed by conser of their owners to any seconded State after the cassage of the ordinance of secession, and after brought into the State by their own rs, shall thereupon be free.
Fifth—The General Assembly shall have no

JEFFERSON CITY, June 23.

In the convention to-day, Governor Gamble

Chairman of the Committee on Emancipation or esented the following ordinance from the

First-That the first and second clauses o

power to pass laws to emancipate slaves without the consent of their owners.

A minority report was also submitted abrogating the same clauses of the Constitution as above, declaring slavery abolished the 1st o January, 1864, provided they and their issue be apprenticed to their former owners until July 4th 76 requiring the Legislature to near July 4th, 76 requiring the Legislature to pa laws regulating the relations between sa apprentices and their masters, and to secur them humane treatment, and the necessary education, and providing against the imports tion or immigration of any negro or mulati into the State. No future assessment of slav property shall be collected, nor shall the righ o the services of apprentices be subject to tax-

At one o'clock the Convention took uf Drake's resolution.
Foster offered a substitute providing for the election of State officers by the peopt Collings moved to amend Foster's substitut by requesting Gov. Gamble to return his resignation and recontinue the discharge of h uties as Governor of the State unti Monday in November, 1864, which, after muc discussion, passed—47 to 34. The motion to lay the whole matter on the table was lost—34 ayes, 46 nays. Colling's substitute was then adopted—aye 51, nays 29. Adjourned.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA. New York, June 23. The steamer Canada, from Liverpool on the

15th, has arrived.

The Liverpool journals urge an early termination of hostilities between France and Mexco, in order that the French Govern regain freedom of movement on the European

Bourse heavy; rentes 69f 35c. It was reported that the notes of the three powers to Russia regarding Poland would be despatched to St. Petersburg on the 13th.

The Patrie says the Russian Government inclines toward an arrangement with Prussia. BALTIMORE, June 23.

There is very little business doing. Colored laborers are being taken to work on the fortifications. The Frederick train has rived safely. The city is occupied by Federa There are no signs of the rebels anywhere near there.

WEST BADEN SPRINGS, IND., 1 June 22, 1863. }
DEAR Son: Yours of Friday came duly thand. I am happy to say I am much im proved, and that a few days longer, the water of Baden, together with the kind attentions of my worthy friend and host, Dr. Lane, and his most estimable lady, will have so much benefitted me that I can again call myself a well I have great faith in the water of "Baden," having tried it sufficiently to find that to me it is invaluable. There are nine different

springs, each varying from the others in the quality of its waters. And, as for rural amusements, these Springs are not exceeded by any. We have fine fishing and hunting, and a bowling saloon in perfect order.

Dr. Lane has, during the past year, made many and valuable improvements, and his house is well furnished; his table abounds with the heat the State affords; and althaugh with the best the State affords; and although the rebels have recently visited the vicinity of

the Springs, they have not, nor will they, dis-turb the quiet enjoyment of life at West Ba-To the merchant seeking rest from the care of business, to the invalid in quest of health, or to those desiring pleasures most beneficial, I would recommend West Baden Springs as a this week. Say to all my friends that now or three days may be a matter of serious in-convenience toward procuring a room. Respectfully, &c. GEO. W. SMALL.

RIVER NEWS. PORT OF LOUISVILLE. Major Anderson, Cin.
Masonic Gem, Madison,
Nashville, Cum. River.
Convoy, Nashville. Major Anderson, Cin. Emma Vis. Major Anderson, Cin.
Star Grey Eagle, Hend.
New York, Cin.
Leslie Combs, Cin.

Kester Pay, Cin.
Leslie Combs, Cin.

Kester Pay, Cin.

Leslie Combs, Cin.

There is 2 feet 10 inches water in the canal and fal ing slowly. The Gen. Buell is the mailboat for Cincin

The fleet Liberty leaves for Memphis this after The Belle Creole is advertised for Memphis at The Des Moines City will leave for Clarksville and way points at 5 o'clock this evening. The J. T. McCombs is the Hendel ing at 5 o'clock positive

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET. the latter we quote at 30@32 B cent buying. Demand notes 39@40, and scarce. Exchange is buying at 1/4@1/6 notes 33@40, and scarce. Exchange is buying at 34@36 discount, and sell ng at par and % premium. Bankers 1/2@1 % cent premium. We quote the notes of the three old banks of Tennessee at 12@13 B cent discount. Government certificates of indebtedness are bought a am saw and torpedo on her bow, and was ed for a cruise. She is now at Port | cent discount buying, and par@/s premium selling.

FLOUR AND GRAIN-Flour nominal, with light sales The following is taken from the American at \$4 50@5 for superfine, and \$6@6 25 for extra family. Sales 1,500 bushels wheat at 95@\$1 65 for red or old held and white. We quote corn at 65c for ear and shelled clock yesterday morning informs us that Sales of tye at 650. Oats are dull at 60@650 from wagons, here is no truth in the telegraphic report from Barley at \$1 25@1 30. Sales shipstuffs at \$20 \$2 ton, shorts at \$16, and bran at \$13. mess pork nominal at \$9; new at \$13@13 50. Bulk

hams. No demand for bacon, except hams, which are selling in lots at 71/20 for country, 9c for plain canvassed loose, and 10% for sugar-cured. Shoulders and sides are nominal at 4% 65c. No transactions in lard motel connubial happiness. worthy of notice. TALLOW-Held at 10c, but this is above the views o CHEESE-Unchanged-9@91/20. Eggs-Light sales at 8@10c \$ dozen.

GROCERIES—Unchanged; sales sujarin hhds at 13@ 13%c; yellow in bbls at 13%@14c; crushed and refined sugar at 16@16/2c, a few bbls old New York molasses at 65c, and new at 70c. Sales Rio coffee at 32@33c. COTTON YARNS-Unchanged. Sales of No. 500 at 42 @44c. Cotton twine 75@80c. Sheetings—Sales G. W. at 32c. MACKEREL IN KITS-No. 1 \$2 25, No. 2 \$2. WHISKEY-Sales at 41c 7 gallon. LINSEED OIL-Sales at \$1 35 % gallon APPLES-Sales of Northern apples at \$2 50@3 50.

BUTTER—Selling from 12@15c. Wool—Washed wool 55@60c, in crease 35@40c. POTATOES-Sales at \$2 50@3 00 % bbl. hings generally put on a much better face. We notice sales of 119 hegsheads at the following ratee: 1 a \$5, 3 at \$6@6 50, 5 at \$7@7 75, 7 at \$8@8 85, 7 at \$9@9 95 \$17@17 75, 12 at \$18@18 75, 6 at \$19@19 75, 4 at 20@20

CINCINNATI, June 23, P. M.

DRIED FRUIT-Apples, \$1 40@1 50. Peaches, \$3 50.

HAY-Unchanged. Light sales at \$18@19 \$ ton.

CINCINNATI, June 23, P. M.

Flour dull, but there is no change; superfine \$4.40\%
50; extra inspector's standard \$4.60\%4.75; family or
rade brands \$6.00\%5.75.
Wheat dull; red \$1.05\%1.08. Corn 54\%55c. Oats 60c.
Notice thing done in provisions, and prices remain nom nai. Gold 142@145; silver 133; exchange steady. New York, June 23, P. M. Cotton pacre active and 1@2c better; 60@61c for mid

STEAMBOATS.

For Owensboro, Evansville, and Henderson 

For Cairo and Memphis. COMMERCIAL, WILKS, master.

COMMERCIAL, WILKS, master.

Will leave as above. For freight or

passage apply on board or to

i24

MOORHEAD & Co., Agents. MERCURY
Will leave this day, the 24th inst., at 124 and 124 an

LIBERTY NO. 2. CONNER, master, CONNER, master, Will leave on this day, the 24th inet., at 5 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to.

MOORHEAD & CO. Agents.

For Cairo, Rickman, and Memphis\*
Leaves Friday, 26th inst., at 5 P. M.
COMMERCIAL, WILKES master,
will leave as above. For freight or passage apply on board or to
j24

Te. M. ERWIN, Agent. For Owensboro, Evansville, and Henderson J. T. McCOMBS. A. BALLARD, master, Will leave as above on this day, the company of clock P. M. For reight and the company of passage apply on board or to T. M. ERWIN, Agent, For Clarksville, Canton and Eddyville.

Fer Paducah, Cairo, and Memphis. 

For Madison, Carrollton, & KentuckyRiver. The fine, splendid passenger steamer MASONIO GEM, Capt. John Hamman and John H

Memphis and Louisville U. S. Mail Line.

ENGULAE MONDAY PACAET.

The new and fast passenger steamer

ELECTION OF A STATE OF THE STATE O MOORHEAD & CO., or T. M. ERWIN, Agents. Fourth st., bet. Main and Rive

Office for the 4th Ky. Cavalry, Fifth, at the Office of Messrs. Barclay & Evans, Pension Agents. Pension Agents.

I DESIRE TO RECRUIT FOR THE above regiment, which has been in service nearly two years, a few goed, we I-built, healthy, and sober men. The regiment is favorably known, and has participated with great credit in a number of engagements, and lately at Franklin,

DUTCHER'S LIGHTNING

FLY-KILLER Supplies a want felt by every good housekeeper. Every sheet will kill a quart where flies are thick. Remember that it is DUTCHER's that does this, and refuse the base imitations that are offered. The real article is for sale by all respectable Druggists.

WILSON, PETER, & CO, 1515 dis&w8w

Louisville, Wholesale Ag'ts.

Collector's Natica
MANUFACTURERS, BUTCHERS, AND OTHERS
against whom mouthly assessments of faxes have
been made are hereby notified that the assessment for
the mouth of May has been returned to me for collec-This Tax must be paid before the lst of July. All parties failing to pay will be placed upon the delinquent list and lay themselves liable to the penalties of the law. PHILIP SPEED, Col. 3d Dis Ky. j22 d10

NOTICE. MY WIFE, OLIVIA GUSSMAN, DESERTED MY bed and board on the 4th inst, without assigning any cause, and still remains absent, having entered a

TURPENTINE-250 galls Spirits Turpentine for sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO., 120 d6&w2 S15 Main st. A LCOHOL-30 bbls Alcohol, 76 and 98 per cent, for sale by j20 d6&w2 R. A. ROBINSON & CO. R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

THE GREAT ENTAN MEDICINE.



Emissions, Impotency, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back. Stone in the Bladder, Obstructed and Difficult Menstruation, and all Diseases caused by deviating from the course of Nature and indulging in Self-Pollution. By the use of this "CURE" all improper dis-

charges are removed, the weakened organs of generation are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Either sex contemplating marriage should re

In the Cherokee Cure" the poor, debilitated worn down, and despairing devotee of sensual pleasur will find relief. The listless, ennervated youth, the overwor weakness of a single organ, will ALL find immediate and permanent relief from the use of this great

Indian Romedy, To those who have trifled with their constitue tion until they think themselves beyond the reach of relleve you after all Quack Doctors have

It deals with disease as it exists, not only strike ing at the very seat and removing the causes upon which it depends, but it rebuilds the broken constitue tion, carrying life and health through every vein an wenkened organ. The "Cherokee Cure" is put up in a highly

prepared from pure vogetable extracts in the form of a delicious sirup. For particulars, get a Circular, FREE, from an Drug Store in the country; or write the Proprietor. who will mail FREE to any one desiring the same a

full Treatise in pamphlet form. PRICE \$2 per bottle, or three bottles for \$5, and forwarded by Express to all parts of the world. Sold by all remedable Druggists everywhere. Dr. W. R. MERWIN, Sole Proprietor,

No. 6 South Fourth street, ST. LOUIS, MO. Sold in Louisville by BAYMOND & TYLER and all respectable Wholesale and Betail Druggists.

MARIETTA & CINCINNATI RAILROAD. 

sentenced to be hanged.

TENNESSEE ORGANIZATION .- A call has been issued to those who desire to maintain the State government in connection with the Federal Union, as it stood prior to the rebellion and the war, to meet in convention at Nashville, on the 1st of July, to confer in relation to the approaching biennial State elec-

under way, and will be completed at as early a day as possible. It will be an addition to the attractions of our city, of which we may well be proud.

at Carthage, which was also captured. HIGH-PRICED TOBACCO .- Spratt & Co. yes-

alry. He was sent to the Provost Marshall who ordered him to the Penitentiary have been recognized by an exchanged Fed-

H. P. Hepburn and wife, by attorney, to Chas. G. Stein, 21 feet front on the south side of Jefferson street, between Clay and Shelby,

For several days rumors have been rife to the effect that the redoubtable John Morgan meditated an attack on this post, and was actually advancing from the direction of Leba-non; consequently we have been kept in a continual state of ferment, coupled with the most assiduous endeavors to successfully pared to "fall in" at any moment, but the boys had become so used to the many and not yet known nor the number of rebel troops engaged, but our forces were amply able to alarm was felt. However, as the time advanced to the "wee sma' hours o' the night," defeat and put to flight those under Morgan.

The male pupils of the Second Ward

and our camp was wrapped in profound slumber, we were suddenly awakened with the admonition to "fall in" as quickly as possible School, of which Mr. S. P. Browder is principal, presented that gentleman with a splendid silver pitcher and two goblets, on Monday last. The arricles here the simple dedication convalescents of different regiments in the Army of the Cumberland, was ensconced within the grim-looking portals of the fort, where we patiently awaited the coming of our foe, prepared to give them a hot reception; besides, mounted parties were sent out to intercent them if possible. Well that

> lisputed possession of Gallatin.
>
> From the indications manifesting themas the past has fully demonstrated. Adequate forces of mounted men should be brought into requisition to act as patrols along the line of the road, and the country adjacent to it. This and nothing else will keep at bay the hordes of rascally oultaws that are even now swarming about, bent on its destruction. I

SENTENCED TO BE SHOT .- John T. Dial, a NOTICES OF THE DAY.

PLANTERS' HOTEL -See advertisement o

Wm. Sampson, candidate for the Sen-te, and Geo. T. Wood, candidate for the House of Representatives in the Kentucky

"Munfordville, Monday, July 6.
"Priceville, Tuesday, July 7.
"Hammondsville, Wednesday, July 8.
"Hardyville, Thursday, July 9.
Speaking at 1 o'clock P. M.

ery desirable stock of millinery goods gen-cally. They are nearly all late purchases; ere bought cheap, and will be sold accord-P.S. O.& Co. have a full line of quilled j22 dtf

ac simile of the last plates that have been is-ued, warranted to pass any bank in Dixie— ive bundred dollars for five dollars. Perfect paper, water marks, and signatures. Ad-

j12 d1m\* REMEMBER THE DRUNKARD, the child of sorrow and degradation; he has a disease which the human mind cannot control. Remember the drunkard's family, his heart-broken wife, his interesting children; soon their father will squander his property, if he has any, and leave them to want; soon he must die and leave squander his property, if he has any, and leave them to want; soon he must die and leave them orphans, unless he is reclaimed. Then save him, if you can. Try the effect of the "INERRIATE'S HOPE" upon him. It has reclaimed many inebriates, and saved many families from degradation. You will find it at Raymond & Tyler's, 74 Fourth street, near Main. It is sent by mail free of postage; price \$1.50 per package or four package for \$5.

\$1 50 per package, or four packages for \$5. Roofing! Roofing!—The attention of the ublic is called to my Elastic Paint and Roofing Cement, which is considered, by all who are tested it, to be the best and cheapest

NEWS DEPOT, SOUTHWEST CORNER OF MAIN

in them at 7 o'clock A. M. each day in time take the morning trains.
No passes, however, will be given by the commandant of the Post at his Hotel to others

Office in Custom-house.

PHILIP SPEED,
mar3 daw6m Col. Int. Rev. 3d Dis. Ky. HILL'S GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY-IS the

m7 dtf 407 Main street, below Fourth. DRY GOODS.

strangers visiting the city will find it to

eral Orders No. 5. neral Orders No. 5.

All officers of the Twenty third Army Corps aparing in Louisville, Ky., for any cause, or by any thority whatsoever, are required to register their mes in the Assistant Adjutant General's office, at neral Boyle's Headquarters, where they will receive entitled to it) a certificate the they are absent from air posts or commands by proper and competent autority.

ission.
If, however, any exigency should arise requiring an firer to be sent beyond the jurisdiction of his comanding officer without awaiting the time necessary get the required authority, the commanding officer id issue the necessary orders, and send immediately these headquarters a statement of the case, giving he reasons for the necessity, and his orders in the To carry out the instructions of the above ders, all officers of the 23d Army Corps and all commands whatsoever, who are now or ay hereafter be in the city of Louisville, ill, within twenty-four hours after their

tion of the remaining provisions of the fore-going extract from General Orders No. 5, and

[Democrat copy.-j22 d6

SWEEPSTAKES Separator and Cleaner Mr. L. W. Buckingham, a correspondent of the New York Herald, was yesterday killed under the following circumstances: He was coming from Aldie with the news of the cav-This Machine is far superior to any Eight-horse Separator and Cleaner ever brought to this market. Call and see it before buying elsewhere or send for a circular. coming from Aidie with the lews of the cavalry fight, and when five miles below that place, was chased by guerillas. He put spurs to his horse, which stumbled and threw him off, breaking his neck and killing him in-

HORSE HAY-RAKES; CUTTING-BOXES; CORN-SHELLERS; CULTIVATORS; PLOUGHS, &c. PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.,

The latest and most approved Lens yet invented, and Physical 

for active offensive operations, and will fight to achieve a department, and endeavor to Business has been suspended a week. The citizens, en masse, are digging intrenchments on the surrounding hills for miles out, encir-

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, }

The rebels who crossed into Indiana on

Sunday are not yet overtaken, and their exact whereabouts is unknown. It was reported that they had gone north of the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, but this is not confirmed.

The operator at Bloomington, Ind., reports the encampment of 1,000 citizens, with pickets to shot wilds from there and save they in

der Gen. Knipe, which were at Chambers-burg, have safely fallen back to the main

St. Louis, June 23.
Gen. Blunt left Leavenworth on Friday

The authorities believe the rebels to

tend to resist the enrolment.

. CINCINNATI, June 23.

HARRISBURG, July 23, 1 P. M.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are including that be' should be fully aroused to action in ising that be' should be fully aroused to action in ising the residence of his famoral to-day, at 3 o'clock, from this city, by one of our U. S. detectives, pesterday.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are including that the powers that be' should be fully aroused to action in ising the nearly find the city wards, which are nearly find ising the city is safe.

The receipts of all stock at all the yards for the week are nearly finding the city wards, which are nearly finding the city is safe.

The weather is insufferably warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in is insufferably warm, and a spinikle of rain would not come amiss. Yespected, while or colored, Apply at No. 121 Market st., bet. First and Second.

Wanted,

Money at 20 described in the city wards, which are nearly finding the city warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in its dead and equaintances of the family are including that the powers that the powers that the with the city warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in its dead was arrested at Smith's Station, sixteen miles from the city warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in the receipts of all stock at all the yards for the city with the are colored. Highest price paid for old tren and coannel with the city warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in the receipts of all stock at all the yards for the city with the city with the city with the city warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in the receipts of all stock at all the yards for the city warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in the receipts of all stock at all the yards for the city with the city warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in the receipts of all stock at all the yards for the city warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in the receipts of all stock at all the yards for the city warm, and a spinikle of city of Merchaldse in the receipts of all stock at all the yards for the city warm,

Will leave as above on Thursday, the
Will leave as above on Thursday, the
Land State of the Stat

For Paducah, Calro, and Mempcis.
Leaves this day, 24th inst., at 5 P. M.
The fine massenger steamer BELLE
CREOLE, GARNER, master, will leave
as above. For freight or passage apply
on beard or to [34] B. J. CAFFREY, 137 Wall st. For Smithland Eddyville, and Clarksville.
Leaves Portland this day, the 24th inst, at 5 P. M.
The fine light-draught steamer DES
MOINES CITY, JOHNSON, master, will
apply on board or to
B. J. CAFFREY, Agent.

Leaves Portland Saturday, 27th inst., at 6 P. M.
The light-draught steamer MARCELLLA, FRED. DOZIER, master, will spay on board or to

T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

ate-rooms may be secured and freight engaged see on application to Lieut. Henry G. Walter's Recruiting

The men will be uniformed as soon as passed by Isted man.

### Office hours from 9 c'clock A. M. until 4 o'clock
P. M. HENRY G. WALTER,
jlodim 2d Lieut. 4th Ky. Cav Beer. Officer.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE,
THIRD DISTRICT STATE OF KENTUCKY,
LOUISVILLE, June 20, 1863.

thy cause, and still remains absent, having outered a suit for divorce.

This is to forewarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debt of her contracting, but leave the matter to the judgment of the Gourt, PHILLIP JACOB GUSSMAN.

Nashville, Tenn., June 20, 1863.—d6

TONKA BEANS-750 lbs Tonka Beans for sale by B. A. ROBINSON & CO.



CHEROKEE CURE An unfailing Oure for Seminal Weakness, Nocturna

man of business, the victim of nervous depression, the individual suffering from general debility, or from the

medical aid we would say: Never Despair! The "Cherokee Cure" will failed!!

concentrated form-the dose only being from one half to one teaspoonful three times per day. One bottle rarely fails to effect a permanent cure, no matter how long the disease may have existed. FIT is safe and pleasant in taste, but immediate in action! It centains no Mineral Polson, but is

IN REVIEW OF THE EVIDENCE BEFORE THE MILITARY COMMISSION. [CONCLUDED.]

The position at Munfordville is one of great natural strength for a large force. I understand that it was the subject of dissatisfaction that the rebel army was not attacked in that position; but I have never heard that the feeling was concurred in by the officers of higher rank, several of whom, distinguished before and since for gallant conduct, have testified and since for gallant conduct, have testified that such an attack would not have been judicious under the circumstances. The advantage of position in favor of the enemy mus have made the result at least doubtful, and even a very serious check, in the exhausted condition of our supplies, would have been disastrous. I could have avoided the enemy by passing to either side of him, but I deemed it all important to force him further into the State, instead of allowing him to fall back upon Bowling treen and Nashville; and I matured a plan and determined to attack there rather than allow him that course. I believed that the condition of his supplies would compare the condition of his supplies would compare him the condition of his supplies would compare the condition of his supplies would be conditionable to the condition of his supplies pel him to abandon his position; and I was very well satisfied when that proved to be the case. He commenced to withdraw on the night of the 20th, and my advance drove out 21st. The march was continued, and ski mishing was kept up with his rear guard un-til he turned off towards Bardstown. Many considerations rendered it proper to

direct my march on Louisville, instead of fol-lowing his route. The want of supplies made it necessary, many of the troops being out by the time they reached the mouth of Salt river. This reason would have been insuperable if, as was not improbable, the enemy should con-centrate his force and throw himself rapidly between me and Louisville. The junction of Bragg and Kirby Smith was not only possible but probable. It would have made their comand such a disposition would have placed him between two inferior forces, which, from their positions, could not have acted in concert gainst him, and which, therefore, were liable that occupying Louisville, was composed of perfectly raw, undisciplined and in a measure unarmed troops, with but very little artillery, and very few officers of rank or experience. It could not have withstood the veteran rebel army two hours, and the consequence of its defeat and the capture of Louisville would have been disastrous in the extreme. That force, however, mixed judiciously with my old troops, could be made to render good service, as the result proved.

These considerations determined me to con-

centrate rapidly at Louisville. The last divisthe new troops with the old, and other preparations which a long and fatiguing march of the old troops and the inefficiency of the new rendered necessary, were completed, and on the morning of the 30th the consolidated army was prepared to march against the rebel forces which occupied the principal part of Kentucky. The campaign which ensued, and which resulted in the expulsion of the enemy from the State, has been sketched in my official report of the 4th of November, herewith appended. As far as the facts are concerned, the investigations of this Commission have shown, per-haps, that I did not make allowance enough for the diminution of my force by absentees, and stragglers from the new regiments; and that, therefore, I probably over-estimated my own strength at and after the battle of Perryville, if I did not also under-estimate the com bined strength of the enemy. These investi-gations also give reason to believe that the agregate loss of the enemy during the campaign was greater than I represented, and they have developed additional interesting incidents; but they point to no statement which I could now desire to alter. I shall limit myself, thereore, to the elucidation of certain particulars in which the wisdom of my acts would seem to have been called into question by the course of the investigation.

The battle of Perryville, although but a par-

tial, and by no means as fruitful a contest as I had expected, was not without important and gratifying results. I shall notice very briefly the causes which prevented it from being

When, on the 5th of October, Bragg's army corps which was marching on Harrodsburg miles of Perryville on the evening of the 7th, while the other corps were expected to be still about seven miles in rear, on their respective

roads to the right and left.

Finding a sufficient force at Perryville on the evening of the 7th to stop our progress without a general engagement of the corps, it was presumed that the enemy had determi to make his stand there; and the following in-structions were sent to Gen. McCook: "OCTOBER 7.18 P. M.

"GENERAL: The 3d corps (Gilbert's) is within three and a half miles of Perryville, the cavalry being nearer—probably within two and a half miles. From all the information gained to-day, it seems probable that the enemy will resist our advance into the town. They are said to have a strong force in and near the place. There is no water here, and we will get but little, if any, until we get it at Perryville. We expect to attack and carry the place to-morrow. March at 3 o'clock precisely to-morrow morning, without fail, and move up till the head of your column gets to within about three or three and a half niles of Perryville; that is to say, until you are abreast of the 3d corps. The left of this corps rests near Bottom's place. Perhaps Capt. Williams, Jackson's cavalry, will know where it is. From the point of the road Gilbert is now on across direct to your road is about two and a half or three miles. the head of your column gets to the vicinity esignated (three or three and a half miles tle, and let the rear close well up; then let the men rest in position and be made as comforta-ble as possible, but do not permit them to scatd, a reconnoissance made, and collect all the information possible in regard to the enemy, and the country and roads in your vicinity, and then report in person, as quickly as practi-cable, to these headquarters. If your men have an opportunity to get water of any kind, they must fill their canteens, and the officers must caution them particularly to use it in the most sparing manner. Send to the rear every wagon and animal which is not required with your column. All the usual precautions must be taken, and preparations made for action. Keep all teams back except ammunition and ambulances. Nothing has been heard from you to-day. Send orderlies by bearer to learn the locality of these headquarters. The General desires to see Capt. Williams, Jackson's cavalry, by seven o'clock in the morning at cavalry, by seven these headquarters. "Respectfully, &c., "JAMES B. FRY,

"Colonel and Chief of Staff." Similar instructions, but suited to the locality on which he was to form for the attack, were given to General Thomas, who, as second in command, was with the right corps.

It was expected that these instructions would get these two corps into position for the attack by seven or eight o'clock in the morning; whereas, in consequence of delays which were more or less unavoidable, the heads of the columns did not come up until between ten and eleven o'clock, and the rear division of the right corps did not get into position until about four o'clock. This rendered it imnext morning; and was one of the causes which marred the success I confidently ex-pected. Afterward the lateness of the hour at which I received intelligence of the condition of affairs on the left, rendered it impossible to

reap the fruit that would otherwise still have be spared for a sufficient supply of reserve ammunition on starting from Louisville. This was hurried forward, and other matters atremained.

It has been a matter of surprise that so severe an engagement could have taken place within two miles and a half of my headquarters without my knowledge. The commander of an army covering a line of six or seven miles long, interspersed with woods and hills, must of necessity depend on the reports of his Generals for information of what is transpir-ing on different parts of the field. After the ure to get into position as soon as I had expected, I no longer anticipated a battle that day; but a good deal of artillery firing had been going on between the advanced guards of the two armies since our arrival the evening before, excepting at night. The cause of this was well understood, and the greater or less rapidity of the firing at ntervals was not a matter to attract particular attention; especially as it was to be exected that information of anything of serious mport would be promptly conveyed to me. For that reason I received with astonishment the intelligence of the severe fighting that commenced at two o'clock. Not a musket

battle was raging, and the testimony of bundreds more could have been adduced to the same effect.

It has been asked why, after the battle of Perryville, I did not immediately follow the en-emy to Harrodsburg, without waiting for Sill's Division to come up. 'That the entire rebel army could have been brought to battle there I have no doubt. The forces were nearly equal on both sides—on one side nearly all ve on both states—on one side the carry at roops under perfect discipline; on the other a portion, the "Old Army of the Ohio," equally good, but more than one third of the whole raw and undisciplined. The enemy would have had the advantage of the strong position which he selected. The result of a conflict under such circumstances is not to be predict-ed. I am not willing to admit that I might have failed; and yet no man can assert that the result ought certainly to have been otherient for me that I could make it reasonably ertain by waiting for my troops to come up. My studies have taught me that battles are that success must be rendered reasonably cer tain if possible—the more certain the better; that if the result is reasonably uncertain, bat

tle is only to be sought when very serious disor when the advantages of a possible victory far outweigh the consequences of probable defeat. These rules suppose that war has a higher object than that of mere bloodshed; and military history points for study and commendation to campaigns which have been conducted over a large field of operations with important results, and without a single general engagement. In my judgment the com-mander merits condemnation, who, from amal engagement. In any mander merits condemnation, who, from ambition or ignorance, or a weak submission to the dictation of popular clamor, and without necessity or profit, has squandered the lives of his soldiers. In this connection it is proper to his soldiers. In this connection weight upon the question of hastening a bat-tle at the particular juncture referred to. There is not, I venture to say, a particle of

which does not lead to the conclusion that the

object and intention of the rebel Government, in the invasion of Kentucky last summer, was to hold possession of the State by force of arms, and secure it to the cause of the rebellion. The circumstances of the invasion, and the formidable force employed in it; the ad-vance of the smaller force, under Kirby Smith, plies, that made comparatively easy and safe the subsequent advance of the main force un-der Gen. Bragg to a point so remote from its original base; the further reinforcement of this large force by the column under Breckinridge, at the very time when, if a temporary raid had been the object, the main force should have been rapidly withdrawing instead of reinforcing; the deliberation and permanency with which the invading army maintained its position in the face of the force which was preparing to drive it out; the inauguration of a provisional State government under the au-hority of the Confederate government; the enforcement of the conscription and other Confederate laws; the avowal of the Confederate authorities; the plan of campaign sketched in the letter of Gen. Beauregard to his government; the convictions of the people of Kentucky from what they saw, and the assurance of the rebel authorities; the constant and confident declarations of all persons connected with the invading force; the disappointment and disapprobation which the whole Southern press expressed at the result—all go to show that the object of the invasion was permanent occupation. That object could only be secured by giving battle to and destroying or driving from the field the army which was

opposed to it.

Such a plan and determination was also clearly indicated by the movements of the enemy after the commencement of my march from Louisville. If his object had been to retreat without a struggle, as soon as I moved against him, the force of Kirby Smith, which was then at various points north of the Kentucky river, would at once have moved by the roads concentrating at Richmond, and thence on to Cumberland Gap. It was for that force the shortest and best road, and a better route for expending than the conditions. or supplies than the one it pursued. The main force under Bragg would have moved on one or more of the roads which converge upon Glasgow, through New Haven, Lebanon, and other points. This line would have given him the advantage of marching by several of the best roads in the State, converging at convenient distances. It would have taken him which, on the off of October, Bragg's army proper retired from Bardstown, it was uncertain where it would unite with the force of Kirby Smith, though Danville was the point where I most expected to find them, and my corps were accordingly directed on Perryville and Harrodsburg. When, on the night of the 6th, I ascertained that Kirby Smith had crossed the Kentucky river at Salvisa, Harrodsburg or Perryville became the most probable point yville became the most probable point entration, and the destination of the was marching on Harrodsburg oc changed to Perryville. Information the function that feasible. Or, if he desired to retreat through Cumberland Gap, he would go on the function that the enemy were turning the function of the fun had to be changed to Perryville. Information during the 'tin' that the enemy were curring to though Cumberland Gap, he would go on through Cumberland Gap, he would go on through current and Santord. Instead, though not confidently, that Harrodsburg, and not Perryville, would be the point. Is the province to the property of the province of the province and Santord. Instead, though not confidently, that Harrodsburg, and not province the province and Santord. Instead, the province the province that feasible. Or, if he desired to retreat the province that feasible. Or, if he desired to retreat the province that feasible. Or, if he desired to retreat the province that feasible. Or, if he desired to retreat the province that feasible. Or, if he desired to retreat the province that feasible. Or, if he desired to retreat the province that feasible. Or, if he desired to retreat the province that feasible. Or, if he desired to retreat the province and Santord. Instead, though the province and Santord. Instead, the province and movement on that place, the centre corps, with which I was, marched by a shorter and better read, and therefore arrived within about three miles of Perryville on the evening of the 7th, his direction of retreat. That the original observed west, entirely on his flue of retreat, and crossed the Kentucky river near Salvisa; but the salvisa; and crossed the Kentucky river near Salvi ject of this movement was to concentrate the whole rebel force at Harrodsburg, instead of Camp Dick Robinson, is evident, from the fact that if the latter had been the object Kirhy Smith would have moved directly to that point, over the Hickman bridge, instead of fording the river lower down to go out of his way, and Bragg would have marched through Danville to the same point. Thus the circumstances of the invasion indicated that there would be a formidable struggle for the posses-sion of the State; and the movements of the

rebel forces to meet the operations that were in progress against them, pointed to a great battle at or near Harrodsburg.

The battle of Perryville, by every reasonable explanation, increased instead of weaken-ing the probability of a great battle at Har-rodsburg. It has been asserted that Gen. Bragg fought the battle of Perryville with portions of three divisions, only about fifteen thousand men. It is certain that he fought it with only a part of his whole force. His motive, therefore, may be supposed to have been either to check my advance to give time to take up a position with his main force beyond, or else because he hoped to gain some advantage by striking the head of my column; supposing I was moving on only one road, before I could complish much more than he did in this par-tial engagement. He was repulsed, it is true, but not until night protected him from very serious consequences, and there was nothing in the result that should have decided the fate of so important a campaign. His loss was probably much less than mine, from the fact that the attack was made when my troops

That Gen. Bragg moved to Camp Dick Robthat he would not have been willing to give battle to the part of it which I had at Perryville. With an equal force he could safely risk a battle in the strong position he could have taken, and in fact did select, when the result would by no means be as certain there, against a superior force, as it would be in the still stronger position of Camp Dick Robinson, which had the further advantage of being a depot for his supplies. For these reasons, and on account of its inaccessibility and superior strength, neither did his withdrawal to Camp Dick Robinson indicate an intention to abandon the object of his compaign and retreat precipitately from the State. These reasons justified the conclusion that the rebel army was to be encountered in battle, notwithstanding critics after the fact may answer that the result contradicts the conclusion; and they justify every reasonable precautio to have made the success of such a struggle certain. They afford an interpretation to the movements of the army under my command Pending the arrival of Gen. Sill's division, the left corps, General McCook's, laid near Dicksville, from which a road extends to Harrodsburg; the centre, General Gilbert's, was abreast of the left on the direct road from Perryville to Harrodsburg; and the right, Gen. Crittenden's, was on Salt river, about four miles from Danville. Cavalry was in front on the Harrodsburg and Danville roads. A good deal of the ammunition of McCook's corps, and some in the centre corps, had been expended in the battle of the 8th, and so much of the means of transportation had been required for provisions that wagons could not

tended to in the condition of the army which had resulted from the battle. These of themselves would not have delayed my movements, hough they were important. General Sill's division arrived on the even ing of the 11th, and the army was ordered to move on the 12th. Strong cavalry reconnoissances had been kept out every day, but on the evening of the 10th, I ordered out three brigades of infantry with cavalry to move on the 11th of infantry with cavalry to move on the 11th to discover more of the position or movements of the enemy. One moved beyond Danville toward Camp Dick Robinson; one Danville toward Camp Dick Robinson; one on the Danville and Harrodsburg road toward the latter point; and the third, toward the same point on the Perryville and Harrodsburg road. About daylight, an officer, just in from Harrodsburg, came to my tent and reported to me with great earnestness that the enemy was moving seeing the same was moving seeing. that the enemy was moving against us in force from Harrodsburg, distant about eight miles The troops were put in position to be prepare

It was probable that the enemy had retired to Camp Dick Robinson, but it was reported that some at least had gone in the direction of the Kentucky river, and it was necessary to the Kentucky river, and it was necessary to ascertain the fact. It would require a day to do that by reconnoissance. If the reconnois- watches the enemy's preparation, awaits him. do that by reconnoissance. If the reconnoissance were supported in force, we should be prepared to take advantage of the contingency of the enemy still being this side of Dick's dark, resumes its march to repeat the same opdark, resumes its march to repeat the same operation whenever it is necessary and the occalent to turn the position at Camp Dick Robinson, if it should be found that the enemy had actually retired to that place. On the 12th, therefore, the whole army swung around on Darville as a pivot that swurg around on Danville as a pivot—the right and centre on the Danville and Har-rodsburg road, and the left near Harrodsburg on the Perryville and Harrodsburg road, while a reconnoissance was pushed forward to gain

the desired information. It ascertained that the enemy had crossed Dick's river. If it should be said that these dispositions proved to have been unnecessary by the with-drawal of the enemy, it may be answered that such may be the case with nine out of ten of the dispositions that are made in every campaign; that battles occur only occasionally in the movements of opposing armies; but that preparation for battle may be necessary every day. Without such preparation battles may be multiplied; and so in most cases are defeats to the The enemy's position in rear of Dick's river

being, from the character of that stream, im-

pregnable in front, I moved on the 13th to turn it by the south. On the night of that day I heard that the enemy was retreating from Camp Dick Robinson toward the south, and I immediately ordered pursuit. The leading division marched at twelve o'clock that night, and the others following in rapid succession. Crittenden's and McCook's corps, taken the next day, and were pressed contin-ually as far as London. No general battle oc-curred between the two armies, though the enemy was foiled in his object and driven from the State. Anticipating a movement of the rebel army into Middle Tennessee, the Army of the Ohio moved promptly in that di-rection, and on the 31st of October had, under my orders, advanced as far as Bowling Green and Glasgow. It was my intention to have reached Murfreesboro by the 10th of Novem-ber. On the 30th of October I turned over the ommand to Major-General Rosecrans, in obedience to orders from the General-in-Chi A careful study of the topography of central Kentucky shows it to be a region possessing remarkable strategical features for defensive operations, especially for a force whose line of retreat is toward the State of Tennessee. The Kentucky river, running across the State from east to west, with its cliffy banks, makes a strong line of defence; while its somewhat frequent fords, opposing but slight obstacles to the movements of an army when the river is low, yet easily defended from the opposite bank, make it an admirable line for a retreating army to take shelter behind, and a perfect curtain to cover ulterior movements. Its advantages in this respect are very greatly increased by the character and position of Dick's river, which, coming from the south, empties into the Kentucky river where the latter makes a strong bend to the north. Dick's river has the same characteristics of cliffy banks, and its fewer crossings make it a much stronger line of de-

ence than the Kentucky river. Together these streams make the position of Camp Dick Robinson in the fork almost impregnable for a large army, except from the southeast. In that case the defensive army, with its right flank protected by Dick River and its left by the broken ground to the east, may fall back easily and securely to the north side of the Kentucky, and by a short march either to the east or the west recross to the outh side, and fall upon good lines of retreat; and these movements can only be counteracted by considerable detours, or by previous de-tachments, which would weaken the opposing army so much asto endanger the main attack, unless the army is very greatly superior in strength. On the north side of the Kentucky river the country is traversable by good roads between the Lexington and Richmond road, and any of the roads crossing the river lower down; but on the south side the country bordering the river between the mouth of Dick's river and the Lexington and Richmond road is destitute of practicable roads parallel with the river. Besides the advantages already alluded to, the whole of that region of country abounds in strong positions commanding the only water for an army within several miles; so that the attacking force is forced to fight under all the disadvantages of exhaustion for the want of it, as was the case at Perryville.

These details make it easy to answer the theories that have been advanced for the annihilation or canture of the antire wabel away-uncer General Bragg. One of those theories assumes that that army might have been de-stroyed in crossing Dick's river.

A defile, if it does not retard the march materially, is always a benefit to a retreating army; and the line of Dick's river is admirably adapted to such an object. It is only necessary for the retreating army to make de-monstrations of battle with a strong rear guard, which will require corresponding pre-parations and delay on the part of the pur-suer. In the meantime, it throws its artillery across rapidly to take positions to sweep the opposite bank, and under such protection the remainder of the retiring army crosses with

Great stress has been laid on the importance of Danville to cut off the retreat of the rebel army from Perryville. My right rested after the battle within four or five miles of Dan-ville, and my cavalry watched and went beyond that place. Danville controlled no line of retreat for the enemy, except through that point and thence on toward Somerset or Cofour or five miles from Danville, with a perfectly open and unobstructed country between, as it would have been at Danville itself; and the enemy did not attempt to use it at all. Danville is eight miles at the nearest point from the road going from Camp Dick Robinson to Comberland Gap, and the strong line

of Dick's river between prevents Danville from having any command of that road.

The first point at which the enemy's retreat on the Cumberland Gap road could be interested in Languages from Danville 1-6 cepted is Lancaster, ten miles from Danville. If the Army of the Ohio moved to Lancaster in force, in advance of the rebel army, it threw its communications into the hands of the enemy; if, before being assured that the enemy had crossed Dick's river, it divided its force over the twenty miles from Perryville to Lancas-ter to protect its communications and intercept the retreat of the enemy through Lancaster, it rendered itself liable to be beaten in detail; and if, after being assured that the enemy had crossed Dick's river, it left small detachments sufficient to guard the passes over that river and then moved with the main body on Lan caster, there is no reason why the enemy should not have been able to hold it in check on the line of Dick's river long enough to se-

cure his line through Lancaster if he was de-termined to retreat.

An army on ordinary marches, continued for many days, will average about two miles an hour; but in a forced march for twenty, and at least for ten miles, it can average three miles an hour. If the rebel army had sixty thousand men, with artillery, and fifteen hundred wagons for baggage, supplies, &c., it would, in marching, occupy thirty-nine miles along the road in one column, or nineteen and a half miles each in two columns. It would therefere require six hours and a half to clear its camp on two roads; the whole of it will have arrived at or passed a point twenty miles distant in fourteen hours, or a point ten miles distant in ten hours. Thus the rebel army, moving from Camp Dick Robinson in two columns, would clear its camp in six hours and a half, and arrive at Lancaster, ten miles distant, in ten hours; or, if it continued on without stopping, would arrive at Crab Orchard, twenty miles distant, in fourteen hours.

It appears that the retreating army actually

marched in three columns, from its camp at Dick Robinson, the country along its route being open and practicable. From Lancaster t took two roads, the one to the left going by the way of Lowell, and coming into the Cumberland Gap road at Big Hill, and the other going through Crab Orchard, Mount Vernon, and London. The latter is intersected at Crab Orchard, twenty miles from Danville, by the road from Danville through Stanford. The reasons which would render it injudicious to expose my communications and leave open a better line of retreat to the enemy, by anticipating his possible retreat through Lancaster, apply with greater force to Crab Orchard. If the rebel army would retreat without accepting battle, the topography of the country made it entirely possible for it to do so. Being once established on its line of retreat beyond any point where it could by any possibility be intercepted, the rebel army made good its re-treat, as other armies have done in this and other wars, under less favorable circum-

There are few circumstances under which a disciplined and well managed army can be forced to a general battle against its will; though the occasions are multiplied, if the opposing army has a greatly superior force of good cavalry, or is so greatly superior in strength that it can divide its force with reasonable prospects of success to each fraction A disciplined army, moving on its line of com munication, can always retreat more rapidly than it can be pursued. It meets or overtakes its supplies on the road, or finds them at temporary depots previously established, or it collects them from the country as much as possible on its line of march. The pursuing army, on the other hand, finds the country the intelligence of the severe lighting that commenced at two 'clock. Not a musket shot had been heard, nor did the sound of artillery indicate anything like a battle. This was probably caused by the configuration of the ground, which broke the sound, and by the heavy wind which it appears blew from the right to the left during the day, though the latter I had not thought of until it was established in evidence before the Commission. Believed to the evidence before the Commission as that as it may, many witnesses, without exception, have testified to the absence of all reason to suppose at my headquarters that a sit may, many headquarters that a sit may not the other hand, finds the country stripped; it has nothing in advance to rely on; it may the heavy nich which it appears he which the head and reported the enemy apparently in force day somethed to the success of my sum y necessaries, which otherwise would have been connected or destroyed.

The troops were put in position to be prepared, if the report should prove true, and in the are connected or destroyed.

The bearing of this question on the success of my sum y necessaries, which otherwise would in the stripped; it has nothing in advance on the success of my sum y necessaries, which otherwise would in the report should prove true, and in the connected or one destroyed.

The theavy necessaries, which other connects of mother connects of the distributio

distance between him and his adversary is in These advantages to defensive operations do ot exist in the same degree in all descriptions of country. They are particularly marked in a broken and wooded country, where the movements and position and strength of an enemy are only to be ascertained by feeling nim, and especially where there are no parallel coads by which the retreating army can be at-acked in flank. The advantages alluded to make it wise, frequently, for a commander to fall back to a chosen ground when his adversary advances; and the battle of Perryville affords an illustration of this principle. The

rebel army was moving for concentration at some point which could not be known to its adversary. A portion of it took advantage of the strong position at Perryville, commanding the only water within a distance of several les, over which the Army of the Ohio must march to attack. That position afforded also be advantage of several lines of retreat. With these combined advantages, when it was discovered that a part of the rebel army was making a stand, it was as reasonable to expect to find its combined force there as at any other point, and dispositions had to be made ac-cordingly. I believe that a sound and unpre-judiced criticism will show that the movement of the Army of the Ohio was executed promptly and judiciously; that it arrived more simultaneously and in better order than the enemy could have expected, considering that the point which he would choose for battle could not be freezent, and that but for the lack of oot be foreseen; and that but for the lack of timely information of the condition of things on the afternoon of the 8th, the main portion

of the enemy's force at Perryville would have

of the enemy's force at Perryville would have been captured.

Ontests between unequal forces result sometimes, but very rarely, from the fact that the inferior has no alternative but to fight or surrender. In by far the greatest number of cases, however, the conflict results from a lack of ability on the part of the inferior to avail himself of the means of extricating his army; or from a contempt for, or ignorance of, the strength of his adversary; or from an advantage of position which, in his opinion, will outweigh that of superiority of numbers, and a corresponding ignorance of that advantage, outweigh that of superiority of numbers, and a corresponding ignorance of that advantage, or faulty dispositions on the part of the superior army; and these last are the cases in which most frequently the inferior army is victorious. When the armies are about equal, they manneuvre so as to deceive and cause each other to make detachments or force each each other to make detachments, or force each other to battle on ground unfavorable to the adversary. In all these cases the object is not merely to give battle for the sake of fighting, but to fight for victory, or at least safety, and with such advantages as will make success reasonably certain; and the more serious the consequences of defeat, the greater the caution consequences of defeat, the greater the caution to be observed. Ignorance and error multiply battles far more than valor, and generally with the penalty of disaster. If precaution and the observance of rule diminish the number of battles, and sometimes miss the accidental success which folly and recklessness wight bever gained it is nevertheless true that might have gained, it is nevertheless true that

The operations of the column under the command of General G. W. Morgan at Cumberland Gap have been brought before the Commission. The deposition of Colonel De Courcey, an officer under Gen. Morgan's commission of the Covernment mand, introduced as evidence for the Government, alleges that after General G. W. Morga commenced his advance upon Cumberland Gap in May last, he was suddenly arrested by a telegraphic despatch from me, ordering a re-trograde movement, and stopping all further proceedings on the Tennessee side against the

Gen. Morgan commenced his advance against Cumberland Gap in pursuance of the orders which I gave him in March preceding, about the 8th of May. He had repeatedly represented that he was operating against a superior force of the enemy, and on the 8th of May he telegraphed that the enemy had "over five thousand at Cumberland Gap, eight thousand at Discount Control Con at Big Creek Gap, with troops at Clinton and Knoxville. Should their force concentrate the enemy will outnumber us nearly three to one. What is General Negley doing?" Seeing no reason why I should expect him to advance by difficult mountain roads and defeat three to one of the enemy; and supposing that advance as more imperative than I meant them to be, without regard to the force op-posed to him, I telegraphed him on the 9th as follows: "Gen. Negley is fully employed in Tennessee and can give you no direct assistance. The force now in Tennessee is so small that no operations against East Tennessee can be attempted. You must, therefore, depend mainly on your own resources." And on the Oth I telegraphed him as follows: "Consider ng your force and that opposed to you, it wil robably not be safe for you to undertake any xtended operations. Other operations will con have an influence on your designs, and is, therefore, better for you to run no risk a

These are the despatches which caused the strograde movement referred to. I leave them speak for themselves, in connection with dedespatches which elicited them. But, furthermore, on the same day, the 10th, I received a despatch from General Morgan, giving a rumor that the Gap was evacuated; o which I replied the same day: "If Cumber and Gap is evacuated, you should "seize and hand cap is executed, you should see and hold it, and take any other advantage that may present itself, but not advance to a point from which you would have to fall back."

About this time General Mitchel, considering himself in danger from an anticipated advance upon him, was urging the necessity of a stronger force in Middle Tennessee, and I was about commencing my march from Corinth in that direction.

Cumberland Gap was occupied on the 18th of June. General Morgan had about seven housand five hundred men. His despatches eport the strength of the enemy opposed to im at not less than ten or twelve thousand and I have no reason to doubt that he reported correctly. At no time did he represent that he was able to hold East Tennessee with the force he had, or the wish to attempt it, no do I believe that he could have done it. It true that on the 20th he telegraphed: "M telegraph orders from Major-General Buell of the 10th instant do not permit me to advance upon Knoxville, and I will not, until furthe instructions, advance further than Tazewell;" and he also stated the preparation he had made to destroy bridges, but had countermanded in consequence of that despatch. He was an

swered on the 22d, four days after his arrival at the Gap, as follows:
"It is impossible at present to send you any
cavalry. The General has not intended his
orders to prevent such expeditions for special ourposes as you refer to in your despatch of he 20th; on the contrary, he approves them. His wish is for you to make yourself secure in the Gap and accomplish all the results you can by rapid expeditions; but not to attempt a deliberate advance on Knoxville, as long as it seems probable that you would not be able to maintain your position there. The Genera wishes to make no actual advance which he cannot maintain. It brings our friends amon the people into trouble, and is injurious other wise to our interests. "JAS. B. FRY, "Chief of Staff."

I have no doubt that Gen. Morgan acted wisely, and that he had not force enough to attack the enemy in force. He certainly was not restrained from doing anything that duty and honor demanded The policy which I observed toward the peo

The policy which I observed toward the peo-ple of the territory occupied by my army has been vehemently and bitterly assailed by a portion of the press; but I believe that reason and justice will sustain it on every score, whether of expediency or humanity. In en-tering on my command, it was with an earnest willingness to devote my life to the object of restoring the Union and I never devised at the restoring the Union, and I never doubted as the course my duty required me to pursue. I was to defeat the rebels in arms whenever could; and to respect the Constitution and laws, and the rights of the people under them, as far as was possible, consistently with state of things which rendered military su cess a matter of primary importance for the restoration of the authority of the Government. This has been my rule of action from first to last. I did not undertake to punish men for opinion's sake, or even for past acts for Congress had prescribed the penalty their offences, and the mode of proceeding against them. Men in arms I treated as enemies; persons not in arms I treated as citizens of the United States; but I allowed no man to reach or act treason after the progress of my army had brought him again under the pro ction, as well as the authority, of the Gov

I have, when necessary, given protection to I have, when necessary, given protection to the persons and property of peaceable citizens; and this I have done both to preserve the discipline of my troops, and out of respect for the just rights of the people under the laws of war, if not under the civil law. When the public interest has required the use of private property for public purposes, I have so used it, allowing just compensation for it as far as practicable; and this I did not only on the ground of justice, but as a measure of military. ground of justice, but as a measure of military expediency; for it enabled me to secure for

that such treatment does under other circumstances among men; and the embarrassments resulting from them to the invading army beome of the most serious nature.

These considerations are of such importance

to success that there is no exception to the rule of securing the neutrality, if not the friendship, of the population as much as possible, by just and kind treatment; and then having given no good cause for hostility—to treat with kindness those who behave well, and with severity those who misbehave.
Some months ago a statement appeared in the newspapers, on the reported authority of Governor Andrew Johnson, that I had only been prevented by his resolute expostulations from abandoning Nashville when I moved north with my army in September last. He has since made the same assertion in a deposi-tion. Whenever I have spoken on this subject I have denounced the statement as false; and I now repeat that denunciation. I am own acts or intentions; and it gives me sincere pleasure at all times to acknowle lge any assistance I may receive from others either in counsel or action. If I had determined to abandon Nashville it would have been upon the sides of the s my best judgment, and I should cheerful have submitted to a verdict on the wisdom my course. I assert that I never intime Governor Johnson an intention or wish leave Nashville without a garrison; that the was no discussion between us pro and con was no discussion between us pro and con on the subject, and that the determination to hold the place was my own, uninfluenced by him in any manner. I had not that confidence in his judgment or that distrust of my own which would have induced me to seek his counsel. On account of his official position I called on him first to inform him what I meant to do, and last to tell him what garriesn I had concluded to leave. On both occason I had concluded to leave. On both occasions, as far as my plans were concerned, I was the speaker and he the listener. My officers were ar more likely to know my views than he; and they have stated that I said always that the political importance of the oc-cupation far outweighed any purely military bearing of the question, and that I should hold

the city. D. C. BUELL, Major-General. BURNET HOUSE, May 5, 186

A Du

MITITARY

Saddle. Hurness. and Trans EMPORIUM.

T HAVE ON HAND AND MAKE STRICTLY TO HAVE ON HAND AND MARK STRICTLY TO order all kinds of Military Equipments and Gentlemen's, Ladies', Boys', and Race Saddles; Joach, Buggy, Omnibus, and Wagon Harness of all kinds; Bridles, Whips, Spurs, Horse Covers, Saddle Blankets, Trunks, Valises, together with all kinds of Goods usally found in a first class house.

My work is gotten up under my own supervision, and I flatter myself that it will compare favorably with any gotten up Bast or West for durability and style.

Style.

By strict attention to business I hope to merit and
By strict attention to business I hope to merit and
retain not only the old patronage of this old and faretain not only the old patronage of this old and favorably known house, but to add many new customers,
J. M. MYERS, Successor to C. Phoan, 217 Third st., between Main and Market. I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY SADDLERY
Establishment, 217 Third street, to Mr. J. M. MyBBS, and hereby take pleasure in recommending him
te my former patrons. (Signed) 0. PEOAL.
Louisville, March 26, 1-63. jul6 dly

## COAL OIL AND LAMPS.

Refined Coal Oil and Carbon Oil, Lubricating Oil and Benzole, Lamps and Chandeliers of all styles,

For every use and place, with all the Fixtures and Appurtenances of the Oil and Lamp trade for dealers and consumers.

U.B.EVARTS. No. 219 Fourth st., between Main and Market, LOUISVILLE, KY

CITY HOTEL. East side Public Squara

Nashville, Tenn. J. R. WINBOURN & CO., Proprietors. j9 dlm PITCH! PITCH! Roofing and Boat Pitch Manufactured and for sale by j18 b8j&w WM. SKENE & CO., Bullitt st.

Pargny's Restaurant RESOPRING AND REDUCTION IN PRICE HAVE REOPENED MY RESTAURANT A? fitted it in a lift departments with elegance and our fort. All the delicacies of the season will be served to ocar. There will be a COMMODIOUS LADIES' SALOOM, Ice-Creams, Sherbets, & Fruit

Something New for the Warm Weather A BEAUTIFUL PEARL AND BLACK CASSI-OSBORN'S, 225 Main st., bet. Second and Third. SOFT FELT BATS OF VARIOUS STYLES, QUAL-OSBORN'S, OSBORN'S, DURNSIDE REGULATION HAT, A SUPERIOR WM. F OSBORN'S. OFFICERS' REGULATION CAPS AND FATIGUE OSBORN'S.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPST STRAW, LEGHORN, and PANAMA HATS, latest styles and cheap, at WM. F. OSBORN'S, j6 j&b 225 Main st., bet. Second and Third,

LARGE STOCK Military Clothing AT THE GREAT CLOTHING HOUSE SPROULE & MANDEVILLE, Corner Main and Fourth sts., under National Hotel

S. S. MARK. G. F. DOW NS Ladies' Dress Goods.

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE OUR FULL SPRING stock of the above Goods, viz:

Broche Berege Grenadines;
Do Silk do;
Mozambique Bobes;
Broche, plaid, and plain Mozambiques;
Organdies, Lawna, and Muslins;
8-4 black Berege Grenadines; Organdes, Lawrence of State of DOMES a general assortment of STAPLE and DOMES a general assortment of STAPLE and DOMES.

Corner Fourth and Jefferson sts. GRAYSON SPRINGS. GRAYSON COUNTY, KY.

THIS WATERING-PLACE WILL BE OPENED on the 10th of June for the reception of Visitors, where families and transient persons will find the most celebrated vacters, a pure atmosphere, and a heatthy region, with good and comfortable accommodations for 200 visitors; and the proprietor plesges himself to furnish he table with the best the country affords, and, having a good garden and plenty of rurs ice, hopes to give satisfaction to all who may try these waters. Charges to suit the times, and moderate.

20 Persons will find Mr. Arthur at Elizabethtown, Ky., ready to furnish conveyance to this place.

M. P. CLARKSON, Proprietor.

Grayson Springs, June 4, 1863—d2m

TEW BACON HAMS-1,500 new Hams, sugar-our my own curing, in store and for sale wholesale at retail.

L. EISENMAN, 60 dtv 8. S. corner Main and October 1988.

THIS IS TO NOTIFY ALL PERSONS WHATSO-lever that all powers of attorney heretofore granted by me to A. Lothrop in relation to lands in M-uree county, Tennessee, and also in Livingston county, Kentucky, and also in relation to any business of mine whatsoever, are hereby revoked and annulled.

ANNA N. OGOK.

Whiskey.

Whiskey.

200 BARRELS OLD BOURBON WHISKEY IN

MOORHEAD & CO..

116 Wall street. Patriots of Kentucky, RALLY ONCE AGAIN! COL. HARTWELL T. BURGE and LIEUT COL. W. W. HESTER, late of the 3d Ky Cav. (Jackson's), are authorized by the Gov

RAILROADS.

Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort Railroads. SPECIAL TRAINS, JULY 4, 1863, WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS: PARST TRAIN-FOR LAGRANGE - Will leave Louisville at 7:39 A. M., stopping at all Stations; returning, will leave Legrange at 4:30 P. M., arriving in Louisville at 6:30 P. M.

ECOND TRAIN will leave Louisville at 9 A.M. I run as far as the Race Course, stopping at the ir Grounds and the Point; returning, will leave the ce Course at 6 P.M. he usual fare.

Persons in charge of Sunday Schools and Picnic Par-les are 1 quested to purchase the packages of tickets and distribute them before coming to the Depot. All persons not haying a ticket will be charged full Package tickets can be had on and after Monday, 22d inst., by calling on G. T. Spilman, at the Depot, corner of Brook and Jefferson.

1.9 dtd/lul/4

[Democrat. Anzeiger, and Volksblat copy.]

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. **对**葡萄语 医乳腺 电影 电影 FOR ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT.

1863. Summer Arrangement. 1863. ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, A PRIL 21, 1963, PAS-senger Trains will leave New Albany (opposite Louisville) as follows: 8:46 A. M. OHICAGO EXPRESS (daily except Sun-daya), making close connections at Mitchell with days), making close connections at Mitchell with O. & M. Bailrond for St. Louis, Caro, and the West, striving at St. Louis at 10:00 P. M.; connecting also at Greencastie Juaction with T. & B. Raitrad East and West, and at Lafayetto with T. & W. Bailroad East and West, and Michigan City for Ohicago and Petroit.

cago and Detroit.

\$:26 P. M. ST. LOUIS NIGHT EXPRESS (daily), reaching St. Louis at 10 A. M. and Cheinnati at 6 A. M. This Train also makes close connection for Chicago and the Northwest. Returning, leaves 8t. Louis at 7 A. M. and 4:45 P. M., making immediate connections at Mitchell with South bound train, arriving at New Albany at 8:00 P. M. and 6:50 A. M. Only One Change of Cars to St. Louis, Cin-cinuati, or Chicago.

Baggage checked through. This Road runs the only evening train from Louis-file connecting with Ohio and Mississippi Road West. SW For THROUGH TIOKETS and forther information apply at the GENERAL RAILROAD OFFICE, southwest corner of Third and Main streets, Louisrille, Ky.

A. B. CULVER, Sup't.

A21 dtf

S. S. PARKER, Agent. LOUISVILLE & FRANKFORT AND LEXINGTON & FRANKFORT 

RAILROADS.

ON AND AFFEE MONDAY, APRIL 6, 1863, Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as folows:

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:50 A.M., stopping at all stations when flagged except fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsbora, and Belleview, connecting at Eminence with stages for Newwastle, at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harramberg, and Danville, at Midway for Versallies, at Payne's for Georgetown, and at Lexington via rail and stage for Nicholasville, Danville, Orah Orchard, Somerset, Bichmond, Mt. Sterling, and all interior towns.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Frankfort at ACCOMMODATION TBAIN will leave Frankfort at 5:10 A. M., and arrive at Louisville at 9:00 A. M., and will leave Louisville at 4:20 P. M., arriving at Frankfort at 8:15 P. M. EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at Louisylle at 7:10 P. M.
FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisylle on Mondays,
Wednesdays, and Fridays, at 5:20 A. M.
FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington on Tuesdays.
Thursdays, and Saturdays at 6:00 A. M.
Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M. to
5 P. M.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, FEBBUARY, PASOsenzer and Freight Trains will run through to
Nashville without change of cars.

7 A. M. PASSENGER TRAIN FOR LEBANON,
Perryville, Danville, Harrodsburg, Campbollsville,
and Columbia daily except Sunday.

8 A. M. PASSENGER TRAIN FOR BOWLING
Green, and Bussolville on Memphis Branch, and
Franklin, Gallatin, and Nashville on Main Road. 5:30 A. WAY FREIGHT TRAIN FOR BOWL-ng Green and Memphis Branch. 8:30 P. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN for Nash-5 A. M. THROUGH FEWIGHT TRAIN for Nash-7 A. M. FREIGHT TRAIN FOR LEBANON.

Freight in limited quantities for Bowling Green and Way Stations will be received. Sup't of Transportation f2 dtf Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Reopened.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD. ON & AFTER TO-DAY, MARCH 11, 1863, TRAINS on this Road will leave and arrive as follows:

LEAVE JEFFEESONVILLE: CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI, AND CAIRO EXPRESS leaves Jeffersonville at 7.39 A. M. 2:45 P. M. FAST EXPRESS for Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Ohicaco, and the East. 10:00 F. M. NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Louis, Oincinnati, Chicago, and the East. ARRIVE AT JEFFERSONVILLE: 0:50 P. M. from Cincinnati and St. Louis. 3:00 A. M. from Indianapolis and Cincinnati. 1:40 P. M. from St. Louis, Indianapolis, and Cincin-

nati. Both Trains making connections from the East. A. S. OROTHERS, Superintendent, 

J. E. MOORE - - - - Freight Agent, Louisville, Ky. HEOUGH BILLS OF LADING TO EASTERN OTTIES given at lowest rates via River to Fitte-urg—Mail Line to Oincinnati and via Jeffersonville bailroad. All applications relating to the transportation of reigh: Eastward to be made at the office, No. 142 courts street, up stairs.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILRUAD. THREE BALLY TRAINS TEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE, OPPOSITE LOU-LISVILLE, as follows:

7:30 A. M., Making direct connections as follows: For St. Louis, Cairo, and all points West. For Chicago and all points in the North & Northwest, \$183F Presengers by this train arrive at Chicago 18:15 P. M., being tecleoghours in advance of any other rosts. 2:45 P. M.,

Making direct connections as follows: For Cincinnati. [AT SEYMOUR: For Cincinnati.

For Cleveland, Pituburg, Philadelphia, New York, Beston, Baltimore, Washington City, and all points East and Northeast.

For Chicago, Detreit, and all points in the North and Morthwest. For St. Louis, Cairo, and all points West. 10 P. M.

Making direct connections as follows: For St. Louis, Caire, and all points West.
For Cincinnati and all points East and Northeast and For all Eastern and Northeastern Olties. For Tolede, Detroit, &c.

#95 This route is 60 MILES SHORTER and pas-tengers save 12 HOURS in time over any and all other routes to Chicago and the Northwest. This is the shortest and quickest reute to all Hastern Cities. Passengers should examine their tidkers care-wully to see that they read "JEFF ERSONVILLE BAILBOAD." MC Any information can be obtained or Tickets purchased at the office of the Company SOUTHEAST corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky., or at the R. R. Depot, Jefferzonville.

Fare always as low as by any other Route.

GROCERIES.

R. M. BISHOP & CO., WHOLESALE

Grocers, 36 Main street,

Cincinnati, Ohio. Have constantly on hand one of the most Extensive Stocks of

GROCERIES To be found in the city. Purchasers are invited to call and examine the Stock of this old and long-established firm.

BUSINESS CARDS.

GEO. W. OWEN WHOLESALE GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN All Kinds of Country Produce. Refer to any of the old citizens of Nashville and to D. H. Cowan, of Louisville.

FILL YOUR ALBUMS Cartes de Visite

And scores of others from all parts of the world, in cluding all the "fed" and a great many of the "unied

als.

—Fersons from a distance can by enclosing on to our address by mail receive five pictures o marie dtf WEBSTER'S GALLERY.

T. W. MEAD & BEDD. MANUFAGETREE OF

from Eallings. Bark Vaults. Verandahs. Fire and Burgler Proof Sales. from Jails, &c., lym day Green street, epposite Custom-House, KY.

CARPETS! CARPETS No. 319 Main st., ADJOINING BANK OF LOUISVILLE

HAS AN IMMENSE STOCK OF CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WHITE AND CHECK MATTING hand, which was bought previous to the recent large vance, and which can be sold lower than the san goods can now be purchased in the Eastern markets lome, one—come, all.
The above stock ceraprises some \$60,000 yards of Vel-

et, Brussels, Tepestry Brussels, and Ingrain Carpets Also in store a large and desirable lot of Shades, Las and Nottingham Curtains, Damask and Satin DeLainer in fact everything in the way of Steamboat and Hous Furnishing Goods. BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS.

R.M. INGALLS. COMMISSION MERCHANTS FOR THE THE SALE OF

Boots, Shoes, and Hats, 436 Main st., up stairs, bet. Fourth and Fifth sts., LOUISVILLE, KY. WOULD INVITE THE ATTENTION OF DEAL-vers to his stock of these goods adapted for spring and sunsizer wear, which are offered to the trade at Eastern manufacturers' prices.

HENRY'S

BENEVE AND THE BENEVE WITH THE PROPERTY OF THE THESE MOST POWERFUL AND EFFECTIVE weapons can be bought, BY THE CASE ONLY,

A.B. SEMPLE & SONS Louisville, General Agents for the State of Kentucky, They may be precured at retail of the following par-

JOSEPH GRIFFITH & SON,
Fifth street, near high street, Louisville,
DICKSON & GILMORR,
Third street, near Main street, Louisville,
OHAS, H. BEADFORD,
New Albany, Indiana. WELLS, KELLOGG, & CO., Evansville, Indiana. Duplicate Springs and other parts of the Rifle can be btained from, and all needed repairs made by DIOKSON & GILMORE, Third, near Main street, Louisville, Ky. O. F. WINCHESTER. Pres't N. H. Arms Co.

NOTICE.
ATKINSON, OF LOUISVILLE, KY. WILL
succeed to the business formerly dene by as facity. We recommend him to patrons of former New York, Sept. 24, 1862. HEWITT & CO. New York, Sept. 24, 1802.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A OOM A MISSION HOUSE and has taken the office No. 5 Exchange Place, formerly security of the West, and will make advances on consignment B. ATKINSON.

New York, Sent. 24, 1862.

New York, Sept. 24, 1862. Established in 1760.

PETER LORILARD,

SHIFF & TOBACCO MANUFACTURES 16 & 18 Chambers st., Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York), Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of manufacture, viz: BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy,
Fine Bappee,
Coarse Rappee,
American Gentleman, YELLOW SNUFF. Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Seetch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, Fresh Scotch,
or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE LARGE REDUCTION
IN PRICES OF FINE-CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBAC-

TOBACCO. FINE-CUT CHEWING. ong, P. A. L., or plain, S. Jagg,
No. 1, Cavendish, or Sweet, Spanish,
No. 2, Sweet Scented Gronoco, Caraster,
Nos. 1 & 2 mixed, Tin Foil Cavendish, Turkish,
Granulated. N. B. A circular of prices will be sent on applica

TOBACCO AND CIGARS. A.LIEDER, Commercial Broker in Leaf and Manufactured Tobacoo and Cigars,
134 Water st. (corner of Pine), NEW YORK.
Tobacoo and Cigars carefully selected for exportation. Dealers and Tobacconists will find it to their interest to call or communicate by letter. The besi
brands in any quantity at lower prices than any other
house. js 43m

INOTICE.

It aving bought out me, Jacob Keller's interest in the HDE and Tallow business, we solicit the patronage of the customer's of the old house, and can be found at our Sters-house, it Main street, south side, between First and Second. The business will be conducted under the name and style of HOLT TAYLOB.

Mr. Wm. Maxoy will attend to the receiving of Rides and Tallow, as usual, at the Factors.

HOLT & TAYLOE. COUNTRY BUTCHERS and DRALERS IN HIDES and TALLOW and GREASE will do well to call on us before selling. We will at all times give the highest each market price.

HOLT & TAYLOR, 111 Main st. TANNERS AND DEALERS IN LEATHER will I find it to their interest to call on us when visiting the city.

"and dip HOLT & TAYLOB. 111 Hain st.

HERMETICALLY SEALED GOODS, Put up for Shipment to ANY CLIMATE. Each Can Warranted. FRUITS, VEGETABLES, MRATS, SOUPS, & GAMB, STEAMED-FRESH, SPICED, AND PICKLED

OYSTERS. WING'S FARINA CRACKERS BARTLETT'S LEMON BISCUIT. FIRST CLASS GEOCERS. Mustard, Pressed Hops, Pniverized Herbs, Cocon, Checolate, Tapicca, Sage, Hominy, Samp, &c., In lots to suit Shippers and Dealers. BOGLE & DYER,
apri7 d6m\* S3 Barclay street, New York.

GEREN AND BLACK TEAS—A good assortment of Green and Black Teas in store and for sale by 19 dtf S. E. corner Main and Command 1 OTTER CREEK MILLS

196 XXX Anti-Humbug Family Flour. FOR SALE ONLY by
H. FERGUSON & SON,
iy4 Fifth street, one door north of Marke

D. C. BETTISON'S Photograph Gallery Main street, below Second,

Over Telegraph Office.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR! FOR SALE BY VERHOEFF BBOS, the follow
If ing favorite brands:

500 bbls Grandview (Ind.) Mfils A No.1(sole ag'ts);

500 bbls Grandview (Ind.) Mfils A No.1(sole ag'ts);

500 '' Mt. Vernon '' ''

125 '' Troy '' ''

150 '' Model

200 '' Superfine Flour;

75 '' Fine ''

In store at No. 140 Wall street.

NOW IS TRE TIME TO VISIT THE

MAMMOTH CAVE.

1 ONG ROUTE CAN NOW BE MADE, AND

Echo Eiver and explore this immense subterranean

wonder. Hotel open for the reception of guests. Take

Louisville and Nashville Kairoad—stop at Cave and return,

making close connections with every train.

15 diw'

15 diw'

16 ETIME TO VISIT THE

MAMMOTH CAVE.

1 ONG ROUTE CAN NOW BE MADE, AND

Echo Eiver and explore this immense subterranean

wonder. Hotel open for the reception of guests. Take

Louisville and Nashville Kairoad—stop at Cave and return,

making close connections with every train.

15 diw'

16 diw'

17 CONGROUTE CAN NOW BE MADE, AND

18 Condress of the Cave.

19 Congress of the Cave.

19 Congress of the Cave.

10 ONGROUTE CAN NOW BE MADE, AND

Echo Eiver and explore this immense subterranean

wonder. Hotel open for the reception of guests. Take

Louisville and Nashville Kairoad—stop at Cave and return,

making close connections with every train.

19 diw'

10 ONGROUTE CAN NOW BE MADE, AND

11 Visitors can enjoy a nice sail on Lake Lethe and

Echo Eiver and explore this immense subterranean

wonder. Hotel open for the reception of guests. Take

Louisville and Nashville Kairoad—stop at Cave and return,

making close connections with every train.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DAVID LOONEY. ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR at LAW. WILL ATTEND TO ANY BUSINESS ENTRUST-ed to him in the Courts of Louisville or in the several Bepartments at Washington, D. C. Office at Bell & Murdock's, 214 Main street. Lonisville, May 20, 1863.—d6m

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR

(Successors to Jos. Bors),
DRALERS EN PITTSBURG AND
PEYTONA CANNEL GOAL, And Sole Agents for the POMEROY COAL BDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE (VALS Constantly on hand a large supply of the "PEYTO NA CANNEL" and "PEACOOK POMEROY OF LA which for kitchen, parlor, or chamber use have no se perior. Office No. 304 Third street, between Market and Jessercon, at Robb's old stand; and at No. 303 south west corner Brook and Market streets.

CAMP EQUIPAGE. T AM PEEFARED TO FURNISH REGIMER TO TO Companies with Camp Stoves, Camp Ecties, Plates, Army Cups, Knives and Forks, Spooss, Can-teens, Mess Pans, Cots, Camp Stools, &c., on short ne-tice. P. M. JONES, 032 b123516 Fourth st., near National Rotel.

Officers' Camp Chest. Fig. H. HOST COMPLETE ARTICLE OF THE kind ever invented. Oall and see it. P. M. JONES. ol2 b22&jtf Fourth st., near National Holds. JAMES HARLAN, JB. JOHN M. HABLAN,

HARLAN & HARLAN. Attorneys at Law. FRANKFORT, KY.,
WILL PRACTICE LAW IN THE COURT OF
WAPPosls, in the Federal Courts hold en at Frankfort, Louisville, and Covington, and in the Oircuit
Courts of Frankin, Henry, Owen, Shelby, Woodford,
Mercer, and Anderson. Mercer, and Anderson.

Special attention given to the collection of claims.

They will, in all cases where it is desired, attend to the unsettled law business of James Harlan, deceased.

Correspondence in reference to that business is resulted.

HOLYOKE & ROGERS, General Commission Merchants TOBSACO FACTORS,
169 WATER STREET, NEW YORK,
N.E. MILTON & OO., of Louisville, are our Agenta,
and will make advances on consignments to our ad-N. E. MILTON.

N. E. MILTON & CO., Produce and Provision Brokers COMMISSION MERCHANTS. 323 Main street, between Third and Fourth, jani dom LOUISVILLE, KY.

JOHN H. GRIFFITH, COMMISSION MERCHANT. AND DEALER IN Feed, Produce, Grain, Flour, &c., No. 212 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth. LOUISVILLE, KE;

Consignments solicited. Orders filled. ABNER COOPER. Commission Merchant, BUTTER. CHEESE, and WEST-EEN PRODUCE. No. 314 Main, between Third and Fourth streets." north side, nearly opposite Bank of Louisville. MASH PAID FOR FEATHERS, LARD, WHITE

Orders for any goods in the city promptly filled. JACOB ANTHONY & CO., DEALERS IN

PURE BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY, Foreign and Domestic Liquers And Manufacturers of APPLE, CIDER, & WINE VINEGAR,

No. 133 Fourth st., bet. Main and Water. W. WYATT, UNDERTARER, Improved Metal Burial Cases

Combining beauty, durability, and lightness.

THE ABOVE CASKETS ARE MADE OF CORBUigated Sheet Metal and lined with Guita Percha or
India Bubber so as to be Air and Water Tight.
All orders promptly attended to.

dig 421 India RubberGoods. INDIA RUBBER HOSE,

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING of all kinds. INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING of all kinds. INDIA RUBBER BLANKETS INDIA RUBBER BLANKETS INDIA RUBBER GOODS, all kinds. INDIA RUBBER GOODS, all kinds.

TRADE SUPPLIED
AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES. BART & HICHCOX, Agents for Goodyear's India Rubber Goods, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT! DA DA DA THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF A SPECTACLES, in gold, sliver, and steel frames, at the OPTICAL STAND in the OPTICAL STAND in

L. A. CIVILL'S STORM,

431 South Main street, 5 doors above Fitch st.

Source of the stand a special street and a full line of OPTICAL, MATHEMATICAL, and SURVEYING INSTRUMENTS. Sold wholesale and may 5

CHINA, GLASS, & QUEENSWARE SPUN COTTON AND BACON, COAL OIL AND LAMPS, GREEN APPLES & DRIED FRUITS

TINWARE, &o. W. H. CRUTCHER, Ag't C. COGGESHALL'S BLASTIC ROOFING The Best Material now in use. All persons having TIN, IRON, or METAL ROOFS will find it to their advantage to use Coggeshall's Cement.

STEAMBOAT and BAILBOAD MEN will find it to heir interest to call and examine our CANVAS Jefferson st., between Fourth and Fifth, Notice to the Creditors of F. G. Murphy.

DEBSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST F. G.

MURPHY are hereby notified to file the same befere me by the 20th day of July next.

WILLIAM JOHNSON,
Assignee of F. G. Murphy.

Bardstewn, April 16, 1863—d3m\* U. S. OFFICERS IN WANT OF MIL-

U.S. OFFICERS IN WART OF MAINT Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

the completion and reconstruction of the read, bridge stc. Both these officers are acting under the insume diate direction of the President and Board of Direc-tors. land dtf JAMES GUTHRIE, President. NOBACCO— 80 boxes McNair's No. 1 % ib Manufactured; LUMP TOBACCO—
35 boxes Peerless do do, 4 lb lump;
In store on consignment and for sale by No. 518 Main st., between Third and Fourth, Louisville, May 5 1868.—dtf

RALLY, EENTUCKIANS, RALLY!! THE OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED. I am authorized to raise a Battory of Artillery for twelve months' service, for the defense of the border of Kentacky, to be mustered into he United States service. Young men, come up and volunteer, and provey yourselves worthy of your noble old State—fight the enemy that is in arms for the destruction of your Government, the best Government upon earth, the great monument erected to the memory of Washington, the flustrious champion of their which My headquarters are at Lebanon, and my recruiting office is on Market street, between Second and Third, Louisville. may 23 dtf JNO. W. NEVIL.

M ANUFACTURED TOBACCO—75 boxes Tobacco,
Sanford's brand, just received on consignment and
for sale by
518 Main, between Third and Fourth sts.
Louisville, May 5, 1863—4tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO VISIT THE